

NYPL RESEARCH LIBRARIES



3 3433 08192162 3

IVQ

(KANSAS CITY)

CARE / & SLAVES



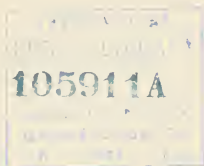
Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2008 with funding from
Microsoft Corporation

Men Who Are Making Kansas City.

A Biographical Directory.

COMPILED BY
GEORGE CREEL AND JOHN SLAVENS,
1902.

HUDSON-KIMBERLY PUBLISHING CO.
KANSAS CITY, MO.



PREFATORY NOTE.

This book was compiled to supply the demand for a standard volume of facts concerning men of prominence in Kansas City. No such book has appeared since Col. Theodore Case issued his "History of Kansas City," twenty years ago. The need of a reliable work of this kind has long been felt, especially by the newspapers, whose only resource in case of an emergency is to a book which contains few of the present generation.

Necessarily the names of many desirous of appearing in the compilation have been omitted because not deemed by the editors of sufficient prominence. The effort has been to include, so far as possible, all those in whom the general public is interested. It was the idea of the compilers to make a book that would be a standard volume to be used by newspapers and libraries.



WASHINGTON ADAMS

was born in Boonville, Missouri, April 16, 1849. It was there he lived until the attainment of his majority, receiving his primary education in the Kemper School for boys. From there he went to the University of Virginia, and taking a special law course, had a degree conferred upon him in 1869.

It was in 1870, the year after receiving his diploma, that Mr. Adams came to Kansas City, and he has ever since been a conspicuous figure in the professional and public life of the town. In 1874 he was elected City Attorney, and his record won him re-election in the following year.

In 1880 Mayor Chase appointed him City Counselor, and Mayor Lee Talbot, Chase's successor, re-appointed him because of his ability and energy.

In 1894 Mr. Adams was tendered the position of County Counselor, and there he made the same good record as in the office of City Counselor, and so the usual re-appointment was given him in 1896.

Since 1898 Mr. Adams has devoted himself entirely to his private practice. He was married June 5, 1877, to Miss Ella Lincoln, daughter of John K. Lincoln, of Plattsburg, and they have one son, John W., now in his sophomore year at Harvard.

*Photo by Strauss.*

ETHELBERT FORRESTER ALLEN

was born in Hartford County, Connecticut, in 1855. He received his early education in Johns Hopkins Grammar School and the Hartford High School, from which he was graduated in 1875.

He first came to Kansas City in 1876, where he remained but a short time, passing on to the Northwestern country, where he afterwards became general inspector of a company that had Government contracts to furnish supplies for four Indian agencies.

In 1880 he came to Kansas City for a permanent residence, engaging in the real estate business, in which he has ever since remained, now being the president of the Allen Investment Company.

In 1889 he married Miss Virginia Riddle, of Nashville, Tenn.

In Masonic circles the name of Mr. Allen is widely known. He entered Masonry in 1884, and has received all the degrees of York and Scottish Masonry including the thirty-third degree. He was grand master of Missouri in 1888-89, and in 1887 organized Ararat Temple A. O. N. M. S. In 1898 he was elected Imperial Potentate for North America. He has served a term as president of the Kansas City Real Estate Exchange, and in 1900 was the Republican nominee for Lieutenant-Governor of Missouri, actuated purely by party loyalty, and made a splendid race.



Photo by Strauss.

HARRY HERRICK ALLEN

was born June 21, 1850, in Sparta, White County, Tennessee. His early education was received in the public schools in Washington, Ky., and in the High School at Chillicothe, and finished with a course in Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ky. In 1871 he engaged in the lumber business in Michigan, where he remained for six years, coming to Missouri in 1877. He secured a position in the Auditor's office of the "Katy" Railroad in Sedalia, and filled a similar position in St. Louis, when the Missouri Pacific absorbed part of the "Katy," and moved the offices to Mound City. Mr. Allen resigned in 1881, however, and started in the lumber business in Sedalia. In 1889 he came to Kansas City and engaged in the loan and real estate business.

He is at present Secretary of the Convention Bureau, and Secretary of the Carnival Krewe, and is a prominent figure in every public enterprise. In 1896-97 Mr. Allen served as Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, was for ten years Quartermaster of the Missouri Brigade, and this is his eighth year as Supreme Representative.

He is also a Knight Templar, a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, and for six years has been Recorder of Ararat Temple, Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Allen married Miss Dollie Evans in Sedalia December 16, 1880, and they have two sons, Edwin and Harry Jr.



Photo by Strauss.

HARRY T. ABERNATHY

was born in Leavenworth, Kansas, May 23, 1865, the son of J. L. Abernathy, the pioneer furniture manufacturer of the West. He went to the public and high schools of Leavenworth, and then entered Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y., from which institution he was graduated in 1887.

He came at once to Kansas City, the Abernathy Furniture Company having been removed to this town in that year, and became cashier of the company. He held the position for eight years, and in 1895 was given the place of assistant cashier of the First National Bank. In 1899 he was made cashier, the position he still holds.

Mr. Abernathy is a member of the Commercial Club, the Missouri Bankers' Association, the Knife and Fork Club, and is a Mason. For two years he has been treasurer of the Provident Association, an unremunerated position, to which he has cheerfully given time and thought. He has also been treasurer of Park College for four years.

He was married in 1890 to Miss Stevenson, of Leavenworth, and they have there children, two boys and a girl.

*Photo by Strauss.***HAVELOCK H. ANDERSON**

was born in Hanover County, Virginia, March 14, 1858. His boyhood days were spent on a farm, and his education received at a private school on the Anderson plantation. After attaining manhood, he entered the mercantile business in Norfolk, and later went into the real estate and insurance business in Charlottesville. In 1887 he came to Kansas City, and soon became identified with the old Merchants' Exchange, holding the position of chief clerk to Ryerson Richie, its founder. His next position was that of traveling salesman for Peet Bros., and from there he went to the Barber Asphalt Company. He remained with the paving people until 1897, and then accepted the office of Jury Commissioner, filling it in a manner to give nothing but satisfaction.

For some time interested with the Kansas City Transfer Company, in 1900 Captain Anderson decided to give all his time to it. He is now secretary and manager of that large concern, and has done much to increase its operations.

Captain Anderson married Miss Phæbe Brent, of Lexington, Ky., in 1891, and they have one boy four years old. A member of the Commercial Club, few men have given more time to public movements than Captain Anderson.

*Photo by Strauss.***WILLIAM WARDER AVERY**

was born in Clinton, Missouri, May 28, 1873. His father was one of the early Missouri pioneers, having been born and reared in Henry County.

The subject of this sketch attended the public and high schools in Clinton, and then spent three years at William Jewell College in Liberty. After leaving college, he accepted employment with the Burlington Railroad in Kansas City, entering the office as clerk, and rising to the position of assistant ticket agent.

With the launching of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf Railroad, Mr. Avery went into its service as ticket agent and chief clerk, and was afterwards made assistant general passenger agent. When the road became the Kansas City Southern, Mr. Avery was made general passenger agent at Texarkana, but resigned the position to return to Kansas City as chief clerk of the general passenger agent, the position he now holds with the Kansas City Southern.

Mr. Avery is a member of the Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity, and also belongs to the Railway Club of Kansas City. He was married December 25, 1899, to Miss Margaret Kelly. They have one son, Frank.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM WHITING ATWILL

was born in Burlington, Vermont, September 6, 1871. He lived in that town until ten years of age, when his parents moved to Toledo, Ohio. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Burlington, and he entered the public schools at Toledo soon after arriving there. At the conclusion of his public schooling, Mr. Atwill went to the De Veaux Military Academy at Niagara Falls, N. Y., where he took a classical course. He graduated from this institution in 1891. His father, Bishop E. R. Atwill, had been elected Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church for this diocese while he was in the senior class at the De Veaux Academy, and after his graduation from there he came to Kansas City to live. Soon after taking up residence here, he found employment with the Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Gulf Railroad in the general offices here, and remained with the railroad for a number of years. In January, 1896, he left his place there and went with the Emery, Bird, Thayer Dry Goods Company, where he has been ever since. He had marked ability to write, and from the offices of that company he rose to be the advertising manager of the concern, a position he now holds. While at school, Mr. Atwill became a member of the Sigma Psi Fraternity. He was married October 29, 1898, to Miss Ellen Talbot, of this city.



HENRY D. ASHLEY

was born September 19, 1856, in Syracuse, N. Y. His parents soon removed to Milwaukee, Wis., and there Mr. Ashley gathered his earlier education. After some years in the public schools of Milwaukee, Mr. Ashley took up a course of study at Racine College. After being graduated from there, he crossed over to England, and enrolled as a student in King's College, Somerset House, London. When he had passed through the courses selected at King's College, Mr. Ashley returned to this country and taught school for a year in Racine. He then went to Milwaukee and entered the offices of Chief Justice Dixon, studying law and gaining insight into the practical working of the law. He came to Kansas City in 1880, and was admitted to the bar during the following year. His position at the local bar is one of the highest among the practitioners, with whom he has practiced law now for twenty years. As an evidence of this, might be pointed out that he has served a term as President of the Kansas City Bar Association, an honor conferred only upon those of spotless reputations and of absolute business integrity.

Mr. Ashley was married to Miss Caroline Schuyler Mann, of Watkins, N. Y., August 1, 1896. Mr. and Mrs. Ashley have two children, Schuyler and Anne.



Photo by Cornish.

CARL BUSCH

was born in Jutland, Denmark, March, 29, 1862. At an early age he showed great musical talent, so that along with his regular education he was given musical instruction. After studying under private teachers, he entered the University of Copenhagen, where he remained for three years under the tutelage of masters like Niels Gade, Tofte, and Hartman. He played in the Philharmonic Orchestra under Johann Svendsen, and in the Music Verein under Gade's baton. It was after this that he won a scholarship in the Brussels Conservatory, and so greatly was his art broadened there that he journeyed to Paris, and played under the direction of the great Gounod and Godard. From Paris he returned to Denmark; but in 1887 he came to America, locating finally in Kansas City. In this country he has attained favor as an orchestral composer and writer of songs. His compositions have been played at the Music Teachers' National Association concerts in Berlin, Hamburg, Leipzig, Dresden, and Weimar. Among his best known works are "The Lady of Shalott," "King Olaf's War Horns," "The League of the Alps," and an opera, "The Grey Nun." He is director of the Oratorio Society and of the Philharmonic Orchestra, and has done much to cultivate and elevate local musical taste.



WILLIAM BAILEY CLARKE BROWN

was born in Sibley, Missouri, in 1861. His father, Dr. James T. Brown, came out to Missouri from Virginia in 1837, and played a prominent part in the development of the State. The subject of this sketch was reared in Independence, and received his early education in the public schools. From there he entered Westminster College, from which he was graduated in 1883 with the degree of A.B. He then took a three years' course in the Harvard Law School, and, returning to Missouri in 1888, located in Kansas City, and commenced the practice of law with Judge J. K. Cravens.

Mr. Brown has played a prominent part in Republican politics, and carried his party's standard in the Congressional campaign of 1890, failing, however, to overcome the large Democratic majority in Jackson and Lafayette Counties.

He was married in 1888 to Miss Anna Jones, of Seward, Neb., and they have two children, Mercedes and Irene, born respectively in 1890 and 1892.

At present, and for some time past, Mr. Brown has been practicing law by himself. He belongs to the Bar Association, and is prominent in other public organizations.



WILLIAM P. BORLAND,

Dean of the Kansas City School of Law, was born in Leavenworth, Kansas, October 14, 1867. He lived there until 1880, when he came to Kansas City. After graduating from the High School, Mr. Borland entered the law office of Pratt, McCrary & Ferry. Then he entered the law department of the University of Michigan, from which he was graduated in 1892 with the degree of L.L.B.

Mr. Borland was one of the founders of the Kansas City School of Law in 1895. He was elected Dean in that year, and has been re-elected every year since then.

For one term Mr. Borland was vice-president of the Kansas City Bar Association and a member of its examining board. He was a charter member of the University Club.

The lectures of Mr. Borland before the classes of the Kansas City School of Law on contracts, wills, and Blackstone's Commentaries have made for him a reputation as an expounder of the intricate problems of the law.

For a while Mr. Borland was in partnership with Chas. E. Pratt, but since 1896 he has practiced alone. His duties as Dean of the School of Law are not allowed to interfere with his practice.

*Photo by Strauss.*

KELLY BRENT

was born in Paris, Bourbon County, Kentucky, March 8, 1859. His early education was supplemented by a course at Center College, Danville, Ky., from where he graduated in 1878, and then he entered the Cincinnati Law School, taking his degree in 1880. He began the practice of law in Paris, and in 1882 was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Bourbon County by the Democrats. In 1886 he resigned the office and removed to Kansas City, where he went in to the real estate business under the firm name of Baird, Brent & Co., representing a very large Eastern clientage composed of Charles Francis Adams and others. For this syndicate Mr. Brent promoted and developed the town of Armourdale, the largest deal ever projected in this vicinity. In 1890 he was chosen cashier of the Dollar Savings Bank. In 1895 the directors concluded to liquidate the bank, owing to the fact that five other saving banks had failed in the panic of 1893, and it seemed impossible to restore confidence in such concerns. The depositors were paid in full, and the assets turned over to Mr. Brent for the benefit of the stockholders. He again engaged in the real estate business, and has fully re-established himself. A strong Democrat, Mr. Brent has served on the County Committee, and has given freely of his time for the good of the party. He is president of the local Alumni Chapter of B. O. P., but belongs to no other societies. He is married, and has a large family.

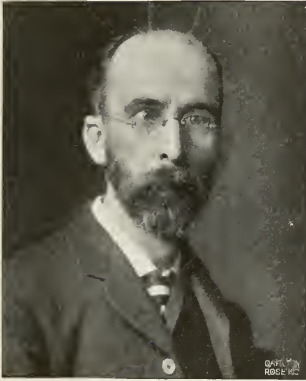


Photo by Strauss.

FRANCOIS BOUCHER

was born in Montreal, Canada, June 4, 1861. His family is of French descent. He spent his boyhood in Montreal, and received his education at the city's public and high schools. He was always passionately devoted to music, and in 1876 went to the Royal Conservatory, Liege, Belgium, where he remained two years studying music and harmonics.

After that time he returned to Canada, and studied with Jehan Prume. He was head violin teacher at the Toronto Conservatory of Music for three years, leaving that place to tour with Carreno and Albani. Mr. Boucher was identified with many of the musical ventures held in the capitals of the various Provinces of Canada, in which his training and experience were given full play. He was conductor of the great Ottawa Musical Festival given under the patronage of the Marquis of Lorne and Lady Lansdowne, and in a number of other affairs of national significance.

His local residence dates from 1892, since which time he has devoted himself to teaching the violin. He is the author of several instrumental compositions that have won high praise from musicians. Mr. Boucher was married in 1883 in Ottawa. His wife was Miss Noel De Tilly. They have two children, both daughters.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM H. BLOOD

was born at Victor, New York, May 17, 1864. He lived in Victor until early manhood. His education was secured at the public schools of the town with an aftercourse at Canandaigua Academy. He came to this town direct from Victor in 1884. His earlier life was spent in the employ of various mercantile firms, his career in the hotel business having begun but twelve years ago. He drifted into it from his place as collector on Santa Fé trains to the employ of Fred Harvey, who controls eating-houses along that railroad. Mr. Blood's first venture in a responsible place in the hotel business was as the manager of the Hotel Brunswick in this city. Then a series of local hotels were placed in his care; the Henrietta, the Auditorium, the Richelieu, all having been managed by him for varying intervals. Then for a year each he was given charge of the Sweet Springs Hotel, at Sweet Springs, Mo., and of the Crescent Hotel, the Frisco system's magnificent hostelry at Eureka Springs, Ark. After that he managed the Elms at Excelsior Springs, Mo., for two years, returning at the expiration of that time to this city to become the steward of the Midland Hotel. He remained there two years, too, and then took charge of the Washington, the place he now holds. Mr. Blood was married in 1891 to Miss Constantia A. Clark, of this city. They have but one child, a girl, Kathleen C. C. Blood, who is nine years of age.



LOUIS C. BOYLE

was born February 26, 1866, at Port Colborn, Canada, and is of Irish descent. He spent his childhood in the town of his birth, his family removing, when he was eight years of age, to Watford, Canada. He acquired the rudiments of an education there, and left home when fifteen years of age, going to Colorado to work in the mines. He saved his money and studied at night with a determination of taking an academic course at Ann Arbor. Before he had completed the course he found that the sum he had saved was insufficient to take him through the academic course, so changed to law and graduated from the school in 1889, being afterwards admitted to the bar in Michigan. Mr. Boyle went to Kansas and settled at Ft. Scott. He was always a Democrat, and the members of his party elected him Prosecuting Attorney of Bourbon County, an office he held for four years. After his terms in this office he returned to general practice in Ft. Scott, but was afterwards the nominee of his party for Attorney-General of Kansas in 1896. He was elected, and at the conclusion of his term in 1899 came to this city, where he has resided since. Mr. Boyle is a member of many fraternal and social orders, among them the Elks, Masons, K. of P., and is a Scottish Rite Mason and Shriner. He married Miss Gertrude Burson, of Garnett, Kas., in 1890. They have three children, George, Katherine, and Clara Louise.

*Photo by Strauss.*

CHARLES CLINTON BYERS

was born in Hagerstown, Maryland, July 7, 1843. He went to school there in the place of his birth, but at the outbreak of the civil war joined the Seventh Maryland, and was made first sergeant of Company A.

He fought through the war, and was there to witness the surrender of Lee at Appomattox. He went back to Hagerstown for a while, but soon went out to Santa Fé, N. M., where he engaged in mercantile pursuits.

He came to Kansas City in 1871, and accepted a position with Tootle, Hanna & Leach, and remained in the wholesale dry goods business until 1890. In 1895 he was appointed a Deputy Circuit Clerk, and upon the resignation of S. H. Ragland in 1900, was appointed Clerk of Division 3.

He married Miss Lucy Stonestreet in 1874 at Kansas City, and is the father of one child, C. C., Jr.

While in New Mexico, Mr. Byers organized the first Grand Army Post in that State, and was elected Senior Vice-Commander.

He has ever been a consistent Democrat, and has contributed materially to his party's success by his enthusiasm and energy.



Photo by Thomson.

FRED S. BULLENE

was born in Kansas City August 23, 1864, the son of the late T. B. Bullene, one of Kansas City's early Mayors, and a pioneer merchant, who did as much as any one man to make this town what it is to-day.

The subject of this sketch went to the local schools, and later entered Phillips' Academy at Andover, Mass., where he prepared for Yale. He was graduated from Yale in 1885, and at once returned to Kansas City. His first position was with the National Bank of Kansas City, and, commencing in a rather humble capacity, he was made receiving teller after three years. He was with the bank for seven years, all told, and then Mr. Bullene, tired of commercial life, entered the newspaper field, for which he had always held a fondness.

His first position was on the repertorial staff of the *Times*, where he remained for two years. He then went over to the *Journal*, where he stayed for one year, and then he accepted a position with the *Star* in 1897, and has remained with that paper ever since.

He was nominated by the Republicans for County Clerk in 1902, and, while defeated by the Democratic landslide, ran ahead of his ticket.



Photo by Strauss.

JOSEPH B. BRACKEN

was born in Johnstown, Pa., in 1863—before the flood. When he was eleven years old his parents removed to Oil City, Pa., where the youthful Joseph acquired the oleaginous manner which has contributed so largely to his success in life. He was educated at St. Francis' College, Loretto, and had as a schoolmate Charles M. Schwab, the steel king. When seventeen years old, Mr. Bracken came West, and worked for three years in Texas as a telegraph operator. He came to Kansas City in 1883, and started in the grain business eight years ago.

He has been local manager for Baldwin & Gurney, then for Schwartz & Dupree, and is now local manager for Ware & Leland, three of the largest private wire commission firms in the country. The first two firms quit business because the members wished to retire on their incomes.

Mr. Bracken is a member of the Board of Trade, and is a writer for local and St. Louis papers on crop topics, and is considered an authority on crop conditions. He married Miss Olive Gilmore, and is the father of two children, Walter and Pauline.

Mr. Bracken is a prominent member of the Marquette Club, the Knights of Columbus, and several other social organizations, and has always identified himself with public movements.



Photo by Thomson.

JOHN A. BROWN

was born in Janesville, Wisconsin, September 18, 1858. His boyhood days were spent in Green Bay, Wis., however, where he attended the public schools. Mr. Brown commenced to earn his own living at the age of fifteen, securing a position as telegraph operator with the Wisconsin Central Railroad. He was transferred to a more important post in Chicago when eighteen, and remained there until twenty-one, when he removed to Nebraska, and engaged in the grain business.

After four years of Nebraska life, Mr. Brown accepted a position with the Rock Island Railroad at Davenport, Ia., and when he resigned after eight years of service, was chief clerk to the general superintendent. In 1891 he went into the employ of the Equitable Life Insurance Company at St. Louis, and in 1893 came to Kansas City as manager for the local office, the position he now holds.

From his advent, Mr. Brown has helped to "make Kansas City a good place to live in." As a member of the Commercial Club, he has served continuously on important committees, and he is now serving his fourth term as a director of Convention Hall. He is a member of the Kansas City Club, the Driving Club, the Country Club, and the local lodge of Elks, and also belongs to the New York Athletic Club.



Photo by Thomson.

CHARLES MARSHALL BALDWIN

was born in Winchester, Frederick County, Virginia, February 15, 1867, the son of Dr. Cornelius Baldwin, who served throughout the Civil War as a surgeon on the staff of "Stonewall" Jackson.

His education was received at the Shenandoah Valley Academy in Winchester, and after completing his course there he came to Kansas City in 1885. His first position was with the Robert Keith Furniture Company, and he has been with that firm ever since. Beginning at the very bottom of the ladder, he worked his way up, and is now vice-president of the company.

Mr. Baldwin has always been active and enthusiastic in public and political matters. He is high in the councils of the Democratic party, but has always refused office. In 1901 he was elected a member of the Board of Directors of Convention Hall, and in 1902 was re-elected. He is a member of the Commercial Club, and also belongs to the Kansas City Club.

Mr. Baldwin was married in 1895 to Miss Lady Belle Hammett, and they have two children, Cornelius Hammett and Fanny Belle.



HUGH CHARLES BRADY

was born February 19, 1870, in Kansas City, Missouri, and while he has wandered far and wide, has always made this town his home. He learned the trade of compositor when only twelve, and by its aid managed to secure himself an education. He attended the public schools, and also took a course in St. Francis Institute, Osage Mission, Kas.

His work as a compositor took him all over the country, but in 1885 he returned to Kansas City for a permanent residence. He worked at his trade here until 1894, when he entered the law office of Frank P. Walsh, and there he completed the studies begun a year before. In 1896 he was admitted to the bar, and has always been more or less connected with Mr. Walsh's office ever since. He was appointed Assistant Prosecuting Attorney in 1897, and served with honor and credit for two years.

In the spring of 1902 Mr. Brady was nominated by the Democrats for Police Judge, and led his ticket by a large majority. Mr. Brady is an honorary member of the local Typographical Union, and has always been a staunch advocate of organized labor. He was married in 1898.

*Photo by Cornish.*

JAMES E. BRADY

is a splendid type of Kansas Cityan. He was born in this town, received his education in its schools, and all his interests are centered here.

After leaving school in 1890, he entered into the Brady-Meriden Creamery Company, controlled by his father, and is now president of the concern, which, by his efforts and ability, is now the largest in the West.

In passing, it may be remarked that the Brady-Meriden butter took forty-six premiums on forty-six entries at the Pan-American Exposition, winning over several thousand competitors.

Mr. Brady has been a director in the Kansas City Produce Exchange and is now its president, the youngest and most progressive in the history of the organization.

He is also vice-president of the State Dairy Association, and a member of many local organizations.



Photo by Cornish.

THOMAS J. BEATTIE

was born in Cass County, Missouri, July 27, 1863. He spent his boyhood in the little town, and received his early education in the public schools. He then entered the University of Missouri, where he took the classical course, and in 1881 came to Kansas City, where he has lived ever since.

Deciding upon the study of medicine, Dr. Beattie entered the Kansas City Medical College, and was graduated in 1881. He then took a course in the University of New York city, from where he was graduated in 1885. Returning to Kansas City, Dr. Beattie commenced the practice of medicine. His hobby is pelvic surgery, and he holds the professorship on the diseases of women in the Kansas City Medical College. While he has not absolutely specialized along these lines, he has taken post-graduate courses in the East.

Dr. Beattie is a member of the Academy of Medicine, the Jackson County Medical Society, the Missouri State Medical Association, and the American Medical Association. He was one of the early members of the University Club, belongs to the Driving Club, and is a thirty-second degree Mason, Scottish Rite. He married Miss Clara Chouteau in 1889, a member of the old St. Louis family.



Photo by Thomson.

JOHN BEHR

was born in Boston, Mass., December 22, 1855. His was always of a musical temperament, and at an early age he manifested a devoted love for harmony. At the age of twelve years he began seriously to study music under the direction of Henry Heindl, and progressed rapidly. Later he studied with Bernhard Listeman. His first professional appearance was as a member of Gilmore's Band. When fourteen years old he took part in the great World's Peace Jubilee in Boston, and was the youngest by many years of the thousand musicians composing the organizations appearing in the programs. He was a prominent figure in Boston musical circles, his membership in the Harvard Symphony Orchestra and his efforts in helping organize the Boston Symphony Orchestra, in which he also held membership, placing him in touch with those in sympathy with the plan of bettering Boston's musical standards. Mr. Behr came to Kansas City in 1885, and first gained local prominence by conducting the festival held in the Exposition building, in which the five hundred voices under his direction were assisted by Gilmore's Band. He has labored consistently since living here to develop the local musical standards, and has accomplished much with the Kansas City Symphony Orchestra, of which he is director. He is also director of the Willis Wood Theatre orchestra, numbered as the best of the local theater orchestras. His wife was formerly Miss Ella Backus.



Photo by Strauss.

RUDOLPH A. BRUNS

was born in Chicago, Ill., June 29, 1858. He remained in Chicago until his eighteenth year, and acquired an education in the public schools of that city. Later he took a course in the Bryant & Stratton Business College, from which institution he graduated. His first employment was as a commercial traveler for a billiard supply company, at which he remained for several years, after which he returned to Chicago, where he took charge of the braid and trimmings department for Field, Leiter & Company. After a year with the dry goods firm he went into the ivory-turning business with F. W. Voje, giving it up in 1880 to travel for the Brunswick-Balke Company, the manufacturers of billiard and pool supplies. He remained with that firm for three years, and then went into business for himself in Fon du Lac, Wis., as the proprietor of a billiard-room. After six months in Fon du Lac, he removed the business to Janesville, Wis., where he ran a billiard-room for four years. Mr. Bruns came to Kansas City April 1, 1887, and went immediately into business with his brother, Oscar R. Bruns, the two having been together since, and have conducted billiard-rooms at various places in the city. Mr. Bruns is affiliated with the Masons and holds a membership in the North American Union, and was a charter member of the local Billiard-Room Keepers' Association. He was married in Chicago to Miss Frankie A. Christie in June, 1881.



Photo by Strauss.

OSCAR R. BRUNS

was born in Chicago, Ill., April 26, 1864. While very young his family removed to Lowden, Ia., and there Mr. Bruns attended the public schools. After leaving school he ran a hotel for some years, and then went back to Chicago, where he and an elder brother established a retail hat business. He sold his interests there to his brother in 1887, and came to Kansas City with another brother, Rudolph A. Bruns, with whom, under the firm title of Bruns Bros., he has been associated in the billiard-room business here since. They first engaged in business at 528 Delaware Street, having bought out Chapin & Gore's billiard-rooms, and remained at that point for two and one-half years. The business was removed to 607 Main Street, where it was conducted for three years and then to 700 Main Street. In connection with the Main Street place, Bruns Bros. opened the Royal Billiard Parlors at 108 West Ninth Street. The business at 700 Main Street was removed to 1114 Walnut Street, where it still is. The West Ninth Street place was given up and a new place, the Royal, was started at Eighth Street and Grand Avenue, and is said to be the finest billiard-rooms in the West. In connection with the billiard-rooms there are seven bowling alleys, an odd feature of which is the special appointments for women. Mr. Bruns belongs to the Masons and Knights of Pythias. He was married in Lowden, Ia., January 10, 1882, to Miss Anne R. Hottendorf. They have two children, Stella H. and Walter O.



Photo by Strauss.

WILBUR L. BELL

was born October 28, 1858, in the State of Indiana. He received his early education in the public schools, and later attended Central College in Danville, Indiana, where he took a classical course.

It was in 1890 that Mr. Bell came to Kansas City. For some years prior to locating here he had been traveling for the American Book Company, the largest institution of its kind in the world. He learned the business thoroughly, settling in Kansas City, started the firm W. L. Bell & Co., school furniture and supplies.

From a comparatively small beginning, the company now controls the business in several surrounding States and Territories, and has done much to increase the commercial importance of Kansas City.

While he has devoted the majority of his time to his business, Mr. Bell has been interested in several outside ventures. He was president of the Flint Advertising Company for several years, and is now financial backer of the Gertrude Berkley Players. He is a member of the Commercial Club, and a helper in all movements.

He married Miss Agnes Taylor, of Connersville, Ind.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM EDGAR BENSON,

secretary of the Board of Education, was born in Chicago June 27, 1851, and came to Kansas City with his parents in 1869. The following year he was a general delivery clerk in the post office, a position which ill health forced him to relinquish.

After some time in Colorado, Mr. Benson returned to Kansas City, and was in the insurance and real estate business with his father and brother until 1877, when he was appointed City Clerk by Mayor Slavens. Not only the term under Mayor Slavens, but two terms under Mayor Shelley were served by Mr. Benson, and with such efficiency and capacity for the public business that Mayor Shelley secured an endorsement signed by fourteen ex-Mayors demanding Mr. Benson's retention in office. This endorsement was all the more extraordinary from the fact that it was non-partisan, Mayor Shelley being a Democrat and Mr. Benson a Republican. The Mayors also, were of both political parties.

The city's first were originated by Mr. Benson, including all ordinances and proceedings from 1857.

But it was as secretary of the Board of Education that Mr. Benson has chiefly distinguished himself, the system originated by him having been widely copied in other cities, and having made him known to educators and educational boards everywhere. By his system any action of the board or document filed can be instantly referred to.

Mr. Benson was married in Colorado in 1875 to Miss Sallie Stephens. They have two sons.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM BINGHAM CLARKE

was born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 15, 1848. He was educated in the public and private schools, and then studied law but after gaining admission to the bar decided upon banking. After an apprenticeship in the Cleveland banks, he started one of his own in Abilene, Kas., and when the boom died there organized the First National Bank in Junction City, Kas., also the Kansas Bond Bureau. In 1886 he came to Kansas City as president of the Merchants' National Bank. In 1881 he bought heavily of Missouri & Kansas Telephone stock, and became president. In 1888 he organized the United States Trust Company, of which he is still president. Among his other interests are salt manufacturing in Salt Lake City, mining in Colorado, and railroad building. Mr. Clarke has twice served as president of the Kansas City Club, once as president of the Country Club, was third, second, and first vice-president of the Commercial Club and in 1891 its president, although compelled to decline the honor because of business duties. He is prominent in Episcopal Church circles, and is treasurer of the diocese of Western Missouri; belongs to the Sons of the Revolution; is a thirty-second degree Mason, and in 1896 was head of the local Sound Money League, which played so large a part in that campaign.

Mr. Clarke married Miss Kate E. Rockwell in Junction City in 1876, and they have two sons, William Rockwell Clarke, Yale, 1900; and Bertrand Rockwell Clarke, Williams, 1904.



EDWIN RUTHVEN CRUTCHER,

one of the leading real estate men of Kansas City, was born August 29, 1853, near Nashville, Tenn., of a family that moved from Wales to Virginia in 1675. Mr. Crutcher lived in Louisville, Ky., during his childhood, and attended the public schools there. He took a course in civil engineering, and when only seventeen was one of the official engineers of Louisville. After several years in the corn, milling, and grain business, Mr. Crutcher moved in 1887 to Kansas City, but had been here but a few days when he became cashier of the Bank of Columbus at Columbus, Kas.; then he became manager of the New York office of the Jarvis-Conklin Mortgage Trust Company; then cashier of the Chattanooga Savings Bank; and in 1891 back to Kansas City, where he has since remained. He and James B. Welsh organized the real estate firm of Crutcher & Welsh, the best known firm of its kind in the city.

Mr. Crutcher was married in 1875 to Miss Laura Loving, daughter of Judge Wm. V. Loving, of Kentucky. They have three children.



EDWARD MCKAIG CLENDENING,

the secretary of the Kansas City Commercial Club, may safely be alluded to as a most widely known and popular man in Kansas City, possessing the maximum of friends and the minimum of enemies. Mr. Clendening was born in the little town of Frankfort Springs, Va., in 1852. His father was a physician, and soon removed to New Philadelphia, O.

After the death of Dr. Clendening the family returned to Virginia, taking up their residence in Wheeling, where the young Edward went through the public schools and took an academic course.

He came to Kansas City in 1882, and until his election as secretary of the Commercial Club in 1892, was in the mercantile business.

He has been steadily re-elected, and it is not too much to say that the present power and prosperity of the Commercial Club is largely due to Mr. Clendening. He is a fountain of originality and the soul of energy.

In 1878 he was married to Miss Lide Logan in Wheeling. The union has been blessed with one son, Logan, born in Kansas City in 1884.



GEORGE R. COLLINS

was born in Troy, New York. On the paternal side he is descended from six of the original Puritans, and the genealogical record on both sides traces back to the foundations of England and Holland. The paternal ancestor who came to America was Lieutenant Benjamin Collins, who located in Salisbury, Mass., in 1628, and from whom George R. is a descendant in the ninth generation. The other five original Puritans whose descendants married into the Collins family were the first Hugh Mosher, the first Samuel Hubbard, the first John Greenman, the first Joseph Clark, and the first Richard Maxon.

George R. Collins was educated in the public schools of Troy, and was graduated from the Troy Military Academy. After a business career in the East, he came to Kansas City in 1887. He was book-keeper and afterwards credit man for the old firm of G. Y. Smith, and later cashier of the Westport Bank, and then the German Savings Bank of this city. In 1892 he formed a partnership in the financial and fire insurance business, and in 1895 assumed the management of the National Benevolent Society.

He was married July 2, 1900, to Miss Blanche Hastings.



Photo by Strauss.

GEORGE LEE CHRISMAN

was born in Independence, Missouri, in 1851. His father, William Chrisman, was one of this county's pioneers, and was firmly established as a commercial factor in the community at the time of the young Chrisman's birth. The boy was sent to the public schools of Independence, and after passing through the allotted courses of these schools went to William Jewell College at Liberty, Mo., to the Kemper Military Academy at Booneville, Mo., and later to Forest Hill Academy in Jefferson County, Kentucky. After graduating from the latter institution, Mr. Chrisman returned to Independence, where he entered his father's office to begin the study of law. Failing health caused him to give up the study, however, and he went into the Chrisman-Sawyer Bank, which his father had organized, in a clerical position. This, too, was too confining for him, and he settled on a farm near Lee's Summit, Mo. In 1896 he was elected Judge of the Eastern District of Jackson County, and at the conclusion of his first term was nominated and elected Presiding Judge of the County Court by the Democratic party. This place he filled with distinction, and was again placed in nomination in 1902, and elected. While all of his life has been passed in the communities suburban to this city, his business interests have not been confined to his places of residence, and he has been an important factor in the commercial life of this city. The most important of these was his connection with the *Kansas City Times* as president and majority stock-holder at the time of its absorption by the *Star* in 1902.



Photo by Strauss.

STUART CARKENER

was born December 13, 1837, at Tecumseh, Mich., and was graduated from the Ann Arbor Law School in 1860. In the same year he located in Montgomery County, Missouri, and the following year was admitted to the bar. He entered the army in 1862 and served until August 10, 1865, as Captain of Company G, Thirty-third Missouri Infantry Volunteers. He resumed the practice of law at Danville, Mo., in 1865, where he remained until 1877, moving thence to Louisiana, Mo., and in 1887 coming to Kansas City.

In 1868 he was Circuit Attorney of the Third Judicial Circuit of Missouri, and in 1880 was a delegate to the National Republican Convention at Chicago. In 1882 he was Chief Deputy Internal Revenue Collector of the Fourth District of Missouri. He was nominated for Congress. From 1888 to 1898 he was president of the Mercantile National Bank of Louisiana, Mo. He was married November 14, 1866, to Mary Ellen Drury at Danville, Mo. They have five children.



Photo by Strauss.

A. L. CHAPMAN

was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, June 4, 1825. His father, a large land-owner and wool-grower, was a pioneer Pennsylvanian, tracing his descent from the Chapmans and Loudons of Ireland, while his mother was a daughter of the immortal Thomas Campbell, and a sister of Alexander Campbell, founder of the Christian Church.

The subject of this sketch received his early education in a select school at home, but in 1844 entered Bethany College, graduating in 1849, having spent a year in the study of Hebrew in addition to the regular classical course. He then made a tour of the Southern States, and in 1851 was made president of the Rockford Masonic College in Alabama, where he remained two years, resigning in 1853 to enter a medical school in Charleston, S. C. Returning home, in company with his brother, Campbell Chapman, also a physician, he came to Missouri, locating in St. Louis, where he completed his medical studies. He practiced for ten years in Clay County, and in 1868 he removed to Kansas City, where he has ever since been. In 1882 he retired from active practice, and commenced the publication of the *New Medical Era and Sanitarian*. His vigorous pen made it famous the world over, but ill health compelled its cessation. Dr. Chapman then journeyed to Europe, and put himself under the care of the late Rudolph Virchow.

Dr. Chapman was married to Miss Frances Mosby while practicing in Clay County and they have reared a family of four boys.



ARTHUR CHAPMAN

was born in Clay County, Missouri, December 30, 1863. His parents removed to Kansas City in 1866, at that time little more than a village. Mr. Chapman went to the public schools and finished at the Central High School. In the evenings he carried papers—the first published in Kansas City—and after he was graduated entered the employ of the telephone company as a “hello girl.”

After that he went into the employ of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railroad, and it was not long before he was holding the position of chief clerk in the paymaster's office of the Southern Kansas Railroad.

Quitting the railroad business, Mr. Chapman was appointed Deputy Recorder of Deeds, and served a term as Secretary of the Board of Health. He also worked for a while in the City Engineer's office.

In 1899 he entered the mercantile business, in which he is now engaged. Mr. Chapman has always been a Democrat, and receiving the Democratic nomination for Representative from the Seventh District in 1902, was elected by a large majority. He married Miss Jessie Wallace in 1886, and has four children, Wallace, Josephine, Ella, and Clifford.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN M. CLEARY

was born on a farm near Odell, Illinois, August 21, 1869. He was reared on a farm, and received his early education in the district schools, and in the Odell High School. He later attended the Illinois State Normal School at Dixon, and then took a literary course at St. Victor College in Kankakee, Illinois.

Deciding upon law as a profession, Mr. Cleary entered the famous law school at Bloomington, and took his degree in 1893. After a year of practice in Bloomington, he came out to Kansas City in 1894, and has ever since been an interesting figure in the public and professional life of the town.

A strong Democrat, he quickly allied himself with the local organization, and in 1898 was elected a representative to the General Assembly. He made a good record at Jefferson City, and could have been re-elected had he chosen to make a race. Instead he resumed the practice of law, and has risen rapidly in his profession.

Mr. Cleary is a member of the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity, and he also belongs to the Marquette Club and the Order of Elks. He married Miss Mollie O'Rourke, June 30, 1902.



Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES S. CURRY

was born November 1, 1864, in Jefferson City, Missouri, the son of Dr. W. A. Curry, who came out to Missouri from Virginia in 1837, and did much to upbuild Jefferson City and develop Cole County.

The subject of this sketch went to the public schools, and then learned the printer's trade, but after a time went down into Texas, where he remained in the cattle business for three years.

His next business venture was with a hotel in Caldwell, Kas., but in 1885 he came to Kansas City, where he has since remained. In 1887 the real estate firm of Curry & Truitt was formed, and continued until 1894, when Mr. Curry was appointed City Clerk by Mayor Davis. He also served in this position through the two administrations of Mayor Jones. In 1902 a change of administration retired him, and he is now head of the real estate firm of C. S. Curry & Co.

Mr. Curry has always been active in Republican politics, and has been secretary of the Congressional and City Committees at times. He belongs to the Kansas City Club, the Driving Club, and is an Elk. He married Miss Lulu Gordon, of Jefferson City, in 1887, and they have five children, three boys and two girls.



Photo by Cornish.

ARTHUR BENTON CORNISH,

the photographer, is a typical Westerner, and a man who has done much to raise the standard of his profession. Born at Oneida, Ill., in 1873, of a family of artists, and educated in the schools of Chicago and St. Louis, he is purely a product of the West. While still in the High School at Oneida, Mr. Cornish, with the enthusiasm worthy of a man twice his age, took up the study of art. After leaving school, he spent some time under well-known artists of Chicago and St. Louis. He achieved especial success in portraiture, and essayed his first venture in business at Arkansas City, Kas. There he soon outgrew the town and moved to Kansas City, associating himself with D. P. Thomson, the veteran photographer. Here he spent nine years, broadening out in his work, and making a notable success. That his artistic instincts might have opportunity for greater play, Mr. Cornish went into business for himself again two years ago, surrounding himself with all the up-to-date mechanical devices of the photograph business, and providing for his patrons one of the most artistic galleries in the southwest. From the start his new venture proved a success, and to-day he stands, though but twenty-nine years old, as one of the foremost men in his line in the country. Mr. Cornish has in his time given sittings to many persons of note, and has produced some of the largest and finest group work ever attempted.



Photo by Strauss.

CALDWELL C. COURTNEY

was born in Richmond, Virginia, June 24, 1852, of good old revolutionary stock. He was educated in private schools, and then, entering Richmond College, was graduated in 1870. He then went into the dry goods business in Richmond with his father and brother, and made a brilliant reputation for energy and ability, so much so that he was secured by the firm of Bullene, Moore & Emery. Mr. Courtney came to Kansas City in 1878, and for four years was with the firm, when he resigned to take a position with the Midland National Bank. Quitting the bank after a time, he became a member of the real estate and insurance firm of Whipple, Courtney & Co., which continued until 1888, when he decided to make life insurance his future work.

For three years he served as district manager of a New York company, and in 1892 he became State agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of New-ark, headquarters in Kansas City, and territory including Jackson County, Kansas, and Oklahoma Territory.

Mr. Courtney was one of the organizers of the Kansas City Life Underwriters' Association, and has been president twice. He also helped organize a similar body in Kansas. He is a Scottish Rite Mason and a Shriner. He married Miss Flora Dougherty, of Liberty, Mo., and they have one daughter, Leah Bell.



Photo by Strauss.

THOMAS T. CRITTENDEN, JR.,

was born in Sangamon County, Illinois, December 23, 1863, his family moving some few years later to Warrensburg, Mo., where his boyhood was spent. He graduated from the public schools of that city and from the State University in 1883. He came to Kansas City in 1884, going into the real estate business soon after his arrival, and worked at the business three years, when he was appointed Deputy Clerk of the Court of Appeals. He was the Democratic nominee for County Clerk in 1894, was elected, and was again nominated and elected to the same office at the close of his first term in 1898, each time carrying both city and county by handsome majorities. He is now being mentioned as Democracy's candidate for Secretary of State. Aside from politics, Mr. Crittenden is interested in a number of business enterprises, all of which are successful. He is purely of the fighting temperament when personal interests or those of his friends are assailed, yet it is all tempered by a fine quality of justice that renders enmities scarce.

Mr. Crittenden was married January 5, 1888, to Miss Jennie Mason Rogers, whose father was a former president of Christian College, Columbia, Mo. They have two children, a son, Joseph R., and a daughter, Mason A., their ages being five and two years respectfully.



ARMWELL L. COOPER

was born at Willow Grove, Delaware, November 15, 1870. He began acquiring his education at an early age, and was a pupil at the Wilmington Conference Academy in Dover. His family came West when he was rather young, and Mr. Cooper finished his education at the Kansas State Normal, Ft. Scott.

He came to Kansas City in 1890, and soon afterwards entered a local law office. He was admitted to the bar July 15, 1895, after which he entered the law office of Mr. Henry Wollman. Mr. Wollman left the city for New York, and after his departure the firm of Wollman, Solomon & Cooper was formed, the individual members being Benjamin Wollman, brother to Henry Wollman, Henry C. Solomon, and Mr. Cooper. During the few years that have elapsed since Mr. Cooper's admittance to the bar, he has taken rapid strides toward making a place for himself among the leading members of the local bar.

He is a Democrat in politics, and is an officer in the leading Democratic club of the city, the Jackson County Democratic Club. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Cooper is married, his wife being formerly Miss Caroline Ley, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Cooper have one child, a girl, named Dorothy Emily.

*Photo by Strauss.***S. E. CHAMBERLAIN**

was born in Seneca County, Ohio, January 22, 1842. He went to the public schools there, and his first trade was that of carpenter. Thirty years ago Mr. Chamberlain started as an architect at Chicago, from which place he came to Kansas City in October, 1878. He was the architect of the City Hall, and from 1889 to 1891 was superintendent of Buildings in Kansas City under Mayor Holmes. Many of the handsomest residences of the city, as well as business structures, were planned by Mr. Chamberlain.

Mr. Chamberlain is a Socialist and proud of it. He was married to Miss Susan A. Correll at Niles, Mich., September 25, 1867, and has six children.

*Photo by Strauss.***THE REV. WM. CARTER**

was born at Pittington, England, May 22, 1868. At the age of fifteen he came from England to Illinois, and for three years worked in a store. He then went to Parsons College, Fairfield, Iowa, from which he was graduated at the age of twenty-two. Three years later he received a diploma from McCormick Theological Seminary. His first pastoral work was at Sterling, Ill. He was there five years, went to Frankfort, Ind., for brief supply work, and was called thence to the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church at Kansas City in 1899. Park College conferred the degree of Doctor of Philosophy upon Dr. Carter in 1900. He is well known through his lectures on literary subjects, especially his lecture on Milton. He enjoys the distinction of being able to repeat "Paradise Lost" from memory.

Dr. Carter was married to Miss Alice Kellogg at Des Moines, Ia. They have two children.



Photo by Strauss.

JOSEPH S. CHICK,

founder of the first banking house in Kansas City, was born August 3, 1828, in Howard County, Missouri. In 1836 his parents located in Jackson County, and at the age of eighteen Joseph S. Chick began his business career as a clerk in the general store of H. M. Northrup in Kansas City, whose partner he became in 1852. Later he and his partner went to New York and engaged in the banking business, but returned to Kansas City in 1874, when Mr. Chick bought a controlling interest in the Kansas City National Bank. Since that time he has been identified as a leading spirit with all the most important commercial enterprises of Kansas City.

Mr. Chick was married August 31, 1858, to Miss Julia Sexton. Six children have been born to them. Joseph S. Chick, Jr., is associated with his father in the management of real estate and financial affairs. One daughter, living, is the wife of Edward E. Porterfield, a well-known lawyer of Kansas City. No name is more familiar to the early residents of Western Missouri than that of Joseph S. Chick.



GEORGE OLIVER COFFIN,

one of the most successful physicians of Kansas City, was born at Danielsville, Pa., August 4, 1858. Dr. Coffin's early education was in the common schools of his native town and at Williamsburg Academy. He was graduated from Penn Medical College at Philadelphia in 1879. He practiced at Frankfort, Kas., El Paso, Tex., and Silver Cliff, Colo., locating in Kansas City in the fall of 1887.

In May, 1894, he was appointed house surgeon at the City Hospital, and in 1895 became City Physician, remaining in that office until 1901. Dr. Coffin was elected to the chair of surgery in the Medico-Chirurgical College, and was Dean of the Faculty. He is also Professor of Clinical Surgery in the Woman's Medical College of Kansas City. He is on the medical staff of half a dozen railroads and hospitals, is a member of the Kansas City Academy of Medicine, the Jackson County Medical Society, the Missouri State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, a noble of the Mystic Shrine, a K. P., and an Elk. In 1883 Dr. Coffin married Miss Minnie A. Deane, of Frankfort, Kas. Their children are Deane Oliver and Bertha M. Coffin. Edward Carl Coffin is a son by a former marriage.



Photo by Strauss.

EDWARD JOSEPH CURTIN

was born in Independence, Missouri, August 9, 1875. He spent his boyhood on a farm, and his early education was secured in the district school.

It was in 1889 that he came to Kansas City, and his education was completed by graduation from the ward schools. His circumstances were such that he was compelled to go to work at an early age, but his ambition was not to be denied. He studied at night, and finally deciding upon the law as his profession, became a pupil of the Kansas City School of Law. He attended at night after his work for the day was over, and will be graduated the coming spring, when he expects to apply for admission to the bar.

In 1902 City Counselor R. J. Ingraham recognizing his ability, and eager to further his progress, appointed Mr. Curtin claim agent in his department, which position he now holds.

Mr. Curtin has always been active in Democratic politics, and is recognized as a young man with a future. He is a member of the Kansas City Athletic Club, and several other organizations.



Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES J. CARTER

was born in Keokuk, Iowa, January 9, 1862. After completing his education in 1876 he went to work for a lumber firm, and has been in the lumber business ever since. He came to Kansas City in 1886, and went into business for himself, and in 1896 incorporated under the name of the C. J. Carter Company. His other interests include the presidency of the Doniphan Lumber Company, with mills at Doniphan, Mo., to which he was elected in 1894; the presidency of the Saline River Lumber Company, of Straughan, Ark., formed in 1898; the presidency of the Saline River Railway Company; and the vice-presidency of the Straughan Stave Company. Mr. Carter is also treasurer of the Missouri Tie and Lumber Company, and from 1896 to 1902, when he sold out his interests, was president of the Louisiana & Gulf Lumber Company.

Notwithstanding his many and important business interests, Mr. Carter is a leading figure in all movements tending to the public good. He is a prominent member of the Commercial Club, belongs to the Country Club, and is a Hoo-Hoo. He was married to Miss Cora Bridges in Keokuk in 1885, and they have one daughter, Margaret.



Photo by Thomson.

ARTHUR CHANDLER COATES

was born August 17, 1864, in Kennett Square, Pennsylvania. He is a Kansas Cityan born and bred to all intents and purposes, however, for his father, Kersey Coates, came to Kansas City, then Westport Landing, in 1854, and few names are more indissolubly linked with the growth and greatness of the town.

The subject of this sketch attended the local schools, and then prepared for college at Phillips' Academy, Andover, Mass., and then entered Yale.

He was graduated in 1885, and studied law, but never practiced his profession, as the management of the Coates House devolved upon him. From 1889 to 1900 he managed the house established by his father, and in the latter year accepted the general agency of the Prudential Life Insurance Company at this point.

Mr. Coates was one of the founders of the University Club. He was married in June, 1888, to Miss Isabel Doggett, and is the father of two children, Gladys and May.



Photo by Strauss.

D. P. COLLUM

was born at Mauch Chunk, Pa., August 10, 1867. His parents moved to a farm near Brooklyn, Iowa, while he was very young, and Mr. Collum lived there until early manhood. His education was secured at the district schools in the county where he was raised and at the Indiana State Normal School, where he afterwards went for a term of four years. Three of these years were devoted to the classical course, and the last year Mr. Collum studied law. Later he studied law in a law school at Des Moines, Ia. Mr. Collum came to Kansas City in 1885, and engaged in Mercantile pursuits, also studying law at night at the Kansas City School of Law. He graduated from this institution while in the employ of the American Wringer Company. He remained in its employ for a number of years, and finally bought out the Western interests of the company. This business he has conducted since under the firm name of the Collum Commerce Company, its line of merchandise having been extended to include every article of household furnishings. The company has eleven branch stores scattered through Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, and Oklahoma. Mr. Collum, since taking up local residence, has been prominent in the social and benevolent movements of local Catholic societies and is affiliated with several of them.

He was married July 13, 1885, to Miss Bee Anne Healy in Brooklyn, Iowa. They have one child, James Emmett, who is thirteen years of age.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM JAMES DALTON,

a pioneer Catholic priest of Kansas City for thirty years rector of the Church of the Annunciation, was born in St. Louis, Missouri, August 12, 1848. His parents were Richard and Bridget Dalton, of Ireland. The father was a merchant in St. Louis from 1839 to 1864. In the parochial and public schools of that city Father Dalton began his education, which was completed at the Catholic seminaries at Milwaukee, Wis., and Cape Girardeau, Mo. Two and one-half years before reaching his majority, by special dispensation, he was ordained to the priesthood, and came to Kansas City June 19, 1872, by appointment of Archbishop Kenrick. In 1889 he was one of the thirteen freeholders to draft the present city charter. From 1879 to 1884 he was editor of the *Western Banner*, the first Catholic journal published in Kansas City. The twenty-fifth anniversary of his ordination to the ministry was celebrated by a great mass-meeting, presided over by J. V. C. Karnes, at the Auditorium Theater, in 1894. The encroachments of commerce and manufacturing crowded Father Dalton's parishioners out of the West Bottoms, and in 1902 he moved to a new parish in the southeastern part of the city, where he is erecting a new church building.



Photo by Strauss.

SHANNON CLAY DOUGLASS

was born at Columbia, Mo., December 29, 1852. He attended Christian College at Columbia and then the Missouri State University, from which he was graduated completing the course in the law department there in 1873. At nineteen years of age he was City Attorney of Columbia, and was the Prosecuting Attorney of Boone County for three terms. He practiced at Columbia until 1883, when he came to Kansas City and formed a partnership with C. L. Dobson. Then the firm of Dobson, Douglass & Trimble was formed, continuing until 1890. Since that time Judge Douglass has practiced alone, and has served as special Master in Chancery in the Federal Court, in a number of big cases.

Judge Douglass was married September 8, 1880, to Miss Hallie H. Burr, daughter of Wm. E. Burr, formerly president of the St. Louis National Bank. There are three children, Wm. Burr, Shannon Clay, Jr., and Henriette Brand Douglass.

In December, 1902, the subject of this sketch was appointed to the circuit bench, filling the vacancy left by the death of Judge John W. Henry, an appointment indorsed by the local bar.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES ROBERT DOMINICK

was born at Houston, Miss., December 9, 1863, and lived in that State until he grew to young manhood. He was graduated from the University of Mississippi in 1884, and was employed in a general store until August, 1886, when he moved to Kansas City. The third day after his arrival he went to work for the American National Bank, where he rapidly rose to the positions of assistant cashier and cashier. In October, 1900, Mr. Dominick organized the Traders' Bank of Kansas City and became its president. This institution started with a capital of \$50,000, and has already doubled it. Mr. Dominick was married to Miss Gertrude Mastin October 28, 1891. He belongs to the Commercial Club and the Manufacturers' Association.



Photo by Strauss.

DENTON DUNN

was born May 1, 1868, at Marshall, Mich. During his boyhood he lived in Kansas and Maryland. He was graduated from the University of Kansas in 1887, where he was class day valedictorian. He studied law at the St. Louis Law School, from which he was graduated in 1891, taking the thesis prize. In that year he located at Kansas City. He became a member of the law firm of Ashley, Gilbert & Dunn in 1897. Mr. Dunn was treasurer of the Bar Association 1898-99. Among his other positions of honor was the presidency of the Knife and Fork Club, of which he was one of the founders. He was also president of the Kansas University Alumni Association.

Mr. Dunn has written a number of legal articles that have attracted attention.

He is a member of the Commercial and University Clubs.



Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES P. DUFF

was born in Baltimore, Maryland, April 6, 1864. He spent his boyhood in Springfield, Ill., however, his parents removing to that town when the young Charles was still a babe in arms.

He received his education in the Springfield public schools, but had to quit books for work when only fourteen. He secured employment in a furniture store, in which business he has ever since been.

In his twenty-third year Mr. Duff moved to Arkansas City, Kas., where he went into the furniture business for himself. He did very well, and it was while in Arkansas City that he associated himself with Mr. Repp, his present partner.

In 1896 Mr. Duff came to Kansas City. He became a stockholder in the time-honored J. H. North Furniture Company, and was elected vice-president.

In 1900 the J. H. North Furniture Company ceased to be, and in its place sprang up the firm of Duff & Repp, which has ever since been a leader in its line.

Mr. Duff is a married man, the father of two children, a son and a daughter. He is a member of the Commercial Club, and director in the Kansas City Athletic Club.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN F. DOWNING

was born August 24, 1854, in Virginia, Illinois, and lived there until the attainment of his majority. He attended the public and high schools, and also took the classical course at Illinois College, Jacksonville, from which institution he was graduated in 1879.

Returning to Virginia, he entered the local bank, but after three years came to Kansas City. His first position was with the old Armour Bank, where he worked as a teller for four years. In 1885, when the "boom" possessed Kansas City, Mr. Downing went into the real estate business, and after the "boom's" collapse in 1889 he organized the New England Safe Deposit Trust Company, with A. W. Armour as president and himself as vice-president. After a year he was elected president, which position he still holds. In 1898 the New England Safe Deposit Trust Company was converted into a National Bank.

Mr. Downing is a member of the Kansas City Club and the Country Club. He has been twice married, his first wife having died in 1889. His present wife was Miss Jessie Burnham, whom he married March 30, 1889. He is the father of three children, two boys and a girl.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES DONOHUE

was born in Canada, April 12, 1860. He went to the common schools until the age of thirteen years, when his school life ceased abruptly through employment he secured with the Great Western Railroad of Canada. Since that time Mr. Donohue has continued in the railroad business. He has run the full gamut of the business, messenger boy, telegraph operator, stenographer, ticket agent, station agent. He remained in the employ of Canadian roads until he was twenty-one years of age, when he went to Des Moines, Ia., where he remained for six years, coming to Kansas City from there in 1886.

He was for three and one-half years general freight and passenger agent of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf Railroad, and went from that road to the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad in 1896. In 1901, when the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad was amalgamated with the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, under the name of the Frisco System Mr. Donohue was made assistant general passenger agent of the system, which place he now holds.

Mr. Donohue was married June 9, 1880, to Miss Mary Ellen Martin, of Ingersoll Canada. They have three children, Stewart, sixteen years of age; Adah, fourteen years of age; and James, Jr., aged eleven years.



EDWARD MAITLAND DART

was born in Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, April 20, 1859. His boyhood was spent in toil, for until he entered his teens he was engaged in farm work or employed in the lumber camps. He only went to school long enough to acquire the rudiments of an education, and after that he educated himself, studying at night.

He went to Chicago in 1881, where his brother was in the live-stock business, and remained there for three years. At the end of that time he came to Kansas City, and soon after his arrival went to work for the Western Newspaper Union, with which company he is still identified.

He went to work as an assistant pressman, was promoted first to the position of shipping clerk, and was then taken into the office as correspondent and book-keeper. In 1900 he was made manager of the local office, the position he now holds. The Western Newspaper Union supplies plate matter for country newspapers, and also does general publication work. Under Mr. Dart's management the territory has been doubled, and the capacity of the plant enlarged time after time. Aside from his managerial duties, Mr. Dart's hobby is blooded stock, and he owns several farms in Missouri, Kansas, and Florida, where he indulges his fondness.



Photo by Thomson.

WALTER S. DICKEY,

president of the W. S. Dickey Clay Manufacturing Company, is in the forefront of both business and politics in Kansas City. He was reared in Toronto, Canada, where his first instruction was in the provincial "Model" school. It was in January, 1885, that he came to Kansas City. The very next year he served on the Republican City Committee. From 1887 to 1898 he resided at Independence Mo.

In 1900, having again established residence in Kansas City, he was elected as a delegate from the Fifth Congressional District to the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, and was also honored by being selected as Missouri's member on the Vice-Presidential Notification Committee. In July, 1900, in company with that committee, he visited Mr. Roosevelt at his home in Oyster Bay, on Long Island, New York State.

In July of 1902 he was elected a member-at-large of the State Republican Committee, and was appointed as a member of the Executive and Finance Committee.

Although Mr. Dickey has constantly taken active part in politics, he has at the same time conducted one of the largest commercial enterprises carried on in the West.

He is a charter member of the Commercial Club, and is one of the founders of the Manufacturers' Association.



WEBSTER DAVIS

was born June 1, 1861, in Ebensburg, Pennsylvania. In 1868 the family settled on a farm in Daviess County, Missouri, but after six years moved to Chillicothe, and later to Gallatin, all in the same county. The young Webster worked on the farm, clerked in a store, and in Gallatin took up shoemaking under his father's instruction. In 1881 he determined to have an education, and so went to Lake Forest, near Chicago. He became town lamplighter, and not only paid his schooling, but sent money home. It was not sufficient, however, and returning to Gallatin, he resumed shoemaking, and later clerked again. In 1882 he became a copyist in the law office of Shanklin, Low & McDougal and studied while he worked. In 1884 he contrived to take a two years' course in the Kansas University, and securing admittance to the bar began to practice law in Garden City, Kas. He later attended the Ann Arbor Law School, after which he located in Kansas City. He soon made a reputation for brilliance and ability, and became prominent in Republican politics. His splendid, but unsuccessful, race for Congress in 1892 was followed by his election as Mayor in 1894. In 1897 he was appointed Assistant Secretary of the Interior, which place he held until a trip to South Africa in 1899 made him a Boer sympathizer. He resigned, and failing to have the Republicans adopt a resolution of sympathy with the Boers, secured such a plank in the Democratic platform, and so joined that party.



Photo by Thomson.

FREDERICK STERLING DOGGETT

was born in Chicago March 1, 1856. He received his early education in the public schools, and later attended the Chicago University. After emerging from the latter institution at the age of seventeen, he entered the laboratory of the Chicago Sheffield Steel Company, where he remained for three years. He then migrated to Colorado, and for four years was engaged in mining and kindred industries.

In 1878 Mr. Doggett came to Kansas City, and secured employment in the Union Pacific offices, and a year later went over to the Chicago & Alton road, just built. When he left the C. & A.'s employ in 1886 he had risen to the position of general western freight agent.

Since 1886 Mr. Doggett has devoted himself to his own business affairs, principally the management of the Blossom House, having married a daughter of the late G. H. Blossom.

A very busy man, Mr. Doggett has always given freely of his time to public movements. He was one of the first members of the Commercial Club, and has served as vice-president of that organization. He was also a moving spirit in the organization of the Kansas City Club, and was its president for a term. He was elected a director of Convention Hall in 1900 and re-elected in 1901, and is a leader in the Priests of Pallas Association. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, a Knight Templar, and a Shriner.



Photo by Strauss.

ALLEN J. DEAN

was born in Sherman, New York, January 11, 1854. He went to school until thirteen, when he began to earn his own living. A year in a drug store, and then he took up the trade of carriage trimming, and when nineteen started in the harness-making and carriage-trimming business for himself.

When twenty-four he succeeded his father in the hotel business, but sold out to his brothers after a time. Later he bought them out in turn, and remained in the hotel business until 1894, when he became president of a bank. In 1895, however, he came out to Pittsburg, Kas., where, in company with his brothers, he operated the Hotel Stilwell. In 1897 the Ewins-Dean Hotel Company was formed in Kansas City by Frank Ewins, A. J. Dean and D. J. Dean, and commencing with the Savoy, the Baltimore was launched in June, 1899. In December the Deans bought out Ewins, and formed the Baltimore Hotel Company, of which A. J. Dean is secretary and treasurer. In addition to the enlarged Baltimore, the company controls and operates the Hotel Metropole at St. Joseph and the Midland in this city.

Mr. Dean married Miss Francis Relf, of Sherman, and they have one daughter. He belongs to the Driving Club, is a thirty-second degree Mason, and a Shriner. Although still retaining his banking and other interests in Sherman, Mr. Dean is indissolubly attached to Kansas City.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES DAVIS EUBANK

was born in Clarke County, Kentucky February 21, 1867, and lived on the parental farm until twelve years old, when the family moved to Pleasant Hill, Mo. He went to the district school in Kentucky and later to the public schools in Pleasant Hill, and at the age of seventeen accepted a position with the Citizens' National Bank. He remained there for two years and was then appointed assistant postmaster of Pleasant Hill, but resigned at the end of a year to accept a position as bookkeeper with the First National Bank in Independence, Mo.

He remained there about three years and a half, at the end of which time he was appointed a deputy in the office of County Collector E. W. Hayes, and so fine a record did he make that he was retained under the administration of Collector McCurdy.

Retiring from the County Collector's office, Mr. Eubank went with the land department of the Kansas City Southern Railroad as tax commissioner, the position he now holds.

An enthusiastic Democrat, Mr. Eubank has served as secretary of the County Committee and was treasurer in the last campaign. He is a Mason and a Woodman.

Mr. Eubank married Miss Brent Forbis May 26, 1896, and they have one boy.



Photo by Strauss.

ORA DARNALL

was born on a farm in Indiana July 17, 1865. His education was received in the district and ward schools, what there was, for Mr. Darnall picked up the most of it by contact with the world. He traveled through Montana and the West while still in his teens, and came to Kansas City for a permanent location in 1883.

His first employment was as a clerk in the Missouri Pacific offices, and he remained with the road until 1887, by which time he had risen to the position of local claim agent.

From there Mr. Darnall accepted the general management of the Kansas City Switch & Frog Company, but soon resigned to take a place with the Bolen Coal Company. His unique advertising soon brought the company a really national fame and largely increased its business. The company was reorganized in November, 1901 as the Bolen-Darnall Coal Company and with Mr. Darnall as general manager.

He belongs to the Kansas City Club, the Elks, the Kansas City Driving Club, the Warwick Club, and is a Mason, a Hoo-Hoo, and an active worker in the Commercial Club.

*Photo by Thomson.***ANDREW F. EVANS**

was born in Kentucky in 1863. His boyhood was passed on a farm, and his education was confined to such schooling as district schools afforded. He afterwards attended St. Mary's College and later he took a classical course at Centre College, Danville, Ky., from where he graduated in 1882. Then he took up school-teaching reading law meanwhile, and was admitted to the bar in 1884. Not satisfied with this, however, he determined to equip himself more thoroughly for the practice of the profession, and entered Harvard University for a year's course, and at its termination he went to the University of Virginia for one year more. He engaged in practice in earnest in his home State for a year, but feeling that wider fields offered themselves in the West, he came to this town in 1887 and has remained here at his profession since. He practiced alone for years, but later went in with N. B. Carskadon, the partnership being terminated only on the death of Mr. Carskadon. Soon after this Mr. Evans took B. P. Finley into partnership with him, the firm name being Evans & Finley.

Mr. Evans is a member of a number of fraternal and social organizations, among them being the Bar Association, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Pythias, and the Knife and Fork Club. He was nominated by the Democratic party for Judge of the Circuit Court in 1902, and easily elected.

*Photo by Thomson.***EDGAR CLARENCE ELLIS**

was born in Eaton County, Michigan, October 2, 1854. He was educated in the country schools and at Olivet College, in his native county, being graduated from the latter institution in 1880 with a B. A. degree.

He was immediately offered a position as instructor of Latin in Carleton College, Northfield, Minnesota, and after a year there, was tendered the office of superintendent of the city schools at Fergus Falls, Minn. During the three years in that place, he studied law at night, and in 1884 was admitted to the bar. He first practiced in Beloit, Kansas, but in 1887 came to Kansas City, where he has ever since remained. In 1893 he associated himself with Hale C. Cook under the firm name of Ellis & Cook, and later James A. Reed and Ernest Ellis were admitted. The firm is now Ellis, Cook & Ellis, Mr. Reed having been elected mayor.

Mr. Ellis has been very prominent in Republican politics, along high lines, and has been frequently mentioned for mayor, and in connection with the office of prosecuting attorney.

He is a married man, having wedded Miss Emily H. Roy, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Joseph E. Roy, of Chicago. They have three sons.



Photo by Thomson.

URIAH SPRAY EPPERSON

was born in Marion County, Indiana, December 22, 1861. His parents came to Kansas City in 1869, however, so he is virtually a Kansas City product. He went through the ward schools, and soon after went to work in a railroad office, and has never known an idle day since. In 1880 he accepted a position with the Fowler Packing Company, where he remained until the purchase of the plant by the Swifts in September, 1902. Beginning at the very bottom, he worked up to the office of general manager, and in bettering himself he bettered the company.

Mr. Epperson is perhaps the best known man in Kansas City, for he has played a prominent part in all movements tending to the public good. For years a member and director in the Commercial Club, he served as president of the organization for a term, and a notable term it was. From the very outset an enthusiastic supporter of the Convention Hall idea, he served as director in those first and trying days of the idea's launching, and did as much as any man to make success possible. As Kansas City stands, the famous Epperson's Megaphone Minstrels will be remembered, not only because they dedicated the hall, but because they earned the greater portion of the money for the erection of the Public Bath. Mr. Epperson was elected vice-president of Convention Hall in 1900, elected president in 1901 and re-elected in 1902.

He married Miss Mary Elizabeth Weaver December 11, 1889. He is an Elk.



EDWARD DAVID ELLISON

was born in Kansas City, December 5, 1869. He first went to school at the Franklin ward school and then to the High School. He was graduated from Princeton in 1892, and studied law in the office of C. O. Tichenor. In September, 1893, he was admitted to the bar, and in May, 1895, the law firm of Ellison & Turpin was formed.

Mr. Ellison was one of the founders of the Kansas City School of Law, which was started in 1895. Under the supervision of Mr. Ellison and the other officers of the school it has made a remarkably rapid growth.

Mr. Ellison was married December 5, 1894, to Miss Mary W. Stone, of Lawrence, Kas. They have one child, Elizabeth, four years old. David Ellison, father of Mr. Ellison, came to Kansas City from New York in 1866, and has made a notable success of the real estate business.



Photo by Thomson.

JUDGE JAMES ELLISON

was born at Monticello, Mo., July 12, 1850, the sixth child and third son of Judge James Ellison of the Northeast Circuit Court of the State. He went to school first at Christian University, Canton, Mo., and later to Christian Brothers' College in St. Louis. He began the practice of law at Kirksville, Mo., at eighteen years of age with his father, Andrew Ellison, afterwards judge of that circuit for twenty-two years. In 1884 Judge Ellison was a Cleveland elector, and in the fall of that year was appointed Judge of the Kansas City Court of Appeals for four years. He was elected in 1888 for a term of eight years, and in 1896 was again elected for a term of twelve years.

Judge Ellison has rendered decisions in many of the most important cases in the State.



Photo by Strauss.

GEORGE HARRISON ENGLISH, SR.,

was born at Newark, Ohio, January 21, 1836. In 1854 his father, moved from the Ohio farm to Illinois, and Colonel English attended the Illinois College at Jacksonville, from which he was graduated in 1857.

The young barrister read law with Judge Cyrus Epler, of Jacksonville, and was admitted to the bar in 1860. He began to practice at Greenfield, Ill., and when the war broke out he became captain of the Thirty-second Illinois Infantry, serving four years and rising to the ranks of major, lieutenant-colonel and colonel. After the war he located at Leavenworth, Kas., practiced there eight years, then in Wichita four years, and to Kansas City in 1878.

Colonel English was married in Kansas City in 1873 to Maggie S. Stonestreet. They have one son, George H. English.



THOMAS PHILIP FLAHIVE

was born December 16, 1861, in the County Kerry, Ireland. He received his education in the public schools, and in 1878 came to America, locating in Kansas City.

He was a poor boy, without capital or influence, but he did not lack for energy and pluck. His first position was with a railroad in the offices, but in 1882 he secured a position on the police force, where he has ever since remained.

Honest, willing, and brave, he showed capability from the start, and in 1887 he was promoted to be sergeant. In that position he also showed efficiency, and in 1889 he was made a captain, the office he now holds.

Captain Flahive belongs to no lodges or clubs, for his whole life is given over to his work. In the time he has been on the force he has made himself a splendid reputation both at home and abroad, and although he has gone far, will go farther.

Captain Flahive married Miss Lizzie Burns in October, 1888, and they have one son, John Joseph.

*Photo by Strauss.*

HARRY FRIEDBERG

was born in Kansas City, Kansas, July 14, 1873. He attended the grammar and high schools of the town until his graduation, when he went to Phillips Exeter Academy, Exeter, N. H., to take the preparatory course for Harvard. He graduated from Harvard in 1896, and on his return entered the employ of the Consolidated Electric Company, for which company he had worked odd months during all his school life, as assistant general manager. In 1900 the Consolidated Electric Company and the Standard Electric Company merged interests, and Mr. Friedberg assumed charge of all the business of the companies west of the bluffs in this city. May 25, 1902, the two companies went in with the Kansas City Electric Light Company, and Mr. Friedberg was made manager of the consumers' department of the consolidated companies. While in one of his earlier positions with the minor companies, Mr. Friedberg decided on law as a profession, and entered the Kansas City School of Law, from where he graduated in 1889, but he never undertook practice. He is a member of numerous social and secret societies, among them the Masons, the Elks, the Progress Club, the Young Men's Club, and the newly organized Harvard Club. Among the business organizations in which he holds membership are the Commercial Club and its kindred association in Kansas City, Kas., the Mercantile Club, in which he is chairman of the entertainment Committee.



Photo by Thomson.

FRANK A. FAXON

was born May 29, 1848, in Scituate, Massachusetts, coming of good old Revolutionary stock, his grandfather serving directly under Washington. His father, Asaph A. Faxon, immigrated to Lawrence, Kas., in 1855, and two years later his wife and children joined him. The subject of this sketch was educated in the public schools, and then went to work in the drug store of B. W. Woodward & Co. He rose step by step until he was finally admitted to the firm, which, by reason of tremendous increase in business was compelled to remove to Kansas City in 1878. In 1897 the firm of Woodward, Faxon & Co. gave way to the present one of Faxon, Horton & Gallagher. Despite the cares and demands of the largest drug business in the West, Mr. Faxon has never failed to give freely of his time to the public good, and few men have done more for Kansas City. He has served as president of the Humane Society, has also been vice-president of the Bureau of Associated Charities, and was the third president of the Commercial Club. He has also served in the City Council, and has been a member of the Board of Education since 1894, and has been a valuable aid in building up the splendid library and great public school system.

He was married in 1871 to Miss Kate Darlington, of Chester County, Pennsylvania and she died in 1884, leaving three children two sons and a daughter. In 1892 he married Miss Francis Darlington, and they have one daughter, born in 1902.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM J. FRICK

was born in Montgomery City, Missouri, November 3, 1867, but his youth was spent in Oak Grove, Lafayette County. He attended the public schools in Oak Grove, then went to an academy in Lexington, and from there entered William Jewell College at Liberty.

Deciding upon medicine as a profession he enrolled himself as a student in the Kansas City Medical College, from which institution he graduated in 1888.

Dr. Frick has always practiced here, and few young men stand higher in their profession. He has been connected with every hospital in the city at one time or another and is now surgeon of St. Joseph's Hospital. He is also Professor of Anatomy in the Kansas City Medical College.

He belongs to the local medical organizations and also the state and national bodies.

Dr. Frick has taken post-graduate courses in the hospitals of Chicago and New York, and is an eager and never-ceasing student. He is unmarried, and makes his home with his aged mother.



Photo by Strauss.

SAMUEL THEODORE FULTON

was born in Topeka, Kansas, January 11, 1866. He received his education in that town, residing there until 1887, when he went to Chicago to take a position with the Santa Fé system. His next move was to Cincinnati, where he occupied a position with the "Big Four," and then in 1891 he came to Kansas City to take the place of secretary to E. S. Washburn, at that time traffic manager of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railroad. He was afterwards promoted to be assistant to President Netteton, and in turn was assistant to President Washburn and President Winchell. When the Frisco absorbed the Memphis, and the general offices were removed from Kansas City, Mr. Fulton went to St. Louis as Mr. Winchell's chief clerk, but only remained there a few months.

In January, 1902, he accepted the general management of the J. R. Crowe Coal and Mining Company, the position he now holds.

Mr. Fulton is a married man, having wedded Miss Alice Lee Payne, of Topeka, November 26, 1890, and is the father of a son, Darrow Bruce Fulton, born in 1895. He is a member of the Commercial Club and several other organizations.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN P. FONTRON

was born March 22, 1873, in Castleton, Illinois. His parents removed to Kansas when he was three years old, and the subject of this sketch spent his boyhood on a farm in Reno County.

He attended the district schools, and in 1890 the family moved to Hutchison, Kas.

Mr. Fontron's education was supplemented by a three years' course in the Kansas State Normal School, after which he taught school for a time.

Deciding to adopt law as a profession, he entered an office, and in 1897 was admitted to practice. He then entered Columbia University, Washington, D. C., and by virtue of his previous study and experience, was enabled to take the degree of L.L.B. in one year. He came to Kansas City in 1898, and was admitted to the local bar shortly after his arrival.

Mr. Fontron is a strong Republican and has identified himself with local politics to some extent. He is now secretary of the Missouri Republican Club, and at the recent election was the Republican nominee for the Legislature from the Seventh District. A Democratic landslide brought him defeat, but he ran far in advance of his ticket.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN J. FOSTER

was born on a farm in Ray County, Missouri, April 5, 1858. He remained on the farm until 1875, doing the work the life calls for and attending at odd months the district school of the county. After attending school at Richmond, Mo., for one year, Mr. Foster came to Kansas City and entered the public schools. Three years previous to this Mr. Foster's father had died, leaving him an interest in coal mines situated on the homestead, and it was with the income from this that he was securing an education. The administrator, in leasing the mines, failed to provide for non-usage, and the lessee shut down the mines in order to work others with shorter lessees. Mr. Foster, at the age of eighteen years, was consequently forced to leave school. He determined to learn harness-making, and entered upon a three years' apprenticeship. Soon after serving his time he went into partnership with A. J. De Berry, the firm name being De Berry & Foster. They purchased a business at 306 Main Street that had been operated by Smith & McDonald since the early forties. After a partnership of a year and a half Mr. Foster bought De Berry's interests, and conducted the business at that location for ten years, moving after that time to 511 Main Street, his present location. Mr. Foster is a member of the Manufacturers' Association, the Horse Show Association, the Cooley Lake Hunting Club, and the local Driving Club. He was married June 30, 1879, to Miss Elizabeth Mintun, of this city.



Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES E. FINLAY

was born in Illinois in 1861. His early education was procured at the public schools of his native state, followed by a course in the law department of the University of Notre Dame in South Bend, Ind. He graduated from this institution in 1885, and came that year to Kansas City. He started into business in this city immediately after his arrival here, and developed from a small beginning one of the largest real estate and building companies in the city. As organizer and president of the Chas. E. Finlay Real Estate Company, Mr. Finlay platted over forty subdivisions to this city, and built for sale in the neighborhood of 350 homes. His interests and business were steadily broadened, and Mr. Finlay went into the producing oil business. He is secretary and general Manager of the Apex Oil Company, which is one of the largest oil companies in Texas, and secretary and treasurer of the Southwestern Oil and Steamship Company, a transportation company formed to carry refined and crude oil from Texas to the North Atlantic and Gulf ports. The latter company has the largest line of American ships in the oil business in the world. Mr. Finlay is at present officing in New York City, but retains his business interests in this city.

He was married in 1887 to Miss Annie E. Redfield. They have three children, Julia Esther, Neva Estelle, and Redfield E.



Photo by Thomson.

RICHARD H. FIELD

was born in Cherokee County, Georgia December 27, 1853. He lived in the South until the attainment of his majority, attending private schools and acquiring a thorough classical education.

Deciding upon the profession of law he began its study, and in 1875 was admitted to the bar. He only practiced a year in his native State, however, coming out to Missouri in 1876, and locating in Kansas City, where he has ever since been.

In 1888 we was appointed by Governor Moorhouse to fill a vacancy on the circuit bench, and the appointment was indorsed by a nomination from the Democrats at the next election thereafter Judge Field was elected by a large majority, and served for four years with distinguished honor.

At the conclusion of his term he recommenced the practice of law, and ranks high in the Missouri bar.

He belongs to no societies, no clubs, no organizations.

Judge Field married Miss Annie Camp, of Marietta, Ga., and they have five children, one boy and four girls.



Photo by Strauss.

WALLACE CAMPBELL GOFFE

was born in New York City December 26, 1865. He spent his boyhood in that city, attending the public and high schools.

At an early age he secured a position with the Wall Street firm of Goffe and Randle, and for ten years remained in that wonderful thoroughfare, learning and rising. In 1891, while identified with the firm of Jones, French & Maury, he met the late H. F. Peavey, and was induced by the capitalist to leave New York for Kansas City. His position out here was chief clerk of the Midland Elevator Company, but he only remained there for two years.

In 1893 the grain commission firm of Goffe, Lucas & Carkener was organized—all three fellow-employés—and success has crowned its efforts from the start. The chief business of the firm is receiving and shipping, and progressive, yet conservative, methods have established it strongly.

Mr. Goffe is a director in the Grain Exchange, and has ever been identified with those movements tending to the development of Kansas City.

He married Miss Bevie Gill in 1893.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES C. GREENMAN

was born at Washington, Ill., May 15, 1845. He lived on a farm until sixteen, when he ran away from home and enlisted at Chicago in the Forty-second Illinois Volunteer Infantry, serving two years and re-enlisting in the Fourth Illinois Cavalry in 1864 at Natchez, Miss. He was mustered out June 5, 1865, at Memphis, returned to Joliet, and engaged in mercantile business two years. In 1867 he entered the train service of the C. & A. as brakeman. Then he became a successful freight and passenger conductor, and was for sixteen years in the passenger service.

Mr. Greenman came to Kansas City in 1880, continued in the railroad service until 1884, and went into the real estate business with W. B. Lippincott for nine years, and was postmaster at Bristol for a term prior to 1893. In 1895 he became the agent of the Humane Society, a position in which he has made himself known to everyone.

He was married to Phoebe L. Dickinson at Cleveland, N. Y., June 29, 1870. They have two children, Charles H. and H. D., thirty and twenty-eight.



Photo by Strauss.

MARTIN R. GOSSETT

was born on a farm in the State of Kentucky April 11, 1858. He remained there until he was nineteen years of age, when his family removed to Jackson County, settling on a farm near Independence. He attended the district schools of the county in the winter and worked on the farm in summer until he had reached his early manhood. He then went to a private school in Independence, taking a classical course. After leaving school Mr. Gossett came to Kansas City to live, and obtained employment in a local clothing store. He worked there for years, and as a feature of his efforts for the betterment of those working in the same business, was instrumental in helping organize the local branch of the Retail Clerks' Union.

Mr. Gossett from then on became a prominent figure in union labor circles, and was deemed suitable timber for the Democratic nomination for County Recorder of Deeds. He was nominated and elected to this office in 1898. Four years later, at the termination of his term, he was renominated by acclamation and again elected.

Mr. Gossett holds membership in a number of secret and benevolent societies, among them the Masons, the Knights Templars, the Elks, the Woodmen, and also remains affiliated with the Retail Clerks' Union.

He was married in 1881 to Miss May Carter, of Independence, at her home city.



Photo by Thomson.

HENRY N. GARLAND

was born in Oswego, New York, February 21, 1850. He was educated in the public and high schools of that town, and after leaving school at the age of seventeen, came to Kansas City, where he has lived ever since.

His first position was with the Hannibal & St. Joseph, and until his retirement from active business life in 1902 he remained in the railroad business. He was also with the Burlington for awhile in the early days, but finally accepted employment with the Wabash, and changed no more. Commencing as ticket agent, he worked up rung by rung until he was appointed western passenger agent. It was from this position that he resigned in 1902, having decided that "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy."

Few men have done more to "make Kansas City a good place to live in" than Mr. Garland. He was a prominent figure in real estate circles in "boom days," and the Garland Block is still a monument to his faith in Kansas City.

Mr. Garland has long been a leading figure in the local lodge of Elks, and was one of the organizers of the Passenger Agents' Association.



Photo by Thomson.

JOHN CUTLER GAGE,

a prominent member of the Kansas City bar, was born April 20, 1835, at Pelham, New Hampshire. His childhood days were spent upon a farm, and he was educated at Phillips Academy, Dartmouth College, and Harvard College, from which he was graduated in 1856. He was admitted to the bar in Boston, and in 1858 came to Kansas City, becoming one of the pioneers in the legal profession here.

In 1870 Sanford B. Ladd became his partner, and in 1878 Chas. E. Small, forming the firm of Gage, Ladd & Small. These men are all noted lawyers.

John C. Gage was the first president of the Kansas City Bar Association and likewise of the Law Library Association. He was for a while president of the State Bar Association.

Mr. Gage was married April 26, 1886, to Miss Ida Bailey. They have two children.



Photo by Strauss.

THOMAS J. GREEN

was born in County Cavan, Ireland, February 4, 1856. He was educated in the public schools, and came to this country in 1874, locating in New York, where he worked for four years in the store of A. T. Stewart.

He came to Kansas City in 1878, and for a while was with the T. Green Grocery Company, but the possibilities of the real estate business in the booming town appealed to him, and he opened an office in 1880, and has been in the real estate business ever since.

Some years later his brother, John J. Green, joined him, and the firm played an important part in the development of Kansas City from a steamboat landing into a metropolis.

Mr. Green platted upwards of forty additions, among the most prominent being Greenview, Phoenix Park, Finsbury Park, Prospect Heights, Mount Prospect, etc. He was one of the early members of the Real Estate Exchange, and as much as any man is responsible for Kansas City's present greatness.

Mr. Green was married in 1897 to Miss Mary Hartley, in County Cavan, Ireland, and they have one daughter, May Gwendolin.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN J. GREEN

was born in Ireland March 5, 1857. He was educated in the schools of Armagh, and came to this country in 1879. He located in New York, and was in the mercantile business until 1882, when he came out to Kansas City, where he has ever since been.

Upon his arrival here he associated himself in the real estate business with his brother, T. J. Green, and that firm played no small part in the development of Kansas City.

A Republican in politics, he soon made himself a prominent figure in the party locally, and in 1888 was elected Alderman from the Seventh Ward. His record in the Council was such as to inspire confidence, and in 1894 he was elected City Treasurer by a flattering majority. In 1896 he was renominated and re-elected, and his record in that office has been a standard of efficiency and trustworthiness.

Mr. Green married Miss Ida Fuller, daughter of George W. Fuller, April 21, 1886, and they have two children, George Fuller Green and Elsie Green.

He is a Mason, Scottish Rite and York, a Shriner, and a Knight Templar.



Photo by Thomson.

ALFRED N. GOSSETT,

one of the most substantial members of the bar, was born at Sharpsburgh, Ky., November 13, 1861. His father and mother came to Jackson County in 1857, and it was in the schools near Independence that Mr. Gossett first became familiar with books. He was graduated from Woodland College in 1880, and then went to Washington University, St. Louis, graduating with first honors from the law department there in 1883. The same year he began to practice law at Kansas City, forming with J. D. S. Cook what has the distinction of being the oldest law firm of unchanged name in the city.

Mr. Gossett was married in Kansas City November 23, 1887, to Miss Daisy Vera Galbaugh, now deceased. One child, Gale Galbaugh Gossett, is living.

Mr. Gossett is a prominent member of the Bar Association and of the Kansas City Club. He is a son of the Rev. Jacob D. Gossett, late of Independence, Mo., and a brother of Martin R. Gossett, Recorder of Deeds.



Photo by Strauss.

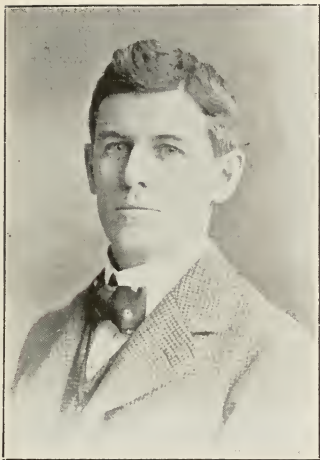
ROBERT PERNEL GREENLEE

was born on a farm in Johnson County, Missouri, October 12, 1868. He led the life of the usual farmer boy, working in summer and going to the district school in the winter. His father, however, who, by the way, represented his county in the Legislature, sent his son to the High School in Warrensburg, and then gave him a course at the State Normal, from which institution he was graduated in 1886. He came to Kansas City the same year, and after taking a course at Spalding's Commercial College entered the Western Dental College. He took his degree in 1891, and at once began the practice of his profession here in Kansas City.

Dr. Greenlee is a member of the Missouri Dental Association, and stands high in his profession.

In the spring of 1902 he was nominated for the Lower House by the Democrats of the Eighth Ward, a Republican ward, and triumphantly elected.

He was married to Miss Margaret Gano May 10, 1892, and is the father of one son, six years old.



JOHN P. GILDAY

was born November 3, 1861, in Pleasant Hill, Missouri, but his parents removed to Independence when he was a year old, and in 1868 came to Kansas City, where the family has ever since remained. He was educated in the public and high schools of this city, and while attending the High School worked as a messenger boy during his leisure hours.

After his graduation he entered mercantile life, but soon turned his attention to stenography. Having become an expert court stenographer, he was given that position in Division No. 3 in 1896, and still holds it.

Mr. Gilday has studied law, but never asked for admittance to the bar.

A close student of public matters and a wide reader, he has a library such as few men possess.

Mr. Gilday has always been interested in politics as a Democrat, having at various times in the last fifteen years been a member of the City, County, and Congressional Committees, serving as secretary of each through many hard-fought campaigns. As a reward for these distinguished services, he has been given the Democratic nomination for Sheriff this year, and triumphantly elected.

Mr. Gilday married Mrs. Maude Dean in 1902.

*Photo by Strauss.*

OVERTON H. GENTRY, JR.,

the present treasurer of Jackson County, was born on a farm near Independence, Missouri, May 9, 1859. His father died when he was only four years old, and from that day to this he has never lacked care, work, and responsibility.

Mr. Gentry went to the district schools in his youth, and later in life took a chemical course at the Missouri University, working all day to pay his way, and studying at night. He did the same thing in Philadelphia, where he attended the School of Pharmacy. Returning to Missouri, he formed a partnership with J. C. Pendleton, under the firm name of Pendleton & Gentry, which firm still continues, although Mr. Fleming Pendleton has succeeded his brother.

Mr. Gentry has always been a Democrat, and has contributed largely to his party's success by his work on campaign committees and personal prestige.

The nomination for Treasurer came to him without opposition and by acclamation, and he justified the confidence placed in him by securing a triumphant majority.

Mr. Gentry was married in 1884 to Miss Emma Robertson, of Saline County, and they have three children. He is an Elk, a member of the Knights of Pythias, and is a Woodman.



Photo by Strauss.

FREDERICK C. GUNN

was born in Atchison, Kansas in 1865. His parents came of old New England stock, and his father, Maj. O. B. Gunn, was active in the early railroad development of the West. The family removed to this city when Mr. Gunn was fourteen years of age, and his interrupted studies in the public schools of Atchison Mr. Gunn then took up in the public schools here. After finishing at the high school, he went to the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, N. Y., and graduated in 1873. He worked in New York for over two years, and then returned to Kansas City, and took up his practice of architecture. He organized the firm of Gunn & Curtiss. The partnership existed for ten years, after which time Mr. Gunn practiced alone. He has designed several of the finer buildings in this city and a countless number of public buildings throughout the West, notably the court houses at Lawrence, Emporia, and Salina, Kas.

Mr. Gunn is a Democrat, and represented that party in the Council from the Third Ward from 1892 to 1894. During his term of office he was chairman of the Finance and Park Committees.

Under President Cleveland's administration he was appointed local architect for the new Postoffice, a position he held for six years, being relieved during the McKinley administration.

Mr. Gunn is a member of the Masonic order, the University Club, and the Kansas City Chapter of the American Institute of Architects.

He was married in 1892 to Miss Winifred Burt, of Michigan.



Photo by Thomson.

JULES EDGAR GUINOTTE

was born on the old Guinotte homestead at Fourth Street and Troost Avenue in this city in August, 1855. His parents were among the earlier settlers of this section of the country, and all his life has been passed in this city. His education was secured at the local common and high schools. After leaving them he went to St. Louis University to take a classical course. On his return here he engaged in clerical work for a while, but determined on law as a profession. He entered the law office of Tichener & Warner, and after some years of study was admitted to the bar. He then engaged in general practice, and was busy with the duties of his practice until nominated and elected Probate Judge by the Democratic party in 1886. This position he has since held, being returned each four years with increased majorities. He was renominated again in the spring of 1902, and re-elected.

Probably no man in the community is better fitted for the arduous responsibilities of the place than Judge Guinotte, for temperamentally he is gifted with the generous sympathy that makes for ideal supervision over the affairs of the widow and orphan, and the honesty and force of character to carry out the plans best suited to each circumstance.

Judge Guinotte married in 1883 the only daughter of the late Dr. John K. Stark.



Photo by Strauss.

ANDREW E. GALLAGHER

was born March 24, 1860, on a farm near Oswego, New York. He attended the district school, and later on went to the State Normal School. After his graduation he taught school for a couple of years, but in 1882 gave up pedagogy, and came to Kansas City, where he engaged in the real estate business. He is now a member of the firm of Hicks & Gallagher.

Always a Democrat, Mr. Gallagher has taken a leading part in politics ever since coming to Kansas City, having served for ten years as a member of the Democratic County Committee. He is now chairman of the County Committee, and his conduct of the recent campaign was largely responsible for the brilliant Democratic victory.

In 1902 he was appointed City Comptroller by Mayor Reed, the place being the first political office ever held by him.

He was married June 12, 1887, to Miss Kittie Burns, of Oswego, N. Y. They have five children, Burns, Grace, Harry, Laura, and Louise.

Mr. Gallagher is a Modern Woodman, and a prominent figure in the public life of the town.



Photo by Thomson.

ROBERT LEE GREGORY

was born in Kansas City, Missouri, March 24, 1863, and has lived his whole life here. His father, William S. Gregory, came to Kansas City from Kentucky in 1844, and when the city was organized in 1853, was elected Mayor—the first Mayor of Kansas City.

The subject of this sketch attended the old Washington School and then the Central High School, being graduated from there in 1876. He then went to the Kemper Military School in Booneville until 1878, when he accepted a position in Texas in the cattle business, and later embarked in the industry on his own hook. He returned to Kansas City in 1884, and went into the employ of the Gregory Grocery Company, founded by his father. He purchased a fourth interest in 1887, and in 1890 bought a controlling interest.

Mr. Gregory is a Democrat, and was appointed a member of the Board of Police Commissioners by Governor Stone, serving until 1902.

He married Miss Nellie Weston November 6, 1885, and they have three children, Katherine, Robert Lee, Jr., and William Simpson.



Photo by Strauss.

EDWARD P. GATES,

lawyer and jurist, was born March 5, 1845, at Lunenburg, Vermont. When he was five years old his parents moved to Illinois, where he received his early education. He was graduated with the highest honors from Knox College, Galesburg, in 1867. Meanwhile his parents had moved to Independence, Mo., and he came West to join them. For a year he read law in the office of Comingo & Slover, and in 1868 was admitted to the bar. In 1877 he formed a partnership with William H. Wallace, enduring for twenty years.

In 1886 Judge Gates was County Counselor. He was once pitted against Roscoe Conkling in the trial of a case. At the election in 1896 Judge Gates was elevated to the Circuit bench. The demands of a large and important law practice have not prevented Judge Gates from becoming well versed in literature. His private library is one of the most complete in the city.

Judge Gates was married November 4, 1886, to Miss Pattie Field Embrey, of Richmond, Ky.



Photo by Strauss.

J. K. GRIFFITH

was born near Cynthiana, Harrison County, Kentucky, February 22, 1863. He spent his boyhood there on the Kentucky farm, and received his early education at a private school in Cynthiana. He afterwards went to Chickering Institute, Cincinnati, and then entered Yale, graduating with the degree of A. B. in 1886. After his graduation there, he attended the Cincinnati Law School, taking his degree of L.L.B. in 1888. He was admitted to the bar in Ohio, then in Kentucky, and came to Kansas City for a permanent residence in the fall of 1888. He was admitted to practice here early in 1889, and entered the office of Scarritt & Scarritt. In 1895 the firm of Scarritt, Griffith, & Jones was formed.

Mr. Griffith is a member of the Commercial Club, a Mason, having been Master of Temple Lodge in 1902. He was married June 21, 1893, in Kansas City, to Miss Georgie Moore, and the union has been blessed with two children, Kerfoot M., and Margaret F.



Photo by Strauss.

HENRY A. GUETTEL

was born in Davenport, Iowa, March 1, 1866. His boyhood, however, was passed in Chicago, where he went to the public schools and grew to manhood.

His first employment was as office boy in a wholesale house, where he remained for nine years, working up to the position of traveling salesman.

In 1887 the firm of Auerbach & Guettel was formed, and the young men started out for themselves with a retail store in Topeka, Kas. The business grew, their capital increased, and in 1893 another Palace Clothing Store was started in Kansas City, where Mr. Guettel has ever since been located.

A third store was started in Emporia in 1899, and in 1901 the fourth store was added to the chain at St. Joseph.

All are partnerships save the Plymouth Clothing Company at St. Joseph, which is a corporation of which Mr. Guettel is president.

Mr. Guettel belongs to the Commercial Club, the Progress Club, and is an Elk.

He married Miss Martha Auerbach in 1896, and they have three children, two boys and a girl.



Photo by Strauss.

PORTER BEACH GODARD

was born at Granby, Connecticut, June 6, 1861, and spent his boyhood days on a farm. He prepared for college at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass., entered Yale in 1885, and was graduated in 1889. His study of the law began in the office of Judge Elisha Johnson and Samuel O. Prentice in Hartford, Conn. In 1891 he was graduated from the Yale Law School, and came to Kansas City July 31 of the same year, to accept an offer from Gardiner Lathrop. He continued with Mr. Lathrop until March 1, 1892, when he entered the law office of Gage, Ladd & Small and has ever since remained there.

Mr. Godard was secretary of the Bar Association 1899-01, and was one of those who started the local Yale Alumni Association, of which he is secretary and treasurer.

Mr. Godard and Miss Eleanor M. Howd were married at New Haven, Conn., June 30, 1897.



Photo by Strauss.

WARREN NOBLE GROFF

was born in Tiffin, Ohio, in 1874. His education was received at the public schools, followed by a course at Notre Dame, after which he entered the Ohio State University. He was graduated from the latter institution in 1896 with the degree of A.B. He then entered the law department, taking his degree in 1899.

Mr. Groff comes of a family of lawyers, his forebears having been eminent in the legal profession in Ohio for many years, and it was in his native town that he first commenced to practice.

The great Middle West called him, however, and it was not long before he came to Kansas City, and let the local winds dally with his shingle. Mr. Groff is alone in the practice of the law.

He is unmarried, and belongs to the Chi Phi Fraternity, the Kansas City Athletic Club, and the University Club.

In politics he is a Democrat, and since coming to Kansas City has identified himself with the local organization.



JAMES M. GREENWOOD

was born in Sangamon County, Illinois, November 15, 1837, his parents being Edmund Greenwood and Jeanette Foster. He spent his boyhood on the farm, attending the district school. In 1852 the Greenwoods removed to Adair County, Missouri, where the father still lives. It was here that Professor Greenwood taught his first school, being barely sixteen. In 1857 he completed his education at the Methodist Seminary in Canton, Mo. He taught school in Lima and Quincy, and in 1862 enlisted in the Union army, serving throughout the war. He taught in the Kirksville Normal School from 1867 to 1874, when he became Superintendent of the Public Schools in Kansas City, then a town of 28,000. Professor Greenwood has been president of the Missouri State Teachers' Association, and in 1884 became a member of the council of the National Educational Association. He has also served as treasurer of the National Association, and in 1897 was elected a life director in the association. In that year the Missouri University conferred upon him the degree of LL.D.

Professor Greenwood was married November 1, 1859, to Miss Amanda McDaniel, a teacher in Kirksville.

He has written and revised many textbooks, and contributed copiously to mathematical journals.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM P. HAYDE

was born in Keokuk, Iowa, November 6, 1863, but his father, a civil engineer and contractor, removed to Missouri when the subject of this sketch was only a year old. His early boyhood was spent in the towns of Edina and Kirksville, where his father built the State Normal School, and in 1879 the family came to Kansas City.

Mr. Hayde took a course in a local commercial college, and then learned the trade of brick-laying. Of a nomadic temperament, he worked all over the country—Washington, Chicago, New York, Ogden, Salt Lake City, etc.—sometimes working at his trade, but more often superintending jobs. In 1891 he was sent to Toronto, Canada, as a delegate to the bricklayers' National Convention from Utah.

Returning to Kansas City in the early '90's, Mr. Hayde went into the office of Inspector of Buildings during Mayor Cowherd's first administration, and from there went over to the office of the Circuit Clerk to serve as deputy. He worked there for three years, making a record for efficiency, and in 1898 was appointed County License Inspector.

Always a Democrat, Mr. Hayde has served as a member of the City Committee from the Eighth Ward for eight years. He is a life member of the Elks, a Knight of Columbus, and a Woodman.

He married Miss Ida Welch in 1893, and they have three children, one girl and two boys.



Photo by Strauss.

JACOB ALBERT HARZFELD

was born in Chicago, Illinois, January 30, 1877. He lived in that city until his twentieth year, and his education had its beginning in the ward schools of the city. He entered the city high schools at the conclusion of his ward schooling, and after his graduation took the classical course at the University of Chicago. When this course had been finished, Mr. Harzfeld became a student at the Northwestern University Law School, and pursued his studies until he had graduated from the institution.

He came to Kansas City in 1897, and almost immediately entered the law office of Mr. I. J. Ringolski. He remained with Mr. Ringolski for over three years, being engaged almost exclusively on the brief work of the office.

He had been admitted to the bar in January, 1898, and during the two years following was given much opportunity for the practice of his profession in following the general practice of Mr. Ringolski's office. In 1900 Mr. Harzfeld left Mr. Ringolski's office and engaged in general practice for himself, officing in the New York Life building, and making a specialty of commercial law. He is a member of the Progress Club and of the Young Men's Club.



Photo by Strauss.

FRANK HAGERMAN,

who has achieved a success that few other lawyers have attained, was born in Clark County, Missouri, April 27, 1857. His boyhood was spent at Keokuk, Ia., where he attended the public schools. He studied law in the office of Hon. P. T. Lomax at Keokuk, and was admitted to practice there in 1876.

M. Hagerman came to Kansas City December 1, 1887, when he was thirty years old, and became a member of the law firm of Pratt, McCrary, Ferry & Hagerman. In 1896 the firm was dissolved, and Mr. Hagerman has since practiced alone.

Mr. Hagerman is attorney for the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, the Milwaukee & Great Western, the packing houses and other large concerns.

He was married February 22, 1887, to Miss Ella Comstock, of St. Louis. There are two children, Haywood and Abbie Stanton, thirteen and nine years of age.

Mr. Hagerman's brother, James H. Hagerman, is general solicitor of the M., K. & T. at St. Louis.



Photo by Strauss.

HERBERT SPENCER HADLEY

was born in Olathe, Kansas, February 20, 1872. After attending the public schools he entered the Kansas University in 1887, and was graduated from there in 1898. He then attended the Northwestern Law School in Chicago, and took his degree in 1894. He came to Kansas City in the same year, and was admitted to practice here.

Mr. Hadley took an active interest in local politics from the commencement of his residence, and in 1898 was appointed Assistant City Counselor. In January, 1901, he resigned in order to make the race for Prosecuting Attorney, and was elected by a handsome majority, being the first Republican to fill that office for a quarter of a century.

Mr. Hadley gave promise of oratorical ability in his school days. He won first prize for Kansas University in the State oratorical contest in 1891, and in 1894, while attending Northwestern, repeated the performance.

Mr. Hadley wedded Miss Agnes Lee October 8, 1901, and they have a daughter.

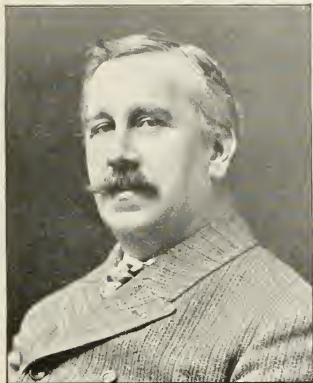


Photo by Thomson.

FRANK MAYNARD HOWE

was born in Arlington, Mass., July 20, 1849. He was educated in the public schools and in Coting Academy, and afterwards took a special course in architecture at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in Boston. In 1868 he entered the office of Ware & Van Brunt, architects, in Boston. and upon the retirement of Mr. W. R. Ware in 1832, became a partner in the concern under the name of Van Brunt & Howe, which partnership still exists. Prior to this he spent some time in travel and study abroad, and in 1880 formed a partnership with the late Arthur H. Dodd, of Boston, but in 1882 this was dissolved, and that of Van Brunt & Howe formed. In 1885 the firm was established in Kansas City.

The present firm enjoys a large practice in all parts of the country, and has always retained its eastern office in Boston. They were on the Commission of Architects at the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893, and enjoy a similar honor on the same commission at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. In their practice in Kansas City they have built many of the largest and most important buildings here.

Mr. Howe was married in 1871 to Miss Mary E. Wyman, of Arlington, and they have two daughters, Katherine and Dorothy. He belongs to the Papyrus Club, of Boston, the Kansas City Club, the Commercial Club, is president of the Knife and Fork Club, president of the Symphony Orchestra, and is a thirty-second degree Mason, and Shriner.



Photo by Thomson.

HORATIO LOOMIS HARMON

was born in Chicago, Illinois, July 5, 1855. He was educated in the public and high schools, and after his school days selected a railroad career. For six years he was in the freight office of the Chicago and Northwestern, and then went to Southern Illinois as agent of a constructing company.

After two years he accepted a position as chief clerk in the motive department of the Burlington at Aurora, Ill., and after a year went to Chicago as contracting freight agent of the C., B. & Q. He served in that capacity for six years, and came to Kansas City in 1889 as general agent of the freight department. In 1895 he was made general agent of the freight and passenger departments, and in 1898 general southwestern agent.

Mr. Harmon has served as secretary of the Country Club since its organization, is president of the Railway Club, and is a director in the Commercial Club, in the Kansas City Club, and in the Board of Trade. He is also vice-president of the Symphony Orchestra, and is a leading figure in every public movement.

He married Miss Jeannette Dodson in Chicago January 16, 1889.



Photo by Strauss.

GEORGE B. HARRISON, JR., was born at Glasgow, Mo., October 23, 1870. His is a pioneer family, his grandfather, John Harrison, who was a native of Kentucky, having settled in Howard County in 1814. There Mr. Harrison's father, George B. Harrison, Jr., was born and reared. Mr. Harrison spent all his earlier life in Glasgow, going to the public schools there and afterwards to Pritchett College, where the degree of A.B. was conferred upon him in 1887. Mr. Harrison went into the banking business soon after his graduation from college in the employ of the Glasgow Savings Bank, rising from a clerkship until he was the bank's cashier. This place he held for ten years. He came to Kansas City in July, 1901, and became assistant cashier of the New England National Bank. January 1, 1902, he was made cashier of the bank.

Since his local residence began, Mr. Harrison has become identified with many institutions of the town, notably the Kansas City Athletic Club, the Kansas City Club, and he also holds membership in the Knights of Pythias. His affiliations in banking and business circles are extensive, being a member of the Missouri Bankers' Association, of which he has been first assistant secretary-treasurer and president (1900 to 1901.) He is also treasurer of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, and treasurer of the Commercial Club.

Mr. Harrison was married in 1891 to Miss Ligon, of Texas. They have two children, a boy and a girl.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN THOMAS HARDING

was born in St. Louis, Missouri, November 15, 1866. His boyhood days, however, were passed in Nevada, Missouri, where he grew to manhood. He attended the public schools, and then took a course at the Southwest Normal School in Fort Scott, Kansas, after which he entered the University of Missouri's law department. He was graduated in 1888, and being admitted to the bar at once began the practice of his profession in Nevada.

Always an enthusiastic Democrat and a public spirited man, Mr. Harding served terms as Prosecuting Attorney of Vernon County and City Counselor of Nevada during his residence there.

In 1900 he came to Kansas City, where he has since lived. He is a member of the local Bar Association, is a Mason, a Knight Templar, a Shriner, and a member of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity.

He was married in 1891 to Miss Joel Atkinson, and they have one child, Patti, born in 1893.



Photo by Thomson.

FRANKLIN HOUSTON

was born on a farm near Huntsville, Alabama, December 18, 1849. He is practically a Missourian, however, as his parents removed to this State when he was less than a year old. They first resided near Booneville, but in 1852 his father entered a large tract of land in Pettis County and they located permanently there. His father was one of the largest farmers and most widely known man in Central Missouri.

Mr. Houston attended the public and private schools in Missouri until 1864, when he entered Bethany College in West Virginia, from which he graduated in 1867 as valedictorian of his class. In 1868 he entered the law department of Michigan University. Returning to Sedalia in 1869, he entered the law offices of Phillips & Vest, then the most widely known lawyers in Central Missouri, and remained with them for two years.

In 1872 he was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Pettis County, and re-elected in 1874, and continued to practice law at Sedalia and adjoining circuits until 1892, when he removed to Kansas City. In 1900 he was appointed General Attorney of the Chicago & Alton Railway for Missouri, which position he still holds. He is a member of the local and State Bar Associations.

Mr. Houston was married to Miss Harriet S. Brown of Sedalia, in 1871.



CARL HOFFMAN

was born at Brensbach, Hesse Darmstad, December 24, 1847. He acquired the rudiments of an education at the gymnasium of his birthplace, and finished later with a course at the University of Giessen. He had inherent taste for music, and took organ, piano, and harmony under Mangold and Niederhoff. He came to this country in 1867 and located at Pittsburg, Pa., where he devoted his energy and ability to musical instruction. He was successful, and was offered and accepted the chair of music in Beaver Seminary, near Pittsburg, then the largest educational place for women in America. Tiring of this, he came farther West, and in Leavenworth, Kas., started into the business of selling musical instruments, gradually developing the business into a retail store for sheet music and musical sundries. He left Leavenworth in 1894, moving his stock and business offices. While in Leavenworth Mr. Hoffman made much progress in perfecting the musical taste of the town, his position as organist of the Catholic Cathedral for ten years giving him the opportunity his tastes inclined to. A year ago his business was incorporated under the firm name of the Carl Hoffman Music Company, with his two sons as partial stockholders.

Mr. Hoffman was married while living in Leavenworth, his wife being Miss Ida Schmelzer. They have four children, John, Ernest, Josephine, and Margaret.



Photo by Strauss.

HARRY HENLEY,

elected Circuit Clerk of Jackson County at the recent election, was born in the town of Independence a little over thirty years ago. The story of his life is one of struggle against adverse circumstances, adversity cheerfully borne, obstacles overcome, and duty done. Before he had even had the advantages of a public school education, he commenced to earn his livelihood, and ease, as a friend, has never known him from that day. There were few things that the boy did not do—he sold papers in the street and carried them from house to house, worked in a woolen mill from dawn till dark, served as helper in a painter's shop, and finally learned the painter's trade—and every change he made was one of advancement.

Knowing everybody, and making a friend of every acquaintance, it came around that influence secured him a place in the Circuit Clerk's office at Independence. Commencing as an office assistant, he worked himself up to the position of deputy, and finally came to have sole control of the Independence office.

Mr. Henley studied law at night, and has been admitted to the bar. He lives with his parents, and belongs to the Knights of Pythias and the Woodmen.



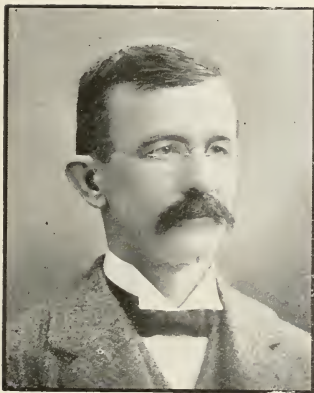
Photo by Strauss.

EDWARD EVERETT HOLMES

was born in West Winstead, Connecticut, December 29, 1849. He attended the public and high schools of his native town, and also studied civil engineering. His first occupation was as axeman in a railroad surveying crew, and he rose steadily until made division superintendent. In 1873, when the panic stopped all building, he found himself in Muscatine, Ia. He located there, and for two years worked as a book-keeper. From that he worked into the real estate and mortgage business, in which he has continued ever since. In 1879 he moved from Muscatine to Emporia, Kas., and in 1882 came to Kansas City.

Mr. Holmes is second vice-president of the United States and Mexican Trust Company, which is engaged in securing the right of way for the Orient line, and is also director in several mining companies. He is a man of intensest energy and application, and has been an important factor in the upbuilding of the town.

Mr. Holmes is a member of the Evans-ton Golf Club. He was married in 1873 to Miss Martha J. Hawley, of Muscatine Ia., and they have one son, Albert.



NUMA FLETCHER HEITMAN

was born September 11, 1860, in Davidson County, North Carolina. He was the oldest in a family of nine, and his struggle for the education he so much desired was a long and hard one. He had two uncles, one a Methodist preacher, and they helped him in the furtherance of his ambitions. By borrowing from the Charles F. Deem's fund, he entered the University of North Carolina, and was graduated in 1882 with the degree of A.B. While at school he made the highest average grade in his class, won the prize in moral philosophy, and also carried away the gold medal offered in oratorical competition.

He decided to study law, and entered the law department of the University of Virginia, taking his degree in 1885. He came to Kansas City at once and hung out his shingle, and has been engaged in general practice ever since.

He married Miss Emma Coleinan October 8, 1888, and is the father of two children, John Hood Heitman, twelve years old, and Numa F., Jr., twenty months old.



C. LESTER HALL

was born in Arrow Rock, Saline County, Missouri, March 10, 1845, the son of a prominent physician and pioneer Missourian. His boyhood, however, was spent on a farm south of Marshall, and his early education was received at the district schools. In 1861, although only 16, he entered the Confederate army as a member of Dill's famous regiment, but was captured at the battle of Milford and put in prison, first at Alton and then in St. Louis. After a few months he took the oath and returned home, soon after entering the Kemper School at Booneville. He commenced the study of medicine in 1864, and attended the St. Louis Medical College, and then for four years he studied with his father, after which he entered the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia, where he took the degree in 1867. He first practiced with his father, but after six years removed to Marshall, where he remained until 1890, when he came to Kansas City.

Dr. Hall has served terms as president of the local Academy of Medicine, the Missouri State Medical Association, and secretary of the section of diseases of women in the American Medical Association. He is president of the board of directors of the Medico-Chirurgical College, and professor of diseases of women and abdominal surgery in that institution.

He married Miss Katherine Sappington, of Saline County, in 1867, and they have four children, Walton, C. Lester, J., Katherine May, and Mrs. Leon Smith.



Photo by Strauss.

ROLAND HUGHES

was born in Plattsburg, Missouri, March 20, 1855, the son of Colonel John F. Hughes, who was killed at the battle of Independence shortly after being brevetted brigadier-general. The boy Roland was just eight years old at the time, and with his mother and brothers began the work of making a living on the farm. He worked early and late, but managed to secure some schooling, and later in his teens contrived a course in William Jewell College at Liberty. He then taught school for a while in Clinton County, and with the money thus saved read law in the office of Governor Ingles in Plattsburg, and was admitted to the bar in 1876. His first act was to sell the reversion in his mother's dower interest in the farm, buying it in for her. Lawyers denied that it could be done, but the Supreme Court upheld the youthful Roland in his generosity. He began the practice of law in Plattsburg, and his ability soon brought him into political prominence. He was elected twice to the office of Prosecuting Attorney, and the nature of the man was admirably shown by his disposition of the salary. The first term's pay went to build a house on the farm for his mother, and the second to educate his two younger brothers.

Mr. Hughes came to Kansas City in 1887, and formed a partnership with General Byron Sherry, which continued until the latter's removal from the city.

The firm of Witten & Hughes was then formed, which continued until the election of Mr. Hughes to the office of Prosecuting Attorney in 1902.



JAMES WILLIAM HULL

was born May 10, 1873, in Weston, Missouri. His father, Walter S. Hull, is one of the pioneer residents of Platte County, having emigrated from Kentucky in 1840. His mother, Susan A. Lowe, was the daughter of the Rev. Shelton Lowe, a Baptist minister, and who, by the way, enjoyed the distinction of cousinship with Jefferson Davis.

The subject of this sketch attended the public schools, and then entered Washington University in St. Louis. He was graduated from the dental department in 1897, and in 1898 came to Kansas City, where he commenced the practice of his profession.

Mr. Hull is a member of the Missouri Dental Association, and was vice-president of the body in 1901. He has also occupied the position of demonstrator of operative dentistry in the Western Dental College, and is a member of the Kansas State Dental Association.

Dr. Hull is a Mason, having taken all the degrees in the York rite, being a member of Temple 299, A. F. & A. M., Orient Chapter, 102 Royal Arch Masons, Oriental Commandery 128, Knights Templar, Shekinah Council, Royal and Select Masters, and is also a Shriner. He belongs to the University Club, the Knife and Fork Club, and the Evanston Golf Club.



Photo by Thomson.

HALE HOLDEN

was born in Kansas City August 11, 1869, and laid the foundation for his later learning in the public schools of this city. He was graduated from the High School in 1886, and in 1890 received the degree of A.B. from Williams College. Two years later he was graduated from the Harvard Law School, and entered the law office of Warner, Dean, Hagerman. He became a member of the firm of Warner, Dean, Gibson & McLeod January 1, 1895. Subsequently James Hagerman went to St. Louis, and Judge Gibson went on the Circuit bench in 1898, when the firm became Warner, Dean, McLeod & Holden.

Mr. Holden was married September 18, 1895, to Miss Ellen M. Weston, daughter of ex-Lieutenant-Governor Weston, of Massachusetts, at Dalton, Mass. They have two children, Eleanor Weston and Hale Holden, Jr.



Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES MORGAN HOWELL

was born at Sholes, Indiana, in 1872. His family moved to Fairfax, Mo., when he was eight years old, and it was there Mr. Howell received his early education. He graduated from the public schools of the town and then took a course at the University of Missouri, from where he graduated in 1890. After his graduation he took a course in political economy and kindred subjects at William Jewell College in Liberty, Mo. He studied law for a time in the office of Congressman Dougherty, and then went to Ann Arbor for a special law course, graduating from there in 1893. After being admitted to the bar at Liberty, Mo., he came to Kansas City. He was appointed by former Prosecuting Attorney James A. Reed an assistant prosecutor, and served throughout Mr. Reed's term of office from 1899 to 1900. He is now an Assistant City Counselor.

He has always been active in politics, and is a member of the Jackson County Club. Aside from this, he holds membership in the Modern Woodmen of America, the Knights of Pythias and the Greek letter society, Kappa Alpha. Mr. Howell enlisted at the outbreak of the Spanish war and was elected first lieutenant of Company F, Third Missouri Volunteers, and was afterwards commissioned captain of Company A, Missouri Volunteers. Mr. Howell is unmarried.



Photo by Thomson.

ARCHIBALD DAVID L. HAMILTON

was born at Brampton, Ontario, November 16, 1860, and is of Irish descent. His family moved to Toronto when he was twelve years of age, and his education was secured in the public schools of Brampton and Toronto. At the end of his school life Mr. Hamilton went into the paper business, and has remained in it ever since.

He came to the United States in 1885, when he went with the American Roll Paper Company and afterwards with the Graham Paper Company. He came to this town in 1891 for the latter company to take charge of the local branch. Aside from his position as manager of the place, Mr. Hamilton has aided in many ways the plans tending to the upbuilding of Kansas City, and is affiliated with various associations having that end in view.

He was one of the organizers of the original Carnival Krewe, and has been its secretary for a number of years, and was a director in the Krewe. He is also a member of the Commercial and Kansas City Driving Clubs, and a member and director of the Manufacturers' Association. Among the secret societies he is affiliated with are the Elks and the Masons, he being a Scottish Rite and a Shriner.

Mr. Hamilton was married in Toronto in 1886 to Miss Gammie.



Photo by Strauss.

BEN T. HARDIN

was born in Randolph County, Missouri, October 8, 1852, and lived there until he was nineteen years old. His first work was on the farm, splitting rails and hewing ties for the C. & A. railroad. He taught school two years, and went to the State Normal at Kirksville, from which he was graduated in 1875. The two following years he was Principal of the Public Schools at New London, and then entered the law office of Martin & Priest, and was admitted to the bar in 1877, and came to Kansas City May 17, 1889.

Mr. Hardin was Prosecuting Attorney of Randolph County four years. In Kansas City he has acted as special judge frequently on the Circuit bench, and is well known as a Republican campaign speaker.

He was married October 8, 1879, to Miss Clara Phillips.

*Photo by Strauss.***SIGMUND HARZFELD**

was born in Buffalo, New York, October 2, 1867, but his parents moved to Chicago when he was still a mere child. In the Lake Front city he spent his boyhood, and received his education in the schools there. He was a pupil in the first manual training school in the State of Illinois, by the way.

After getting out of school, he went to work as office boy in a mercantile house, and by dint of "hustling" worked up to the position of manager of the business. In 1890 he came to Kansas City, and started the Parisian Cloak Company.

In those days the company occupied one store-room, and employed only fifteen people. To-day the Parisian Cloak Company has its four-story building, and has over a hundred people on its pay-roll.

Mr. Harzfeld is a member of the Commercial Club, and has been active in every movement tending to make Kansas City greater. He is also president of the Progress Club, and an Elk.

He married Miss Florence Stern in 1894.

*Photo by Strauss.***EDMUND ALEXANDER HUPPERT**

was born near Alton, Illinois, November 22, 1863, but was reared to manhood in St. Louis, Mo. He went to the public schools there and then to Washington University, after which his parents decided to give him an art education, as he had shown artistic talent ever since childhood. A course at the St. Louis School of Fine Arts was followed by a three years' stay in Europe, where he worked early and late under the tutelage of masters. He studied for a while in the Royal Academy at Munich, but soon entered the Julian Academy in Paris, where he sat under the teachings of Lefebvre and Boulanger. After some months spent in travel, he returned to St. Louis in 1887, and in 1889 came to Kansas City, where he established the Kansas City School of Fine Arts, with only energy and talent for capital. He has made the venture a success, and the school now ranks with the best in the country.

Professor Huppert was appointed supervisor of drawings in the public schools in 1902, a position that does not interfere with his own school work. His canvases are in many galleries of note throughout the country, and hang in many public buildings, notably the Missouri State University.

He married Miss Jessie Withers in 1891. He is a Woodman, and a charter member of the Knife and Fork Club.



Photo by Strauss.

DANIEL B. HOLMES

was born in Lexington, Kentucky, March 13, 1850. He received his early education in the public schools, then attended the Transylvania High School, and in 1870 graduated from Kentucky University at Lexington with the degree of A.B. He then entered the Harvard Law School, and was graduated from there in 1872 with the degree of L.L.D. He came to Kansas City in the same year, and soon formed a law partnership with ex-Senator T. V. Bryant, which continued for thirteen years. For two years he was alone, and then the firm of Karnes, Holmes & Krauthoff was formed in 1889 and continued for ten years. He is now senior member of the firm of Holmes & Perry.

It was February 6, 177, that Mr. Holmes married Miss Lyda A. Massey, of Jefferson City, daughter of Hon. James F. Massey, Secretary of State at the commencement of the civil war, and also a member of the Constitutional Convention. Mr. Holmes is the father of four children, Massey B., now practicing law in New York; Mrs. George B. Langford, Miss Mignon, and Gilbert.

Mr. Holmes has served a term as president of the Kansas City Bar Association.



Photo by Thomson.

FREDERICK HUTTIG, SR.,

was born in Isserstedt, Germany, June 10, 1832. His education was secured in the schools of his native place. Mr. Huttig came to this country and located in in Muscatine, Iowa, in 1852. He engaged in the grocery business after a time, and remained in the business for five years. He then went into the sash and door business, being a pioneer in that line of work in the West. In conjunction with the sash and door business at Muscatine, Mr. Huttig engaged in selling lumber at Kellogg, Ia. He remained in the sash and door business in Muscatine for nineteen years, and was twice honored with public office by the citizens of the town, first as a member of the City Council and then as a member of the Board of Supervisors.

Mr. Huttig came to Kansas City in 1895. His two sons, Frederick, Jr., and William, had preceded him to this city, and had organized and were running the Western Sash and Door Company. Mr. Huttig went into the business with them, and is the company's vice-president. It is by far the biggest company in that line of business in the West, and shows a most marvelous growth within recent years.

Mr. Huttig holds membership in a number of secret societies, among them the Masons and the Knights of Honor.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM HUTTIG

was born in Muscatine, Iowa, November 26, 1859. His education was received in the public schools, and at the age of ten he went to work for his father, a pioneer in the sash and door business. The young William was started in at the very bottom, his daily wage being twenty cents, but he worked up.

The business was moved to Kansas City, in 1882. At that time the Western Sash and Door Company was capitalized for \$30,000, but to-day its capitalization is \$800,000. Mr. Huttig is president of the company.

He is also vice-president of the Fidelity Trust Company, a director in the Eagle Manufacturing Company, the Sonora Development Company, and the Kansas City and Arkansas Development Company. He is also one of the executive members of the Mexico & Orient Railroad.

Mr. Huttig is a very public spirited man, and has played a prominent part in the upbuilding of the town. He belongs to the Commercial Club and the Kansas City Club. He was married June 16, 1896, to Miss Nannie Holmes, daughter of J. T. Holmes. They have one daughter. Mr. Huttig has three sons by a former wife.



Photo by Thomson.

FREDERICK HUTTIG, JR.,

was born in Muscatine, Iowa, August 14, 1871, son of the pioneer sash and door manufacturer of the West. He received his early education in the public schools, and also had the advantage of a high school course. At the age of sixteen he commenced to work, accepting employment with his father's house, and it was not long until he reached a stage of efficiency that recommended him for promotion, and he was given charge of the firm's branch house at Wichita, Kas. He succeeded so admirably that he was transferred to the more important branch at St. Joseph, Mo., Here he remained until 1890, when he came to Kansas City to accept the position of treasurer of the Western Sash and Door Company.

This position he still holds, and he has played no small part in developing the Western Sash and Door Company from an average concern to perhaps the greatest of its kind in the world.

Mr. Huttig married, April 17, 1896 Miss Catherine Holmes, daughter of J. T. Holmes, one of Kansas City's pioneer citizens, and they have one boy.

Mr. Huttig belongs to the Kansas City Club, to the Commercial Club, the Driving Club, and is an Elk and a Mason.



Photo by Thomson.

WALTON H. HOLMES,

one of the best known men in Kansas City, was the second child of Nehemiah and Mary Holmes and was born in 1861 in Independence, Missouri. His father was the founder, of the street railway system of Kansas City, and during his vacations from the local high school and the Christian Brothers' College in St. Louis, the young Walton learned the business," beginning at the bottom.

At the age of sixteen he engaged in the business of contractor and builder on a large scale and when seventeen years old was elected vice-president of the Kansas City and Westport Horse Railway Company, and upon attaining his majority was elected president. In 1886 he introduced the cable system, and was the first president in the United States to introduce the overhead trolley electric system. It was chiefly through his instrumentality that the street car line of the city were consolidated, after which he was made vice-president and general manager, and in 1898 was elected president. In 1902 Mr. Holmes severed his connection with the Metropolitan, and is now engaged in looking after his own personal interests.

In 1884 he was married to Miss Fleece Phillips, daughter of Dr. Phillips, an eminent surgeon of Austin, Tex., and a niece of U. S. District Judge John F. Phillips. They have one son, Walton H., Jr.



Photo by Thomson.

CONWAY F. HOLMES

youngest child of Nehemiah and Mary Holmes, was born in 1864 in Kansas City, Missouri, and received his education in the local schools and the business college at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Like his brother, Walton, he entered the street railway service while yet a lad, and in 1886 became superintendent of the Grand Avenue Cable Company. With his brother he brought about the first street railway consolidation and the subsequent merging of all the Kansas City lines into the Metropolitan Street Railway system, of which he became general superintendent and later general manager. In addition to his duties with the Metropolitan, he was president of the Kansas City Electric Light Company, a director in the Kansas City State Bank, and a vice-president and member of the Executive Committee of the American Street Railway Association.

In 1885 he married Miss Maud Gregory, daughter of Kansas City's first mayor, and has one son, named William Gregory.



Photo by Cornish.

ELIHU WATTS HAYES

was born in West Lebanon, Maine, October 23, 1857. His early education was secured in the public schools, and he afterwards took a classical course in the West Lebanon Academy.

After graduation, he entered the mercantile life in North Lebanon, remaining in that town until 1882, when the larger West called him.

He located in Kansas City in 1882, and has been a steady resident ever since, being continuously engaged in the real estate and building business.

Always a Democrat and an active worker for the party's success, Mr. Hayes was given the nomination for County Collector in 1890, and elected by a handsome majority. He served the four years' term, and then returned to his private business. He has served at different times on the City, County, and Congressional Committees, and is a strong man politically.

Mr. Hayes is a thirty-second degree Mason. He was married in 1882 to Miss Annie E. Jones, of North Lebanon, and is the father of three children, Bessie C., Victor E., and Mabel A.



MATTHEW SIMPSON HUGHES,

pastor of the Independence Avenue Methodist Church, was born at Doddridge, Virginia, February 2, 1863. He was educated at Linsley Institute and at the West Virginia University, in whose faculty at that time was Wm. L. Wilson, afterwards famous as the author of the Wilson Bill in Congress. Dr. Hughes lived in Virginia until he was twenty-four years old. He was ordained for the ministry in 1888 and his first pastoral work was in Iowa. He rose rapidly, and was soon called to the Methodist Church in Portland, the largest Protestant Church in the State of Maine. He next went to the Wesley Church in Minneapolis from which he was called to the Kansas City church in 1898.

Dr. Hughes studied law, and was offered a partnership with one of the leading attorneys of Pennsylvania. He was city editor of a newspaper at Morgantown and one at Parkersburg.

Newspaper work gave him facility and a deep knowledge of human nature, while the law imparted a certain judicial dispassionate tinge to his mind. He is a brilliant pulpit orator, whose oratory, however, is of ideas, not mere words.

Dr. Hughes was married to Miss Harriet F. Wheeler at Grinnell, Ia., in 1888. They have two children, Blakely and Esther.



LEE HANEY

was born in Carroll County, Missouri, April 25, 1869, but spent his boyhood in Leavenworth County, Kansas, where he attended the district schools. When eleven he ran away from home and went to New York city. He sold papers for three years, when he went with the Fifth Avenue Hotel as bell-boy, leaving three years later as night clerk. He joined Sells Bros.' Circus, and made the Australian tour with the company in 1885. On his return he went into the newspaper business at Cheyenne, Wyo., and after a year or so there drifted to the Santa Fé machine shops at Argentine, where he remained three years, leaving to become a foreman on the road for a year. He then went to Topeka as day clerk in the Chesterfield Hotel, owned by Allen Sells, and came to Kansas City as night clerk at the Midland in 1892. He then toured a season with the "Alabama" Company, playing a part, and returned to Kansas City in 1898, going to work for the *World* as Kansas City, Kas., editor. He went with the *Journal* in 1902, and later in the year was made press agent of the Orpheum Theater, which place he now holds. He was married August 28, 1898, to Miss Edith Davis, of Kingston, Mo., a lineal descendant of Jefferson Davis. They have one child, Lee Haney Jr.

*Photo by Thomson.*

ROBERT JAY INGRAHAM

was born in 1864 in Coshocton, Ohio, but has nobly lived it down.

After going through the public and high schools of Coshocton, he came to Kansas City in 1884, and went into the office of C. O. Tichenor, where he read law for two years under the tutelage of that able jurist.

He was admitted to the bar in 1886, and remained with Mr. Tichenor until 1889, when the law firm of Teasdale, Ingraham & Cowherd was organized. Mr. Cowherd was first elected Mayor, then Congressman. In 1901 Mr Teasdale was made Circuit Judge, and in 1902 Mr. Ingraham was appointed City Counselor by Mayor Reed. It is really his first political office, unless one counts his terms as Mayor and City Counselor of Westport before its consolidation with Kansas City.

He has been a life-long Democrat, and plays an important part in every political campaign, although never putting party above public welfare.

He was married to Miss Margaret Nelon, of Lawrence, Kas., and the marriage has been blessed with two children Margaret and Robert James.



LAWRENCE MONROE JONES

president and treasurer of the Jones Bros. Dry Goods Co., was born in Franklin County, Illinois, December 28, 1856. His early education was received in the public schools, but he earned money enough to take himself through Hamilton College. After graduating he taught school for six years, but his bent was commercial rather than pedagogic. In 1879, in the hamlet of Parrish, Ill., he started a general store in company with his brother, Logan and another partner. After the first year they bought out the third man, and the second year did a business of \$30,000. Spreading their wings, the Jones brothers removed to the county seat, Benton, and then the family journeyed to Kansas. In a general store in Winchester, then in Stratford, and then in Kansas City, Kas., was their record, in each place adding to their capital and extending their operations. After five years in the latter place, the firm of Jones Bros moved to Kansas City, Mo., and from that time until now has been a time of progress and improvement.

In 1881 Mr. Jones married Miss Emma Williams, of Du Quoin, Ill., and has four children, Junia, Jessica, Chester L., and Abbie.

Mr. Jones is a forceful writer and an attractive speaker, as well as an able business man.



J. LOGAN JONES,

vice-president and secretary of the Jones Bros. Dry Goods Company, had a romantic birth. He first saw the light of day in an Indian hut where Ottawa, Kas., now stands.

That was in 1859, when the Jones family was journeying westward. The father soon returned to Illinois, and there young Logan received his education at the public schools and at Hamilton College. Like his brother, he taught school after graduation, and it was with the monetary rewards of pedagogy that they secured the capital of \$400 apiece with which to lay the corner-stone of their present enormous business.

In 1883 he married Miss Jennie Charlton, and now has three children, Charles Vernon, Ernest Charlton, and Vivian.

From the time of coming to Kansas City Mr. Jones and his brother, despite their tremendous responsibilities, have never failed to take an active part in all movements tending to the public good. He is in every respect a useful citizen. With his brother, Lawrence, Mr. Jones is a general manager of the great store and also has charge of the advertising department, so important a branch of the modern mercantile business. He has a pretty taste for literature, and is always in demand for addresses.



CHARLES S. JOBES,

the president of the American National Bank, was reared in Northeastern Ohio, from where he moved south in 1871, at the age of seventeen, and engaged in civil engineering, railroad, and levee construction in the States of Texas and Mississippi.

Later he engaged in banking, and in 1886 located in Southern Kansas, where he continued in banking until 1897, when he was appointed National Bank Examiner, and was thus employed until October 8, 1901, when he resigned as Bank Examiner to accept the presidency of the American National Bank of Kansas City, Mo. During his term of service as National Bank Examiner his territory covered all the States of Kansas, Missouri, south of the Platte River in Nebraska and the Indian Territory, and included over two hundred and fifty National Banks. His work as Bank Examiner also gave him high standing with the Comptroller of the Currency, and he was made receiver of three National Banks during his period of service.

*Photo by Strauss.*

SAMUEL W. JURDEN,

president of the City National Bank, was born in North Adams, Massachusetts, May 7, 1848. At the age of twelve years his parents removed to St. Albans, Vt., where the subject of this sketch went to the public and high schools.

When eighteen years old, he and the family came out to Missouri and located at Holden, Johnson County.

For a while he was engaged in the lumber business, and then accepted a position as cashier of the Bank of Holden.

In 1895 he was made president of the bank, in which position he remained until August 1, 1900, when he came to Kansas City to take the presidency of the City National Bank.

Since coming here, Mr. Jurden has identified himself with the Commercial Club, and has shared in the work of many public movements.

He is a Mason, and has been a prominent figure in Republican politics in Missouri for many years.

Mr. Jurden married Miss Ellen Redford at Fayetteville, Mo., in 1874, and they have three children, two boys and a girl.



Photo by Strauss.

HENRY SAINT JULIAN

was born July 23, 1862, in Franklin Kentucky. He received his education in the public schools and in the Kentucky Military Institute.

Deciding upon the legal profession, he entered the law department of the University of Michigan, and immediately after his graduation in 1885 came to Kansas City, where he commenced to practice.

He was elected to the Legislature in 1891, and served as a member of the Assembly until 1895. While at Jefferson City he introduced the bill to tax franchises, which, while it failed of passage by a narrow margin, paved the way for later legislation. Mr. Julian was also one of the first men to agitate the question of municipal ownership of the waterworks, and in 1898 secured the insertion of the municipal ownership plank in the Democratic platform.

He was appointed Chief of Police in 1897, and during his tenure of office put a stop to the foot-pad reign of terror by issuing orders to "shoot to kill."

At the outbreak of the late war with Spain he was commissioned Major of the Fifth Missouri, and served until peace was declared.

A Democrat all his life, he has served in every campaign on the City or County Committees, and is high in the councils of his party.



HENRY WESTFALL JACQUES

was born January 30, 1870, in Hannibal, Missouri, where he resided until his parents removed to Kansas City in 1881. He attended the Kansas City public and high schools, and completed his education at Kansas University.

After his school days he entered the employ of the Memphis Route, where he remained for two years. He then went with the South Missouri Land and Lumber Company as book-keeper, and then for a while with the Sunny South Lumber Company.

In 1891 he accepted a position as traveling salesman for the Kansas City Car and Foundry Company, afterwards acquired by the Armour interests, and remained with it for three years.

In 1893 he organized the Mercantile Lumber & Supply Company, and was elected president. Under his direction the business has grown from the original capitalization of \$5,000 to \$50,000, and a railroad supply house is also operated by it now.

Mr. Jacques married Miss Bessie Hibler in 1897, and has one child, Henry P., fourth of that name in the family, which traces back to 1630.

Mr. Jacques belongs to the Commercial Club and the Kansas City Club.



Photo by Strauss.

THOMAS JONES

was born in Wales, October 7, 1857, and was the son of a minister. He came to New York when fifteen years old, and was educated at Oberlin College, graduating there in 1885, and from the Cincinnati Law School in 1887. He came to Kansas City July 4, 1887. Senator Lyman was his partner two years, then it was Jones & Kirshner. For several years he has practiced alone. Mr. Jones is secretary and attorney for the Florence Crittenden Home; he is in close touch with the National Municipal League; is a member of the board of directors of the Associated Charities, and is vice-president of the Missouri Republican Club. He was a candidate for police Judge in 1896. He is president of the local Christian Endeavor Union, and was State president for two years. He is now the world's vice-president for Missouri of this society. He was prominently identified with the West Side Law and Order League from 1894 to 1900.



Photo by Strauss.

KITTREDGE JENNEY

was born in Norwalk, Ohio, April 26, 1871. His family moved to Kansas City when Mr. Jenney was but a year old, and he has lived in this city ever since. He graduated from the public schools, and took a course of study at the Lehigh University, graduating from that institution in 1893. After his return to the city from the university he entered the law office of Pratt, Ferry & Hagerman two years, after being admitted to the bar in 1894. He remained with Pratt, Ferry & Hagerman two years after being admitted to the bar, when he entered into partnership with Herman Brumback under the firm name of Brumback & Jenney.

Mr. Jenney has been a life-long Democrat, and was nominated for Justice of the Peace on that party's ticket in 1897. He was elected, and on the expiration of his term in 1902, was re-elected.

In his school days he developed a propensity for joining societies, holding membership in the Psi Epsilon and the University Club. He is now a member of the Bar Association, the Eagles, and the Elks.

Hr. Jenney is unmarried, and lives in the Third Ward.



Photo by Strauss.

GARLAND MORDECAI JONES

was born June 14, 1873, in Abingdon, Virginia. He was taken by his father to Mississippi while young, and entered the public schools of that State as a pupil. After his graduation from the common schools he was sent to University of Mississippi, and the degree of A.B. was conferred upon him in 1893 and a year later that of L.L.B. Soon after he enrolled as a student of Washington and Lee University, taking the law course. Even before taking the law course he was reading law at home and under the supervision of local attorneys, devoting odd hours and vacations to the task. He graduated from Washington and Lee, and was admitted to the bar of Mississippi soon after. After his admittance to the bar, Mr. Jones took up practice of his profession at West Point, Miss. He met with a fair degree of success, but the more strenuous and wider fields of the West appealed to him, and he decided to come to Kansas City. He did so in 1898, following the footsteps of his brother, R. W. Jones, Jr., and entered into practice here on his arrival.

While at school, Mr. Jones became affiliated with the Greek Letter Society, Delta Kappa Epsilon, and he is also a member of the University Club and the Jackson County Democratic Club.

Mr. Jones is unmarried. *J. L. M.*



HORATIO SEYMOUR JONES

was born August 26, 1867, in Liberty, Clay County, Missouri. His family removed to Kansas City three years after his birth, and his education was secured in the public schools of this city. After his term of school here he attended William Jewell College in Liberty, Mo., taking the classical course, and was graduated an A.B. in 1884. His father, Dr. L. J. Jones, was one of the pioneer physicians of this city, and helped organize the first medical society the town ever had. He was also one of the organizers of the Kansas City Medical College, and was in many respects among the foremost of local physicians. From him young James inherited a liking for medicine, and soon after his graduation from William Jewell College he took up the study of the profession at the University Medical College. He graduated from that institution in 1888, and entered immediately on professional practice. He was stationed at the Wabash Railroad Company's hospital in this city and Springfield, Ill., as house surgeon, and afterwards held the same post at the Memphis Railroad Company's hospital in Kansas City and Memphis, Tenn. He then took up regular practice.

Dr. Jones is a member and physician of Mayflower Camp, Royal Neighbors of America, holds membership in the Modern Woodmen of America, and the Masons, the Missouri State Medical Association, the American Medical Association, Clay County Medical Association, and Tri County Medical Association, composed of Clay, Platte, and Clinton counties.



Photo by Strauss.

ARTHUR L. JELLEY

was born in Windsor, Canada, May 25, 1876, the son of a railroad man. His boyhood days, therefore, were spent in various parts of the country, but for the most part in Des Moines, Ia., where he received a thorough public school education. He served as a page in the Iowa Legislature during the assemblies of 1890 and 1892, and in 1891 worked in a wholesale grocery store. In 1893 he came to Kansas City, and his first employment was with the J. C. Dold Packing Company in a rather humble way. He soon went out as advance agent for Mabel Jenness Venter, but quitting that after six months secured a position in the office of the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Packing Company. In 1896 he bought out Wolf, of the firm of Wolf & Schull, tailors, and the firm of Schull & Jelley was started with a capital of \$47. The business increased steadily, until soon three stores were being operated, but in March, 1902, they were consolidated into one large Main Street store, and the business incorporated with a capital stock of \$25,000, all paid in.

Mr. Jelley and Mr. Schull also do a lot of building on the side, many a house in Kansas City having been put up by them.

Mr. Jelley is an Elk, an Eagle, a Mason, a Knight Templar, a Shriner, and a member of the Commercial Club.

He is unmarried, and lives at the Elks' Club.



WILLIAM T. JAMISON

was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, November 16, 1858, living on a farm in his boyhood and attending district school. He went to Washington and Jefferson College, and was graduated from the University of Michigan Law School in 1884. Following graduation, he taught school five years, and then began the practice of law at Wheeling, W. Va.

It was April 6, 1886, that he came to Kansas City and entered the law office of L. C. Slavens, four years later becoming a member of the firm of Slavens, Spottswood & Jamison. This partnership continued until January, 1895, when Mr. Jamison was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Jackson County by the Republicans. In 1894 he represented the Seventh Ward in the lower house of the Council, was Speaker of the House, resigning that position to become Prosecuting Attorney.

Mr. Jamison was married February 17, 1886, to Miss Anna M. Whitely. They have one son, Howard L., fourteen years old.



Photo by Thomson.

ELLIOTT H. JONES,

a young lawyer who has risen rapidly, was born at Camden, Alabama, July 18, 1870. He resided there until he was fifteen years old, when he went to Cambridge, Mass., and prepared for college in the Latin School. For two years succeeding this he was in the employ of Houghton, Mifflin & Co., O. H. Houghton of that company being his uncle. He entered Vanderbilt University at Nashville, Tenn., in 1887, took the degree of A.B. in 1891 and the degree of L.L.B. in 1893. August 1, 1893, he came to Kansas City, and entered the law office of W. C. Scarritt. The firm of Scarritt, Griffith & Jones was organized January 1, 1896.

Mr. Jones was married December 27, 1894, to Miss Mattie Scarritt. They have three children, Elliott Scarritt, Russell Houghton, and Paul, aged seven, five, and two.

Mr. Jones is a member of the Bar Association, and takes a lively interest in athletics.



JOSEPH VAN CLIEF KARNES

was born on a farm in Boone County, Missouri, in February, 1841. From the district schools he entered the State University in 1877, and was graduated with high honors in 1862. Immediately thereafter he enrolled himself in the Harvard Law School, but left it in his first year to accept a Greek and Latin tutorship in the Missouri University. In 1865, upon resigning, he was given an A.M. degree. During his tutorship he had studied law and been admitted to the bar, and in August, 1865, he came to Kansas City in company with Henry N. Ess, and formed the law firm of Karnes & Ess, which continued for twenty-one years. He is now head of the firm of Karnes, New & Krauthoff.

Few men have done more for Kansas City than Mr. Karnes. As a member of the school Board, he stood for progress and non-partisanship, and worked early and late in the development of Kansas City's magnificent educational system, and the upbuilding of the great Public Library. As chairman of the Commercial Club Committee on Municipal Legislation, he has also labored, and he was also one of the organizers of the Provident Association. He helped to found the Kansas City Bar Association, and was its president for three terms, and was also one of the founders of the Kansas City Law Library.

Mr. Karnes married Miss Mary Crumbaugh, of Columbia, and they have three children, a son and two daughters.



Photo by Thomson.

GEORGE E. KESSLER

was born in Frankenhausen, Thuringen, Germany, July 16, 1862. His family removed to New York City when he was in his infancy, and he secured his education in the public schools of Gotham. He afterwards went to the University of Jena, Germany, where he took a partial classical course, going from there to Weimar and Potsdam colleges for a four years' course in gardening, botany, and engineering, preparatory to taking up landscape engineering. He returned to New York after graduating in 1882, and took charge of some special work in Central Park, leaving after several months' residence for this city. Soon after arriving he was placed in charge of Merriam Park by the Ft. Scott & Gulf Railroad.

As engineer of the Board of Public Works, he planned Kansas City's magnificent park and boulevard system, having been engineer of the board since its inception in 1892. He also planned the park systems of Topeka, and Memphis, Tenn., and the landscape work at Mt. Washington and originated and remodeled features of Elnwood and Forest Hill cemeteries, besides doing a raft of local and out-of-town lawn work.

At present he is superintendent of parks for the Frisco System; landscape engineer of the World's Fair in St. Louis, in charge of the work; and is taking care of the Frisco System's forestry experiment at Farmington, Kas.

Mr. Kessler is a Mason and an Elk. He was married May 14, 1900, to Miss Ida G. Fields, of St. Louis, Mo.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM THORNTON KEMPER

was born in Gallatin, Missouri, November 2, 1867, and lived there until seventeen years old, when his parents moved to St. Joseph.

He was educated in the public and high schools, and began his business career as salesman for a boot and shoe house. After four years on the road, he started a bank and general store in Valley Falls Kas., where he remained until 1893, when he came to Kansas City and formed the Kemper Grain Company.

Mr. Kemper was president of the Grain Exchange in 1900, and in February, 1902, was appointed a member of the Board of Police Commissioners by Governor Dockery.

He is also a director in the National Bank of Commerce, president of the Kemper Investment Company, and operates department stores in Leavenworth, Topeka, and Valley Falls.

In 1890 he married Miss Lottie Crosby, of Valley Falls, Kas., and is the father of two children, James M. and Rufus Crosby.

Mr. Kemper is a member of the Commercial Club, and is prominently identified with the political and business organizations of Kansas City.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM FREDERICK KUHN

was born in Lyons, New York, April 15, 1849. When he was eight years old his parents removed to a farm in Kalamazoo County, Michigan, where he remained until his majority. He was graduated in 1875 from Wittenburg College, receiving the degree of A.B., and later had the degree of A. M. conferred upon him. He taught school in Ohio until 1862, when he entered the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, receiving his diploma in 1864. He first practiced in Eldorado, Kas., but came to Kansas City in 1888, where he has since been engaged in the practice of medicine. For several years prior to 1893 Dr. Kuhn occupied the chair of materia medica and therapeutics in the University Medical College, and from 1893 to 1899 he held the chair of neurology in the Medico-Chirurgical College and the Women's Medical College. He is president of the Kansas City School of Medicine and a member of the faculty of the Western Dental College.

He has been honored with more offices and degrees in Masonry, perhaps, than any other man in Kansas City.

Dr. Kuhn was twice married. His first wife was Elizabeth C. Wilson, of Belle Centre, Ohio, who bore him two children, Elizabeth and Harold. She died in 1887, and October 21, 1891, he married Miss Jessie O. Wilson.



Photo by Strauss.

I. B. KIMBRELL

was born in Irving, Kentucky, September 8, 1862. He first went to school at Ayers' Academy, College Hill, Ky., and in 1872 his father, a farmer, removed to Galloway County, Missouri.

The subject of this sketch finished his education at Central College, Fayette, Mo., completing his course with unusual credit.

Mr. Kimbrell began the practice of law when he was twenty-four years old, locating in Aurora, Mo., and from there went to Webb City, where he practiced for a while. In 1891 he came to Kansas City, where he has ever since remained.

Mr. Kimbrell has always been an active worker for the success of the Republican party, and in 1901 his party loyalty was rewarded and his ability recognized by appointment to the position of Assistant Prosecuting Attorney.

He married Miss Lillian Lease in 1888 at Centralia, Mo., and is the father of four children, Kate, Lorna, Marian, James



Photo by Strauss.

FREDERICK W. KELLOGG

was born in Norwalk, Ohio, December 7, 1866. He lived in that city until seventeen years of age, acquiring meanwhile an education in the public schools of the town. After a course in the High School he went to work for one of the Scripps papers, the *Cleveland Press*, and has been continuously in the newspaper business since that time. He worked for the various papers in the Scripps League in different departments, and acquired an intimate knowledge of the business from the ground up. He is an advertising expert, and has been an unqualified success as a solicitor and designer of "catchy" advertising.

He became a joint proprietor of the *Omaha News* in connection with M. L. V. Ashbaugh in 1899, and in the same year the two assumed proprietorship of the *St. Paul News*. The following year they absorbed the *Kansas City World*, and this year, 1902, they became the proprietors of the *Des Moines News*. Mr. Kellogg is president of the various corporations, and is besides a stockholder in the Scripps-McRea Association.

He is a Scottish Rite Mason and a Shriner. He was married in 1890 to Miss Florence Scripps in Detroit, and has three children.



HENRY G. KYLE

was born September 20, 1872, in Bates County, Missouri. His first years were spent on a farm. He attended William Jewell College for six years, graduating in 1897. Then he took a two-year law course at the University of Kansas, from which he was graduated in 1899. That same year he was admitted to the bar, and came to Kansas City. His connection with several important murder trials as counsel for the defense has given him a reputation as a criminal lawyer.

Mr. Kyle represented the Kansas Law School at the State Bar Association meeting at Topeka in 1899.

Since coming to Kansas City he has identified himself actively with the workers in the Republican party.



Photo by Strauss.

DR. J. PHILIP KNOCHE

was born in Jackson County, Missouri, July 25, 1859. He was educated in the Kansas City public schools and at Spalding's Business College. His first course in medicine was taken at the Kansas City Medical College. Afterwards he attended the Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York, and in 1883 went to the University of Vienna in Austria, where he took a post-graduate course of three years.

Meanwhile he had begun practicing medicine in 1881, first in partnership with Walter R. Fisher and later with Dr. J. D. Griffith.

Dr. Knoche makes a specialty of skin diseases, and is serving his third term as professor of Dermatology in the University Medical College. He is a member of the Jackson County Medical Society, the Academy of Medicine, and the Missouri State Medical Association.



Photo by Strauss.

LUCIUS KNIGHT

was born July 5, 1850, in Washtenaw County, Michigan. His boyhood was spent on a farm, and his early education received in a country school. When he was seventeen years old his parents removed to Ann Arbor, Michigan, where he entered the high school, and was graduated.

In 1871 he enrolled himself as a student in the law school of the University of Michigan, and was graduated in the spring of 1873. For four years he practiced his profession in Central and Northern Michigan, at the end of which time he removed to Arkansas City, Kas. While studying law he also studied stenography, and never allowed himself to forget his proficiency. In Arkansas City he was appointed court stenographer by Judge W. P. Campbell, of the Thirteenth Judicial District Court, and was later re-appointed by Judge Edwin Torrance.

In 1881 he resigned his position and came to Kansas City, where he engaged in general short-hand work until 1882, when he was appointed Court Stenographer of Division No. 1 by Judge Turner A. Gill. He held the same position under Judge R. H. Field, Judge E. L. Scarritt, and now holds it under Judge James Gibson.

Mr. Knight married Miss Mary A. Clark, of St. Louis, June 29, 1892, and they have three children living, Stewart C., Ralph A., and Helen J.



Photo by Thomson.

LATHROP KARNES

was born in Kansas City, Missouri, July, 31, 1868, and has lived his whole life in the town. He attended the local public schools, and then entered Central High School, from where he was graduated in 1873. He then attended the Kemper School in Booneville, receiving his diploma from that institution in 1886.

He at once went to work, securing employment with the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf road as a member of the engineering corps. He remained with that corporation for five years, rising steadily until at the time of his resignation in 1894 he occupied the position of assistant general claim agent.

In 1894 he went with the Grand Avenue Cable Railway as assistant claim agent, and when the consolidation of the street-car lines was brought about in 1896 he remained with the Metropolitan Street Railway Company as general claim agent.

In 1900 he was appointed assistant general manager of the Kansas City Electric Light Company, and in 1902 was made assistant to the secretary and treasurer of the Metropolitan.

Mr. Karnes is an Elk, a thirty-second degree Mason, a Knight Templar, and a member of the Shrine.



JAMES KETNER

was born in Leavenworth, Kansas, February 5, 1869. While still in his infancy his family removed to Junction City, Kas., where his father, Major Ketner, early gained fame as one of the leading practitioners at the bar of central Kansas. Mr. Ketner passed his life up to early manhood there, meanwhile acquiring an education in the public schools of the town, and finally graduating from the High School. Soon after his graduation he went into the banking business, going afterwards to Minneapolis, Kas., to engage in the same business, holding the position of cashier of the First National Bank of Minneapolis. In January, 1894, Mr. Ketner came to Kansas City to become the auditor of the Midland Hotel, and three years later was made its secretary. He retained this position through a number of changes of management, and in August, 1902, formed a partnership with Gustave Beraud, and assumed management of the hotel. In a few months the business had increased to a point where the Baltimore Hotel Company found it expedient to absorb the Midland. Mr. Ketner, however, is still retained by the owners to look after their interests under the lease.

He is a Mason, a Shriner, and a member of the local lodge of Elks.



CHARLES H. KIRSHNER

was born in Fostoria, Ohio, June 25, 1863. He attended the public schools in that town, also the local academy, and later on took a classical course at Oberlin College. From this institution he went to the Cincinnati Law School, receiving his degree in 1888.

Mr. Kirshner first practiced his profession in Salina, Kansas, remaining in that town from 1888 to 1890, coming to Kansas City in the latter year. For twelve months he was connected in practice with the late Thomas Jones, and then officed alone until 1900, when he became junior member of the firm of Beardsley, Gregory & Kirshner, an affiliation that still continues.

Mr. Kirshner belongs to the University Club, is a Mason, and also belongs to the Knights of Pythias. In addition, the various public movements have always elicited his energy and received his support.

He was married in 1889 to Miss Agnes Fairchild, eldest daughter of Dr. George Fairchild, president of the Kansas State Agri-cultural College. They have two children—Charlotte, six years old, and Robert, aged two.



JACOB L. LORIE

was born in Natchez, Mississippi, February 18, 1872. He is practically a Kansas City product, however, as his father, Nathan Lorie, came here in 1880.

The subject of this sketch attended the public schools and then the Central High School, from which institution he was graduated with high honors in 1891.

Mr. Lorie went from Central to Ann Arbor, where he completed the six years' course in five years. He received his B.L. degree in 1895, and in 1896 had his law degree conferred upon him.

He returned to Kansas City, where he at once commenced the practice of his profession. Mr. Lorie's specialty is commercial law, and he has already established himself firmly. He is a member of the local Bar Association, and also belongs to the Knife and Fork Club.

While at Ann Arbor Mr. Lorie served as managing editor of the University of Michigan daily paper, and made it powerful and profitable.



Photo by Strauss.

GARDINER LATHROP

was born at Waukesha, Wisconsin, February 16, 1850. His father, John W. Lathrop, was the first president of the State University of Missouri, and the first chancellor of the State University of Wisconsin. Mr. Lathrop is one of the most widely known lawyers in the State. His boyhood was spent at Madison, Wis. He is a graduate of Yale, '69; the Missouri State University, '67; and received a law degree at Harvard in '73.

Mr. Lathrop opened his office in Kansas City September 1, 1873, his various firms having been Lathrop & Smith; Lathrop, Smith & Morrow; Lathrop, Morrow & Fox; Lathrop, Morrow, Fox & Moore.

He was president of the Bar Association in 1895, is president of the Yale Alumni Association of the Southwest, a member of the Commercial Club and Board of Education, and is vice-president of the Board of Curators of the Missouri State University.

Mr. Lathrop was married to Miss Eva Grant, of Kansas City, January 16, 1879. They have five children. He has been solicitor for the A., T. & S. F. Railroad for Missouri and Iowa many years. His firm is counsel for the Kansas City Southern also. Mr. Lathrop also represents the Pullman and Wells-Fargo companies.

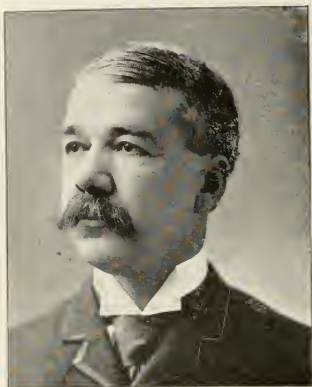


Photo by Thomson.

SANFORD BURRITT LADD,

one of the foremost members of the bar and a lawyer of rare ability, was born at Milford, Michigan, September 11, 1844. He was educated at the University of Michigan, and began the study of law under the Hon. G. V. N. Lothrop, of Detroit, afterwards Minister to Russia.

Mr. Ladd was admitted to the bar in Michigan in 1868, and in the same year located at Kansas City. The following year he formed a partnership with John C. Gage, into which Chas. E. Small was admitted in 1882, composing the well-known firm of Gage, Ladd & Small.

Mr. Ladd was president of the Kansas City Bar Association from 1892 to 1893, and his friends have urged him to make the race for the Supreme Bench on the Republican ticket.

In 1870 Mr. Ladd was married to Miss Clara L. Fuller, the sweetheart of his college days, at Ann Arbor. Mr. and Mrs. Ladd reside in one of the handsomest residences in Hyde Park.

Mr. Ladd is noted at the bar for his clear, concise presentation of a case, demonstrating the possession of an analytical mind.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN H. LUCAS

was born in Danville, Kentucky, February 8, 1852. He attended the public schools and then took a course in Center College. Deciding upon the profession of law, he entered an office in Harrodsburg, Ky., and was admitted to the bar in Kentucky in 1871. The same year he came out to Missouri, and located in Osceola, and was admitted to the bar in this State in 1872.

It was in 1879 that Mr. Lucas established an office in Kansas City in partnership with W. T. Johnson, and the firm of Johnson & Lucas has continued ever since. While the majority of his time is spent in Kansas City, Mr. Lucas still retains his residence in Osceola.

He is general attorney for the Metropolitan Street Railway, and attorney for the Frisco System, and has long been regarded as one of the leaders at the Missouri bar.

Mr. Lucas married Miss Nannie Cardwell in Harrodsburg, Ky., in 1869, and they have four children, one boy and three girls.

He belongs to the Knife and Fork Club, the Kansas City Bar Association, and is a Mason, a Knight Templar, and a Shriner.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM EDWARD LYONS

was born November 21, 1871, in Emporia, Kansas. His early boyhood days, however, were spent in Niles, Mich., where his family removed in his infancy.

From Niles the family returned to Emporia, and from there went to Osage City, in the same State. In 1887 they came to Kansas City, where the subject of this sketch has ever since lived. His education was received in the public schools, and it was in his early teens that he commenced to earn his own living.

His first employment was with the Allen Investment Company. Entering as an office boy, he worked up place by place until in 1898 he was made secretary of the company, the place he now holds.

Mr. Lyons is a member of the Commercial Club, and also belongs to the Knife and Fork Club, and the Knights of Columbus. One of the moving spirits in the organization of the Kansas City Athletic Club, he has held office after office in that club, and is largely responsible for its growth and prosperity.

He is unmarried, and lives with his parents.



Photo by Thomson.

HERMAN F. LANG

was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 2, 1858. He spent his youth there, and received his education in the public and high schools. In 1876, when eighteen year old, he came out to Leavenworth, Kas., where he engaged in business. In 1886 he removed to Kansas City, and established the saddlery business of H. F. Lang & Co. In 1894 he became secretary and treasurer of the Morrill-Keitz Furnishing Goods Company, which does business not only in Kansas City, but tributary territory.

Since his advent, Mr. Lang has always been active in movements tending to make for Kansas City's growth and prosperity. He was one of the organizers of the Kansas City Carnival Krewe, and in 1902 was elected a member of the board of directors of Convention Hall, and is now serving on the Executive Committee. Mr. Lang is also a member of the Commercial Club, the United Commercial Travelers, and the Manufacturers' Association.

He was married to Miss Kate Dickson in Leavenworth Ka., December 1, 1891, and they have three children, two boys and one girl.



Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES W. LUCAS

was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, January 2, 1870. He attended the public schools and also the High School in Detroit, to which town his parents had removed. Later he enrolled himself as a student in the Northwestern University and from there entered the Chicago College of Law. He took his degree in 1895 and after two years of practice associated himself with Mr. Max Pam. He remained with Mr. Pam for three years, and in 1900 came to Kansas City to accept the position of assistant general attorney of the Kansas City Southern Railroad, the office he now holds.

Mr. Lucas belongs to the Phi Delta Phi Fraternity, and since coming to Kansas City has identified himself with several of the local organizations.

Mr. Lucas married Miss Eva Lane, of Minneapolis, and they have one boy.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN MARION LANGSDALE

was born June 17, 1856, on a farm in Monroe County, Missouri. His early education was received in the district school during the winter months, and when fifteen he entered a private school in Macon. From there he went to the State University at Columbia, and after completing his course entered the Missouri Medical College at St. Louis, now a part of Washington University. He was graduated in 1878, and first practiced in Independence, Mo., coming to Kansas City in 1888.

Dr. Langsdale was elected Coroner of Jackson County in 1890, and served two terms. He is now City Physician, having been appointed in February, 1902.

He is also vice-president of the Missouri Medical Association, and during the years of '95, '96, '97, published and edited the *Lancet*.

He is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, and a Shriner.

Dr. Langsdale was married in 1878 to Miss Kate Gibson, of Paris, Mo., and is the father of five children, Byron, Clifton, John M., Jr., Gibson, and Margaret.



Photo by Strauss.

LOUIS AUGUSTINE LAUGHLIN

was born September 11, 1857, at Medina, Ohio. After six years in Putnam County, Illinois, he went to Racine, Wis., one year, and moved to Normal, Ill., in 1866, where he attended the State University. He was graduated from the Princeton High School in 1877, and for a few years was a telegraph operator and station agent. He was graduated from the Columbia Law School in New York in 1882, President Roosevelt being his classmate. He was admitted to the bar at Saginaw, Mich., in August, 1882, and practiced there five years, coming to Kansas City in 1887. Webster Davis became his law partner in 1893. In 1895 Mr. Laughlin became Assistant Counselor under Judge McDougal. He was again appointed to the office in January 1, 1901.

Mr. Laughlin was married to Emma A. Kendall at Lamville, Ill., February 10, 1887. They have one child, Kendall, twelve years old.



Photo by Strauss.

JOSEPH MACAULEY LOWE

was born in Pendleton County, Kentucky, December 13, 1844, both father and mother before him having been born in Kentucky. His common school education was interrupted by the call to arms, and he enlisted in the Confederate army.

As a teacher in the school at Greenfield, Ind., he advanced his own education, and read law during every leisure moment, finally gaining admission to the bar in 1865. In 1868 he moved to Plattsburg, Mo., where he practiced his profession until 1883, winning so high a place in the esteem of the community that he was elected four times to the office of Prosecuting Attorney of Clinton County. In 1883 he came to Kansas City, where he has ever since lived. In 1889 Judge Lowe was appointed receiver of the National Exchange Bank, and paid depositors in full and stockholder as handsome dividend. He has not been engaged in the active practice of his profession for some years, devoting most of his time to the management of his own affairs. He is a staunch, but progressive, Democrat, and a remarkably strong speaker and vigorous writer, his addresses and articles having won him wide recognition for ability.

He was married in 1876 to Miss Mary E. McWilliams, of Madison County, Kentucky, and they have two children, John Roger and Florence Marion, the latter now Mrs. Hughes Bryant.



GEORGE BAKER LONGAN

was born February 26, 1848, in Palestine, Cooper County, Missouri. When five years old his parents removed to a farm in Benton County, where he spent his boyhood. His instruction, received at the district schools, was supplemented by a two years' course in Allen Institute, Farmer City, Missouri, and a term at the Prairie Home Academy. He then attended Kentucky University, at Lexington, where he remained until 1870. Returning to Missouri, he began to teach school, and has been following that profession ever since, with the exception of two years, during which he acted as chief clerk in the Adjutant General's office in Jefferson City, and later private secretary for Governor Silas Woodson.

Professor Longan taught school in various Missouri towns, and had charge of the schools at Holden just prior to his coming to Kansas City. His local career commenced as principal of the Washington School in 1880. He remained there for seven years, then was made principal of the Humboldt School, and in 1899 was appointed to the position of Assistant Superintendent of Schools. Professor Longan is not only widely known as an educator, but is a valued contributor to educational journals, and has read many papers before the educational associations. His "First Lessons in Arithmetic" has also had a wide sale.

He married Miss Emma Lard in 1870 and they have three sons, Roy, Wood, and George.



Photo by Strauss.

CHRISTOPHER B. LEAVEL

was born in Newmarket, Platte County, Missouri, March 18, 1871. His boyhood was spent in Platte County, his early education being secured in the public schools of Newmarket, with a later course in the Daughters' College in Platte City, from which he was graduated in 1888.

Deciding upon dentistry as a profession, he came to Kansas City, and entered the Western Dental College, taking the degree in 1892. He located here, and has risen to a position of enviable prominence in his profession.

In addition to his practice, Mr. Leavel is secretary of the Leavenworth Construction Company, and also secretary of the Winner Real Estate Company.

A life-long Democrat, Dr. Leavel has identified himself prominently with the local organization, and in 1901 served as a member of the County Central Committee.

Dr. Leavel was married June 26, 1895, to Miss Ida Winner, daughter of Willard E. Winner, and they have two children, a girl and a boy.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN F. LUMPKIN

was born in Baltimore, Maryland, December 23, 1858. He spent his boyhood there, absorbing knowledge through attendance at the common and high schools of the town, and afterwards went to Stewart Hall in Baltimore to complete the classical course. He engaged in the hat business in Baltimore after leaving school, and remained at it for some time. In 1885 he went to New York city, and took employment with George H. Clark, the wholesale hatter, with whom he remained for four years. He came to this city in 1889, and traveled the following year for Turner & Jay, but left them to engage in business for himself. This business he gave up after a short time to take the management of the local branch of Nicoll, the large New York tailoring company. He has remained with them since.

Mr. Lumpkin was not particularly interested in politics, but finding himself with a few grievances which he thought he could remedy as a member of the Council, he sought and was given the Democratic nomination for Alderman of his home ward, the Third. After a vigorous campaign he was elected for the term beginning in April 1902.

Mr. Lumpkin belongs to a number of clubs whose ends are devoted to business and social features, among them the Commercial Club, the Jackson County Democratic Club, the Advertising Men's Club, the Knife and Fork Club, and the Evans-ton Golf Club. He is also an Elk.



Photo by Strauss.

FRANCIS A. LEACH

was born at Belfast, New York, April 8, 1854. His father was for years in business at Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. Leach prepared for College at the Hopkins Grammar School at New Haven, and was graduated from Yale in 1876 in the same class with President Arthur T. Hadley.

For three years he was in the milling business in New York, and then went to the Columbia Law School. He was admitted to the bar in Buffalo, June, 1881.

It was at Lyons, N. Y., that Mr. Leach first hung out his shingle, and it was there that he married Miss Marian Tinsley. After five years there, Mr. Leach moved to Kansas City in 1886, where he has been a member of the bar ever since. In 1897 the present firm of Leach, Day & Sparks was organized.

Mr. Leach is secretary of the Congressional Committee, is a prominent Mason, and is an able and ardent advocate of municipal ownership, a subject upon which he has delivered numerous addresses from time to time.

Mr. and Mrs. Leach have two children, Marian and Helen, aged sixteen and fifteen.



CHARLES W. LAKE

was born in Butler, Mo., December 3, 1866, and has lived in Missouri all his life, with the exception of the years from 1867 to 1872, when his parents resided in Springfield, Illinois. He spent his boyhood in Carthage, Mo., where he received his education.

In 1887 he came to Kansas City, and accepted the position of assistant cashier with the old firm of G. Y. Smith & Co., where he remained until the dissolution of the company in 1892. In November, 1893, Mr. Lake entered the employment of the *Kansas City Times*, then under the management of Witten McDonald, and during his eight years of service with that paper worked under six different managers and six different managements.

In October, 1901, Mr. Lake became interested in trade-journalism, and in company with Mr. Will Stricklette and Mr. Frank Markward incorporated the *Kansas City Manufacturer*, owned by them, under the title of the Manufacturing Publishing Company. He is secretary and treasurer of the company.

Mr. Lake is also interested in mining, and has been singularly successful, both in the zinc fields of Missouri and the gold fields of Boulder, Colo. He has lately become interested in the Oronogo district, also in the Fortuna district, near Tipton.



Photo by Thomson.

FELIX LA FORCE

was born in Boone County, Missouri, August 21, 1847, his parents, natives of Kentucky, being pioneer settlers in that section. His education was received in the district schools, and at the age of fifteen he commenced to earn his own living, accepting a position as clerk in a dry goods store in Columbia. He remained there for twenty years, working up to a junior partnership.

In February, 1881, Mr. La Force came to Kansas City, and in partnership with W. B. Grimes, W. S. Woods, and James H. Dayton founded the wholesale dry goods company of Grimes, Woods, La Force & Co., and became its buyer and general manager. In 1863 Mr. Grimes bought out his partners, but Mr. La Force remained as buyer until 1885, when he joined with his brother, Mr. W. B. La Force, in the banking and general brokerage business. He is now in the general brokerage business by himself.

Mr. La Force was one of the early members of the Kansas City Club, and has ever given freely of his time to public movements. He was elected a member of the Convention Hall Directorate in 1901 and re-elected in 1902. He is also a charter member and director in the Union National Bank.

Mr. La Force married Miss Ella Estill, of Howard County, Missouri, in February, 1881.



Photo by Thomson.

JOHN E. LACH

was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, April 2, 1858. All his schooling was secured in the public schools of Philadelphia. He graduated from the High School of that city, and went to work immediately thereafter for his father, who at that time conducted a large carpet manufacturing business. He remained with his father for years, learning the carpet business thoroughly and acquiring knowledge of its commercial side. He came to this city in 1882, and started a retail carpet store, the business being devoted exclusively to the sale of floor coverings, at the corner of Tenth and Walnut streets. The store at that time was on the southern edge of the city business limits, and as the city grew southward Mr. Lach gradually extended the business until he had for sale everything in the household goods line. After some years at his first location he moved the business over on Grand Avenue, where it has remained since.

Mr. Lach is a Republican in politics, and as a reward for his zeal in the party's welfare was nominated and elected to the upper house of the City Council, serving the term from 1898 to 1900.

His business interests are not confined to his store, for Mr. Lach is a director in the German-American Bank, the German-American Building and Loan Association and the German Hospital Association.

He is married, having wedded Miss Priscilla Tally. They have one child, Marguerite.



Photo by Thomson.

HUGH J. MCGOWAN

was born in 1856 on a farm near Liberty, in Clay County, Missouri. He was educated in the district schools, and worked in the fields until he reached the age of nineteen. In 1895 there came the plague of grasshoppers, and young Hugh grew disgusted with farming and came to Kansas City. His first job was raking cinders from under a Wabash engine, and then he worked as a section hand on that road, and after that he secured employment from the Corrigan's, who ran the mule car lines. He curried mules first, then drove a car, and then after a term in a commercial college acted as driver for a furniture wagon, furniture packer, car accountant, and finally won a place on the police force. In five months he was made sergeant, and for six years served the city.

In 1886 he was elected County Marshal by the Democrats, and refused a second term.

In 1890 Mr. McGowan became Kansas City Agent for the Barber Asphalt Company, and from that time his career has been meteoric. He is now general agent for the Barber Company for all the West and Mexico, president of the Indianapolis car lines, president of the company that controls the street car lines of Cincinnati and Covington, and the general executive man of the Widener-Elkins Syndicate, president of the Kansas City Gas Company, and a director and officer in many huge corporations.

Mr. McGowan was married in 1887 to Miss Katie Burnett, and they have four daughters.



Photo by Strauss.

EDWARD J. MCGOVERN

was born in South Chicago on November 18, 1875. He lived there until 1888, when his parents came to Kansas City, where he has ever since resided.

His education was received in the public schools of Chicago and in a private school here in Kansas City. At the age of eighteen he commenced to work for his living, first receiving employment as a copyist in the office of Probate Judge J. E. Guinotte.

He has been retained in that office ever since, and by his energy and application has risen from place to place until he was chief deputy clerk.

A strong Democrat since the attainment of his majority, Mr. McGovern has been prominently identified with the local organization for some years. He has served as a member of the County Committee, and has always been president or secretary of the Fifth Ward Democratic clubs during campaigns.

At the last county convention in Independence, Mr. McGovern received the nomination for Justice of the Peace for the Fourth District, which comprises the Fourth and Fifth Wards, and was elected by a large majority.

He has been reading law at night for several years, and although he has never applied for admission to the bar, is well able to pass the examination.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN W. McKECKNIE

was born in Clarksville, Ohio, October 3, 1862. He remained in his birthplace until he had reached the age of eighteen years. His education had its beginning in the public schools of Clarksville, and later he attended Wilmington College at Wilmington, O. He then took a classical course at Princeton, and graduated in 1886. Afterwards he went to the Columbia School of Mines in New York city, taking the architectural course, and graduated after two years of study. Mr. McKecknie remained in New York city after his graduation, and was employed in various architects' offices for five years. He then opened an office of his own, and did the business of general architecture for three years. Meanwhile he was studying painting at art schools and various galleries with an eye to adopting that as a profession, but finally gave it up to resume architecture.

Mr. McKecknie came to this city in 1898, and went into the architectural business immediately, at which he has been very successful. He is a member of the Commercial Club, the University Club, the Kansas City Art Club, the local chapter of the American Institute of Architects, and the Kansas City Architectural Club.

Mr. McKecknie is married, having wedded Miss Lucille Jordan, of New York city, in 1899. They have one child.



Photo by Strauss.

HENRY L. McCUNE

was born in Fulton County, Illinois, June 28, 1862. His education was received in Illinois College at Jacksonville, where he went from 1877 to 1879, and afterwards at the University of Illinois, at Champagne, where he was graduated in 1883.

Deciding upon the profession of law, he entered the Columbia Law School, and received his degree in 1886. His shingle was first flung to the breeze in Oswego, Kas., but after four years of successful practice there he came to Kansas City in 1890, and has since occupied a prominent place in the town. Until the death of Judge C. L. Dobson in 1902 he was junior member of the firm of Dobson & McCune, but is now alone.

Mr. McCune has always been active in the public life of Kansas City along broad lines, and is now president of the Civic League, just commencing to be a power in municipal politics. He belongs to the Commercial Club, the University Club, and the Sigma Ki Fraternity. He has also served a term as president of the Kansas City Bar Association.

Mr. McCune married Miss Helen McCrary, daughter of United States Judge McCrary, in Colorado Springs September 6, 1888, and they have one son, Joseph.



Photo by Strauss.

HENRY CLAY McDOUGAL

was born December 9, 1844, in Marion County, West Virginia. His boyhood days were spent on a farm, and his education received in the district schools. In 1861, at the outbreak of the civil war, he enlisted in the Sixth West Virginia, and served throughout the bloody conflict. After the surrender at Appomattox he came out to Missouri, settling in Davies County. He studied law in Gallatin, and was admitted to practice in 1868.

He served two terms as Mayor of Gallatin, and was also Judge of the Probate and Chancery Court, the youngest in the history of the State, by the way.

In 1885 he came to Kansas City, where he has lived ever since.

Judge McDougal has served a term as City Counselor, and as a Republican has been conspicuously honored by Democratic governors. He has been a member of the board of managers of the Asylum for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic, a member of the Missouri World's Fair Commission, and is now a member of the Board of Election Commissioners. He has also served as president of the Missouri Bar Association, and is vice-president of the local Bar Association. Outside of his profession he is president of the Gallinas Mining and Smelting Company of New Mexico.

He married Miss Emma Chapdu, of Gallipolis, O., in 1869, and they have five children, only three of whom are living.



Photo by Strauss.

LOUIS S. McCLELLAN

was born June 5, 1861, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He received his education in the public and high schools of that town, and at an early age began to earn his own living. His first employment was with a civil engineering corps on the Pennsylvania Railroad, but in 1881 he secured a position with the Wabash Railroad, and has been with that corporation ever since.

He started in as a clerk in the New York office, and in 1884 was made southwestern passenger agent, which position he held until 1895, when he was removed to Louisville, where he held the office of district passenger agent. In 1899 he was transferred to St. Louis in a similar capacity, and upon the resignation of Henry N. Garland as western passenger agent in 1902, Mr. McClellan came to Kansas City to succeed him.

He has already taken his place in the public life of the town, and has identified himself with many of the public organizations.

Mr. McClellan is a Scottish Rite Mason, a Knight Templar, and a member of the Shrine.



Photo by Strauss.

WALTER GALLATIN MELLIER

was born in St. Louis January 12, 1859. His father, A. A. Mellier, was one of the early merchants of St. Louis, and shipped goods to Westport Landing before Kansas City had an existence. Mr. Mellier prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and finished his education at Princeton. In 1879 he removed to Kansas City, where he engaged in the cattle industry with his father-in-law, Major Seth Mabry, but finding the real estate business more congenial concentrated all his energy and interest in Kansas City property.

The following additions have been laid out by Mr. Mellier: Llewellyn Park, 127 acres, 1886; Kenwood & Kenwood Annex, 60 acres, 1886; Murray Hill, 10 acres, 1886; Mellier Place, 66 acres, 1887; Dickinson Place, 10 acres, 1887; Mellier Place Annex, 22 acres, 1889; Bonfils Place, 10 acres, 1887; Bonfils Heights, 10 acres, 1897; Mellier Park, 10 acres, 1900; Corbin Place, 27 acres, 1902, etc., etc.

Mr. Mellier projected and built the Mellier Place electric line to develop the southwestern part of the city, and has accomplished the promotion of many great establishments in the city.

Mr. Mellier was the first president of the Princeton Alumni Association of the west, and has also been connected in an official capacity with the Kansas City Club, Sons of the Revolution, and the University Club.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM CLOPTON MICHAELS

was born January 25, 1871, at Alton, Illinois. His boyhood was spent at Ft. Dodge, Iowa. When sixteen years old he left the High School at Fort Dodge, and railroaded for several years. In 1892 he entered the University of Virginia. The next year he went to the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, and was graduated from the law school there in 1895.

Mr. Michaels came to Kansas City, and was admitted to the bar November 25, 1895, entering the law office of Haff & Van Valkenburgh. Mr. Van Valkenburgh was subsequently appointed Assistant United States District Attorney, and the firm became, January 1, 1902, Haff & Michaels.

Mr. Michaels was married April 19, 1899, to Miss Nannie Stone Wilson, of Independence, Mo. They have one child, William Wilson Michaels.

*Photo by Strauss.***ROBERT MCCLINTOCK**

was born in Westchester, Chester County, Pennsylvania, January 31, 1849. His family took up residence in Philadelphia, Pa., when he was three years of age, and two years later moved to Catassagua, Lehigh County, Pa. The family moved later to Ohio and finally to California, Mo. Mr. McClintock managed to secure an education amid all these changes among the common schools of his various places of residence.

He came to this town in 1865 by steamer from St. Louis. For eleven years he was employed by a local mercantile firm, and in 1876 he started in the restaurant business. He has been engaged in that business continuously since that time in various parts of the city, and is now located near the intersection of Walnut and Twelfth Streets.

Mr. McClintock was married in Warrensburg, Mo., in 1875, his wife being Miss Mary H. Sharp, of Warrensburg. They have two children, Robert S. and Mary Agnes, the former having been established in the restaurant business by his father on Walnut Near Ninth.

Despite the demands of his large business, Mr. McClintock has always taken an active interest in all movements tending to the city's welfare and advancement, and has done much to make the town.

*Photo by Strauss.***JAMES MCKINNEY**

was born in Farmington, Illinois, February 14, 1864. When he was eight years old, however, his parents removed to Kansas, where the subject of this sketch worked on a farm and attended the district school. His later education was obtained in the High School of Girard, Kas.

After leaving school he entered the mercantile business in Parsons, where he remained for six years. From Parsons he removed to Walnut, Kas., engaging in the same business, and adding rapidly to his original capital.

In 1887 he came to Kansas City, and in company with his brother formed the produce commission firm of McKinney Bros. & Co. His originality of conception and boldness of execution have made him a power in his line, and at different times he has "cornered" the market in potatoes, onions, and water-melons.

Mr. McKinney is a prominent member of the Produce Exchange, and is also vice-president of the Kansas City Potato Company.

The only order to which he belongs is the Elks.

He was married in 1880 to Miss Lily Ramage, of Kansas City.



Photo by Strauss.

HOMER B. MANN

was born at Chester, Illinois, June 16, 1869. His father was a Presbyterian missionary, and the family came to Missouri. Mr. Mann was a pupil at the public schools and afterwards attended the academy at Parkville, Mo. Mr. Mann went up to North Dakota and settled. He became the editor of the *Minot Journal*.

His residence in this city began in 1894, at which time he became connected with the *Drovers' Telegram*. Two years later Mayor James M. Jones made him Superintendent of Sidewalks and Curbing, because of his activity in local politics. During his term of office he became the Republican nominee for Representative. He was elected, and occupied a seat in the Fortieth General Assembly. After the expiration of his term as Representative in 1898, he was re-appointed Superintendent of Sidewalks and Curbing. In the spring of 1900 he became connected with the W. S. Dickey Clay Company, and a year later helped organize and became a member of the firm of Trout & Mann in the fire and accident insurance business.

Mr. Mann is secretary of the Republican City Committee, is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Venerable Counsel of the Modern Woodmen of America.

Mr. Mann married Miss Sallie Campbell October 15, 1892. They have two children, Fred and Robert Mann.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN S. MOTT

was born in St. Mary's, Ohio, May 2, 1846, and spent his boyhood there, receiving his early education in the local academy. He then secured admission to West Point, but the civil war intervened, and in 1863 he went out of the military school as a first lieutenant, and until Lee's surrender fought for the Union.

After the war he resigned from the army, and commenced the study of medicine in the University of Michigan, and was graduated in 1867. He came straightway to Kansas City, where he remained until 1878, when he removed to Independence. Few men were more prominently connected with the building of Independence than Mr. Mott, who played a prominent part in the mercantile as well as the professional life of the town. He practically built the Trinity Episcopal Church of Independence, and put it on its feet.

In 1894 Dr. Mott came to Kansas City, where he has ever since been. He has specialized on the eye, nose, and throat in New York, London, and Paris, and devotes his time exclusively to that work. He belongs to the local medical bodies, and the American Academy of Medicine.

He is a Mason and a Knight Templar, and also belongs to the Loyal Legion and the G. A. R.



Photo by Strauss.

COLONEL MILTON MOORE

was born on a farm in Jackson County, January 22, 1846. His early education was acquired at Chapel Hill College and Wellington Academy. He studied law with Judge John S. Blackwell. When he came to Kansas City in March, 1872, he began the practice of law with Blake L. Woodson. This partnership was dissolved in 1877, and in 1881 he formed a partnership with R. O. Boggess until January, 1890. E. G. Vaughan was a member of the firm, 1896-97, and in 1899 Colonel Moore took in George H. Kelly.

Colonel Moore was president of the Bar Association 1898-99.

He was colonel of the Fifth Missouri Regiment in the Spanish-American war, and as such commanded the Second Brigade, Second Division, Third Army Corps. He organized the First Battalion of the National Guard in 1886, and was appointed major. In the same year he organized the Third Regiment, National Guard, and March 24, 1891, was appointed brigadier-general in command of the National Guard of the State. He resigned in February, 1899.

He married Mary E. Burns, of St. Joseph, February 25, 1880, and has four children.



Photo by Strauss.

CLIFFORD REID MURRAY

was born in South Charleston, Ohio, August 7, 1867. He lived there until nine years old, when his parents removed to Chicago. In that town Mr. Murray spent his boyhood, and received his early education in the public schools.

In 1880 his family came to Kansas City, and shortly after their arrival Mr. Murray entered the Central High School, and took a three years' course, quitting before graduation, however, to enter upon a business career.

In 1886 the firm of Guernsey & Murray was formed, succeeding the firm of Guernsey & Murray, and by virtue of energy, ability, and progressiveness, the partnership to-day enjoys one of the largest high-class grocery businesses in the West.

In addition to his regular business, Mr. Murray is interested in several other ventures. He is president of the Tobasco Planters' Company, a corporation controlling a large amount of land in Mexico, on which rubber, vanilla, and kindred products are raised.

He is a member of the Commercial Club, and active in the public movements that make Kansas City famous the world over.

He married Miss Nannie Washburn, of Chicago, in 1896.



Photo by Strauss.

SAMUEL WALLACE MOORE

was born January 24, 1862, in Geauga County, Ohio. His parents removed to Cleveland O., when he was nine years old, and after going through the ward schools he entered the High School, from which he was graduated in 1879. He then went to Mexico and Arizona, and by clerical and other work earned money enough to take himself through college. He attended Adelbert College in Cleveland, and was graduated in 1884. He completed the three-year course in two years by means of taking extra studies.

He studied law at the Kansas University, taking his degree in 1877, and immediately afterwards came to Kansas City, and entered the law office of Lathrop & Smith. In 1892 the firm of Lathrop, Morrow, Fox & Moore was organized, and continues still.

Mr. Moore has served as president of the Knife and Fork Club, and was elected president of the Kansas City Bar Association in 1901. He is a member of the Commercial Club, Country Club and Kansas City Club.

He married Miss Harriet Cooke in Kansas City September 30, 1896.



Photo by Strauss.

GUY BATEMAN MITCHELL,

the well-known young physician, was born in Baltimore, Maryland. His father, John T. Mitchell, was the head of the largest fruit-packing and canning company in the country at that time.

The senior Mitchell died when the subject of this sketch was still in his infancy. A few years later the family removed to Abilene, Kansas, where the young Guy went to the public schools, and later had the advantage of a high school course.

After quitting the High School, he decided upon the profession of medicine, and, coming to Kansas City, entered the University Medical College. He was graduated with high honors, and received his degree, and has ever since practiced here.

Dr. Mitchell's success has been due to ability more than anything else, but also to high-mindedness, honesty, and loyalty to the highest standards of his profession.

Dr. Mitchell is examining physician for a number of secret societies, and is also a member of the Jackson County Medical Society and the Missouri Medical Association. His one hobby is athletics, and for a year or so now he has been a star member of the Kansas City Athletic Club.



Photo by Strauss.

GEORGE MATHEWS

was born in Brunswick, Maine, May 24, 1860. He received his education in the public schools, and then entered an architect's office in Lewiston, Me. He then spent five years in various offices in Boston, perfecting himself in his profession, and came to Kansas City in 1887. He accepted a position with Adriance Van Brunt, where he remained for three years, and then went with the M., K. & T. Trust Company as superintendent of its building department. He held that place until 1898, and under his supervision all buildings for the trust company and along the line of the Pittsburg & Gulf Railroad between Siloam Springs and the Gulf of Mexico were erected.

Since 1888 he has practiced architecture in Kansas City. Some of Mr. Mathews' principal work has been the Christian Science Church at Ninth and Forest, the Burnham, Hanna & Munger building, the Union Station at Shreveport, and the depot and hotel at Port Arthur.

He has served terms as president of the Evanston Golf Club, and Secretary of Kansas City Chapter American Institute of Architects, and is president of the Kansas City Athletic Club.

He married Miss Eunice E. Stanwood at Brunswick, Maine, in 1889.



Photo by Strauss.

STEPHEN A. MITCHELL,

a civil engineer who has been connected with most of Kansas City's recent public works of importance, was born at Point Pleasant, Ohio, April 30, 1863. He was still a small boy when his parents came with him to Kansas City, in whose excellent public schools he laid the foundation of his learning. In 1878 he was graduated from the High School, and in 1883 received his diploma from the Missouri University.

His first important piece of work after graduation was in the construction of the Kansas City Belt Line. He was in the City Engineer's office from 1884 to 1885, when he resumed private practice until 1892, again accepting the position of Assistant City Engineer. In 1900 he resigned and went into private business.

He was one of the experts who examined the waterworks plant for Kansas City, and has supervised the construction of twenty different plants.



Photo by Strauss.

PATRICK H. MADDEN

was born in Ireland February 24, 1843. He came to this country in 1851, locating at Madison, Indiana, where he received his education in the public schools, and later, when his parents removed to a farm in Wisconsin, he attended the district schools.

His first employment was as a clerk in Keokuk, Ia., and then in 1859 he located in Leavenworth, Kas. He served two terms as City Clerk, one term as City Treasurer, and a term as Deputy County Clerk.

In 1878 he came to Kansas City. For a while he was in the Auditor's office of the Kansas Pacific Railroad, but in 1880 he engaged in the real estate business, in which he still remains. He was in partnership with Colonel Charles E. Kearney for nine years, and has done much to develop the resources of Kansas City.

He has served terms as president and vice-president of the Kansas City Real Estate Exchange, and has been a director continuously.

He married Miss Annie Bannon in Leavenworth in 1875, and is the father of two children.



Photo by Strauss.

G. VAN MILLETT

was born April 5, 1864, in Kansas City, Missouri, and has lived his whole life in the town. He went to the public schools, and after working a year in his father's printing establishment entered Kansas University. Returning, he again worked in his father's office, but all his ambitions were centered upon art. He went to St. Louis, where he began to draw for lithographers and engravers, setting type in between times, and this courage and determination at last decided the Elder Millet to give him his wish. The young man was sent to Europe in 1886, and studied in the Royal Academy at Munich under masters like Carl Raupp, Nikolas Gysis, and Ludwig Von Lœffts. He remained there five years, and his pictures secured honorable mention in the Royal Academy exhibitions.

After a short stay in Paris, he returned to Kansas City in 1891, and established a studio here. He spent the year of 1893 in Holland, and returning to Kansas City accepted a professorship with the Kansas City Art Association. He soon resigned, however, preferring to work for himself and in his own way. Mr. Millet exhibits at all the great exhibitions in this country, and in 1896 helped to organize the Kansas City Art Club. He has served three terms as its president, and has done much to make the annual exhibitions successful.

He married Miss Mary McKee, of Kansas City, in 1899, and they have one child, Elizabeth.



Photo by Strauss.

GEORGE J. MILLER

was born in Pleasant Mill, Missouri, October 21, 1868. The son of a Presbyterian divine, compelled by his calling to often change his place of residence, the subject of this sketch divided his boyhood among the towns of Pleasant Hill, Oregon, St. Joseph, and Nevada.

After being graduated from the High School in Nevada he entered Westminster College at Fulton, from where he was graduated in 1890. During his course there Mr. Miller won the oratorical prize, and had the honor of representing his college in the State oratorical contest.

After leaving college Mr. Miller came to Kansas City, and entered the office of Gates & Wallace, where he studied law. In 1893 he was admitted to the bar, and at once commenced the practice of his profession.

In 1899 Mr. Miller decided to quit the law, and became a financial agent, and has built himself up a large general brokerage business.

He is a Democrat in politics, and while never a seeker after office has taken the stump in several campaigns.

He is unmarried, and belongs to the Kansas City Athletic Club and the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity.



CHAS. H. MOORE,

assistant cashier of the National Bank of Commerce, was born at Bloomington, Illinois, on July 7, 1857. His boyhood days were spent in El Paso, Ill. At the age of seventeen he began his banking career with the First National Bank of Athens, O.

In 1887 he became associated with the National Bank of Kansas City and in 1890 with the National Bank of Commerce, being appointed assistant cashier in 1896, which position he now holds.

His twenty-eight years' experience with city and country banking has made him familiar with all the details of banking, and especially qualified him for the important position he now holds with this great banking house.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM MOORE

was born in Bloomington, Illinois, April 3, 1867. He received his early education in the public and high schools of his native town, and after completing the latter course entered St. Vincent's College at Cape Girardeau, Missouri.

Deciding upon the profession of law, Mr. Moore entered the law department of the Illinois Western University at Bloomington in 1891, and was given his degree in 1894.

Soon after receiving his sheepskin, Mr. Moore came to Kansas City, where he was admitted to the bar, and where he has ever since remained. Unlike the majority of young lawyers, Mr. Moore has never made himself part of a firm, or identified himself with any corporation or large office, but has practiced his profession alone.

He has had a very successful career, and has thoroughly identified himself with the public life of Kansas City. He is active in all movements tending to the general good, and has likewise interested himself actively in Democratic politics, although he has never been a seeker after office.

Mr. Moore is a member of the Knights of Columbus, one of the organizers of the local body, in fact. He is also a leading spirit in the Marquette Club, and belongs to the Kansas City Bar Association.



Photo by Strauss.

EDWARD P. MORIARTY

was born March 17, 1868, on a farm in Olmstead County, Minnesota, but is practically a Kansas City product, as his parents removed to this town in 1871.

The subject of this sketch attended the public schools, and then entered Central High School, after which he secured a position with the old Citizens' National Bank.

In 1895 Mr. Moriarty left the bank and went with the Whipple Loan and Trust Company. His first place was in a mere clerical capacity, but he gave evidence of ability straightway, so that when he finally resigned it was from the office of treasurer.

After leaving that company he organized the firm of E. P. Moriarty & Co., associating his brother, James F., with him, and doing a business in sporting goods.

Mr. Moriarty is an enthusiast over automobiles, and has done more than any other man to popularize the "horseless carriages" in Kansas City. He was one of the organizers of the Automobile Club, and is a director. He was the winner, by the way, of the blue ribbon in the 100-mile endurance contest, given under the club's direction.



JEAN ROBERT MOECHEL

was born in Dresden, Germany, March 2, 1856. He secured his education in the local gymnasiums through private tutoring and later by a course in the Dresden Polytechnic School in natural sciences, graduating in 1872. He was then apprenticed, being a German custom, for two years in a laboratory, after which he was for a half year each in the establishments of Weppen and Leuders, manufacturing chemists, of Dresden. He then went to Berlin, and worked at the chemical manufacturing plant of Schering. In 1875 he entered the University of Leipzig, taking the courses of chemistry and natural sciences, and graduating in 1878. After his graduation he worked in various towns in Switzerland, and in Paris, and in London at his profession for five years, coming to America in 1883. He located in New York City, where he remained for seven months, and then went to Philadelphia, opening in that city a commercial laboratory. In 1881 he entered another commercial laboratory in New York city, which he operated in conjunction with the one in Philadelphia. In 1894 he assumed charge of the chemical laboratory of the New York Post-Graduate College, Medical School and hospital, where he remained two years.

He came to this city in 1896, and has been here since, conducting the Kansas City Chemie-Technic laboratories.

He is a member of the German Chemical Society, of Berlin, the American Chemical Society, and other bodies devoted to natural sciences.



CLAUDE C. MAY,

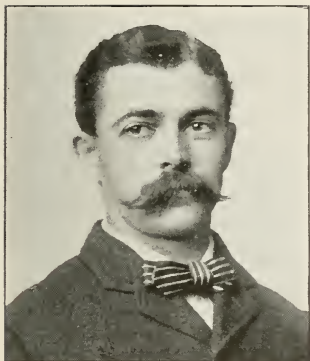
the assistant business manager of the Jones Dry Goods Company, was born at Whalley Range, Manchester, England, on April 10, 1864.

Mr. May received his education in the grammar schools of Manchester and rounded out his education in Owen's College, a branch of Victoria University.

After completing his studies, Mr. May entered upon his successful mercantile career, starting in business with his father. A few years later his father died, but not before Mr. May had learned those rigid business principles which have unfalteringly forced him to the front. After his father's death, he decided to come to America, where he hoped to attain the high pinnacle of success to which his budding ambition pointed.

Mr. May came to America, and finally, in 1890, settled in Chicago, where for a number of years he was connected with the Fair in the role of assistant superintendent, to the duties of which office he rose from the ranks of subordinates.

While with the Fair, Mr. May married, and when in January, 1901, he came to Kansas City, he brought his wife and one child, a boy, with him.



FRANK MARKWARD

was born in Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania, October 19, 1869, but as his parents moved to Warrensburg, Mo., in 1870, he is really a Missouri product. Mr. Markwood received his education in the schools of Warrensburg, and at the age of sixteen came to Kansas City.

Always fond of literary work, his fancy turned inevitably to journalism, and in 1888 he secured a position with the *Kansas City Times*, where he remained until 1898, when, in company with Will T. Stricklette, he founded the *Kansas City Manufacturer*, a paper devoted to the manufacturing interests of Kansas City. Mr. Stricklette took charge of the business end, and Mr. Markward assumed the editorship, and his work has not only been responsible for the paper's success, but has also given impetus to local manufacturing interests.

In 1901 the business was incorporated, and the name of the paper changed to the *Manufacturer and Merchant*, with a consequent broadening of its field of work.

Mr. Markward belongs to the Manufacturers' Association, and has been a prominent figure in the movement tending to the erection of a club-house.



Photo by Strauss.

EDWIN CLEMENT MESERVEY

was born in Hallowell, Maine, March 4, 1861. He stayed there until the age of fifteen, when his parents removed to Kansas. He received his early education in the public schools, and entered Kansas University in 1877, and was graduated in 1882.

He spent a year as a surveyor in the employ of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railroad, and in 1883 decided to study law. He entered the St. Louis Law School and was graduated in 1885. He came to Kansas City in the same year, and was admitted to the bar shortly after his arrival. Mr. Meservey is now senior member of the firm of Meservey, Pearce & German.

He married Miss Besie McDonald Harris August 12, 1891, at Independence, and is now the father of three children, Frances, H., Edwin C., Jr., and Mary Bess.

He is a member of the Commercial Club and the Phi Psi Fraternity.



JAMES HENRY MANNING

was born in Fall River, Wisconsin, March 1, 1862. He lived in that town until the attainment of his majority, attended the public and high schools, and afterwards took a course at the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy in Boston.

Always interested in athletic sports, he early showed marvelous skill in base ball. He began to play professional ball in the summer of 1883, working as a pharmacist during the winter, and in 1888 became a manager as well as a player.

Some time afterwards he became the owner of the Savannah, Ga., franchise in the Southern League, and then became owner of the Kansas City franchise.

He has ever since been identified with local base ball, with the exception of the season of 1901, spent in Washington, and is now interested with Charles Nichols in the local team of the Western League.

Mr. Manning married Miss Mayme Dennis, of this city, in 1896. He is an Elk, and has always identified himself with public movements.

*Photo by Thomson.*

HUNTER M. MERIWETHER

was born in Crittenden County, Arkansas, July 21, 1861. His early education was in Kentucky, but he was graduated from Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., both literary and law departments, in 1883 and 1885.

He came to Kansas City in 1885, and was admitted to the bar in the same year. Mr. Meriwether is perhaps best known as the man who reclaimed the river front land in the West Bottoms.

He is president of the Federal Investment Company, which has this work in hand.

Mr. Meriwether was appointed by the County Court, attorney for the Collector of Revenue, serving from 1890-1900.

In 1887, in Bowling Green, Ky., he was married to Lucy Underwood Western. They have two children.



Photo by Thomson.

ALEXANDER NEW

was born in Wabash, Indiana, his parents having been natives of Germany. As a boy he learned the saddler's trade, and saved up enough money to pay his expenses at Washington and Jefferson College, at Washington, Penn., where he took a thorough literary course. Returning home, he read law in Wabash and then in Indianapolis, and was admitted to the bar before the late Walter Q. Gresham.

He came to Kansas City in 1888, and for nine years was associated with Henry Wollman. He then formed the firm of New & Palmer, and later the firm of New & Krauthoff, but in 1899 the existing firm of Karnes, New & Krauthoff was formed.

Until recently, Mr. New was widely famed for his activity and ability as a trial lawyer, but of late years his work has been chiefly confined to the office, his corporation clientele being very large.

Mr. New's one dissipation is the manifestation of public spirit. He is chairman of the Commercial Club's Committee on Municipal Legislation, and has given freely of his time to that important work. He is also attorney for the board of directors of Convention Hall. He is a member of the Kansas City Club, the local Bar Association, a member of the State Council of the State Bar Association, and a member of the American Bar Association.



STEPHEN A. NORTHROP

the distinguished divine, was born in Granville, Ohio, April 7, 1852, a son of the Rev. W. R. Northrop, a Baptist clergyman. When he was ten years old his parents removed to Michigan, where he received his preliminary education. When twenty years old he returned to Granville, taking a three years' classical course in Denison University, and then went to Colgate University, Hazzilton, N. Y., where he graduated with the degree of A.B. in 1876. In the same year he entered the Rochester Theological Seminary, meanwhile supplying the pulpit of the First Baptist Church at Fenton, Mich., and in 1882 he went to the First Baptist Church in Fort Wayne, Ind. In 1885 he was called to Cincinnati, and in 1896 came to Kansas City, and has ever since been the pastor of the First Baptist Church. The congregation called him on the strength of his record alone.

Dr. Northrop had the degree of A.M. conferred upon him by Hazzilton College, and the degree of D.D. by Franklin College.

Dr. Northrop is a splendid speaker, and has twice offered prayer at Republican National Conventions. He has also been a tireless contributor to both secular and religious magazines, and his book, "A Cloud of Witnesses," is now in its fifth edition.

He was married to Miss Celestine Joslin August 16, 1877, and they have one child, Laura May.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES R. NOLAND

was born on the farm of his illustrious grandfather, the late Judge James K. Sheley, near Independence, Missouri, February 18, 1873, the second son of Elizabeth and H. H. Noland. He was educated at the ward and high schools at Independence, and took a special English course at Woodland College and at Westminster College, Fulton, Mo., where he became a Phi Delta Theta. In 1889 his schooling was interrupted for six months, during which period he acted as a Senate page at Jefferson City, there gaining an acquaintanceship with public men and public affairs which has since been invaluable to him.

During a year's residence in New York as a protégé of the late author and poet, Arthur Grissom, Mr. Noland developed his latent literary talent, and since then has met with no little success as a newspaper writer, versifier, song-writer, short-story writer, and authority on things theatrical, his specialty, however, being short stories for children and for boys and girls.

September 28, 1897, he and Miss Ida B. Matthews, the well-known vocalist, were united in what has proved to be a peculiarly happy marriage, they being inseparable companions. They have one child, Jim, Jr., two and a half years old.

Mr. Noland was appointed Marshal of the Kansas City Court of Appeals, a State office, January 1, 1897, which position he now holds.



Photo by Strauss.

GEORGE B. NORBERG

was born at Galva, Illinois, July 11, 1872. Mr. Norberg's family left Illinois when he was thirteen years old and located in Smith Centre, Kas. He went to the public schools of both Illinois and Kansas during his residence in those States, and went to work in a drug store in Smith Centre while a pupil in the High School of the town. He started to the Kansas University in 1889, and left that institution with the title of Ph. G. in 1893. He came to Kansas City immediately upon his graduation, and returned to work in the drug business. While employed at this business he took up the study of medicine at the University Medical College. He graduated from the medical college March 20, 1897, and at once entered into practice as a physician.

He was appointed Assistant Police Surgeon for a term of one year, and at its expiration was made House Surgeon at the Missouri Pacific Hospital. He held the place two years, and then returned to general practice.

Dr. Norberg is a fellow of the Kansas City Academy of Medicine, and adjunct to chair of gynecology at the University Medical College. He is also affiliated with the Maccabees, and holds membership in the Evanston Golf Club.

Dr. Norberg was married December 11, 1901, to Miss Jeanette Lockwood.



Photo by Strauss.

MILTON JACKSON OLDHAM

was born in Keytesville, Missouri. Much of his early life was spent upon his father's farm, and after attendance at the district school he entered the high school at Keytesville. He completed the course there, and then finished his education in the college at Stansbury, Mo.

Upon the completion of his academic studies, he came to Kansas City, and commenced the study of law in the offices of Gates & Wallace. In 1892 he was admitted to the bar, and shortly after his admission he accepted a position in the City Counselor's office, where he remained until a change in the administration. In 1896 Mr. Oldham became connected with the legal department of the Metropolitan Street Railway, which position he still holds.

Mr. Oldham was attorney for the Retail Grocers' Association for many years, and is now attorney for the Depot Carriage and Baggage Company, and several other corporations.

He is a member of the Bar Association and of the Knife and Fork Club. As might be guessed from his name, Mr. Oldham is closely related to the great "Stonewall" Jackson, a family connection of which any man might be justly proud.



CHARLES CLEMMENS ORTHWEIN

was born in St. Louis, Missouri, February 13, 1869. His father, Charles F. Orthwein, was a pioneer of St. Louis, and the first grain exporter in that city.

The subject of this sketch received his early education in the public schools, and later entered Washington University, from which institution he was graduated in 1891.

After leaving school he went into business with his father, and in 1893 was admitted to partnership, the firm name changing to C. F. Orthwein & Sons.

In 1897 Mr. Orthwein came to Kansas City, and took charge of the local management and the business, under his management, has grown and trebled. The operations are principally confined to grain exporting, exclusively *via* the Gulf of Mexico.

Mr. Orthwein is a member of the Kansas City Club, the Driving Club, and since coming to Kansas City has identified himself actively with all the organizations and movements tending to aid the city's growth and progress. He is a Mason.

He married Miss Edith Hall, of St. Louis, in 1897, and the permanency of his location in Kansas City is attested by the erection of one of the finest homes in the city.



Photo by Strauss.

DANIEL O'FLAHERTY,

one of the city's pioneer civil engineers, was born at Martinsburg, West Virginia, July 24, 1841. As a boy, he lived in Cincinnati, and went to the public schools there. He came to Kansas City in 1857, and studied civil engineering with Edmond O'Flaherty. In 1886 he was Assistant City Engineer, having then formed a partnership with John Donnelly, and in 1868 was elected County Surveyor, and filled both places until 1872. From 1872 to 1880 he practiced his profession, when he was re-elected County Surveyor for four years.

Mr. O'Flaherty made the first map of Ft. Worth, Tex., and superintended the building of the court-house there in 1877.

He had charge of the construction of the East Fifth Street road in 1874 and was chief engineer of the Kansas City & Eastern.

He married Miss Ella A. Ward, of Clinton County, Missouri, in 1869. They have three children, Dr. E. A. O'Flaherty, Joseph O'Flaherty, and Leo. J. O'Flaherty, all of Kansas City.



Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES J. O'MALLEY

was born at Newport, County Mayo, Ireland, in 1859. He derived his education at his native place and at Glasgow, Scotland. He ran away from college at the age of fourteen, and came to this country. After a short time in New York city, he went to Manistee, Mich., where a brother was running a weekly paper, and learned the business in all its branches. In 1885 he became a reporter on the Milwaukee *Evening Wisconsin* and later on the Chicago *Times*. He then started a weekly paper in Scranton, Pa. Afterwards he returned to Manistee, and ran the *Advocate* there for a year; then went to work for the *Rocky Mountain News* at Denver. In 1890 he went to Europe for the *News*, and on his return became traveling correspondent for the Detroit *Evening News*, and three years later was made business manager of the *Free Press*. In 1895 he left to take charge of a department in the New Orage Industrial association, which built an industrial town in New Jersey.

In February, 1897, Mr. O'Malley came to Kansas City for the Scripps-McRea League, and had charge of the Pure Food Exposition, afterwards devoting his energy to building up the Kansas City *World* and other papers owned by the League.

In 1899 he started the Land Owner's Security Company.

He is prominent in local Catholic and Irish affairs, being a charter member and recorder of the Kansas City Council of the Knights of Columbus, and is also a director of the Karnival Krewe.



Photo by Thomson.

JOHN O'GRADY

was born in County Wexford, Ireland, October 14, 1850, and was educated in the city of Wexford, where he subsequently studied law and was admitted to the bar.

In 1870 he came to this country, and after a brief stay in New York located in Osage Mission, Kas., where he practiced law for four years. Soon after his arrival there the boy of twenty was elected Mayor of the town, and what is more he made a good mayor. From Osage Mission he went to St. Louis, where he was engaged in practice with Joseph Robinson.

In 1888 he came to Kansas City, and has ever since been a prominent figure in the public and professional life of the town.

Upon his arrival here he became a member of the firm of Robinson, O'Grady & Harkless, but is now and has been for some time a member of the firm of Harkless, O'Grady & Crysler.

He was for several years captain and judge advocate of the Third Regiment, and has long been a prominent member of the Commercial Club. He is also a member of various other organizations, and while never an office-seeker has always been a staunch Democrat.



Photo by Strauss.

VINCENT J. O'FLAHERTY

was born in Vicksburg, Mississippi, August 28, 1873, but as his parents removed to Kansas City when he was only five years old he may be considered a Kansas City product.

His early education was received in the public schools of the town, and later he entered St. Mary's Academy at St. Mary's Kas., where he remained for four years.

Returning from school, he entered the employ of the M., K. & T. Railroad, where he stayed until 1896, when the position of deputy was offered him by Sheriff Robert S. Stone. Mr. O'Flaherty was in the Sheriff's office until 1900, when he was made a deputy circuit clerk, which position he now holds.

He has always been prominently identified with the local Democracy, and has played no small part in its victories.

Mr. O'Flaherty is a member of the Knights of Columbus, is Treasurer of the Marquette Club, and is a director in the Kansas City Athletic Club.

He married Miss Emily Marie Gerard in 1897, and they have one son, Vincent, Jr.



Photo by Strauss.

FREEMAN E. OVIATT

was born in Cleveland, Ohio, November 2, 1858. He spent his entire boyhood there. He entered the public schools of the city, and after acquiring the rudiments of an education left to enter the Spencerian Business College, from which institution he graduated.

He went into the retail shoe business soon after his graduation from the business College, and has remained in that business ever since, except for a few years spent in the general railroad contracting business with an elder brother in New York State.

Mr. Oviatt came to this city in 1895, and engaged in retailing shoes soon after he arrived at the place he still occupies at 1105 Main Street. His long experience in the business, united with an aptitude for mercantile affairs, have placed him in the front rank among the local dealers, many of whom have passed half their lives in the business in this city.

Mr. Oviatt is a member of a number of secret and benevolent societies, among them the Royal Aram and the Modern Woodmen, and also holds membership in the local Retail Merchants' Association.

He was married in 1880 to Miss Ada R. Fish, in Cleveland, O. They have five children.



Photo by Strauss.

EDWARD C. OREAR

was born in Mount Sterling, Kentucky, February 14, 1856. His parents came to Missouri in 1872, and settled on a farm in Bates County. Here the young Orear passed all his boyhood alternately working on his parent's farm, and taking advantage of the scant schooling afforded in the district schools of the county. It was in 1890 that Mr. Orear came to Kansas City. He went to work by the day as a painter, and he remained in the business as an employé until 1897, when he entered into partnership with E. E. Agin as the junior member, the firm style being Agin & Orear. While an employé, Mr. Orear joined the Painters' Union No. 4, the members of which elected him recording secretary soon after his admission, and later he was sent to the Industrial Council by the union, as its representative in that body. This place he held for two years.

Mr. Orear, while not at any time connected with political parties in an official capacity, took more than a passing interest in the welfare of the Democratic party, and as a reward for his zeal and earnestness was placed in nomination by that party for the position of Judge of the Western District in 1902.

He is a member of a number of secret and benevolent societies, among them the Knights of Pythias, the Pyramids, and the A. O. U. W., being treasurer of No. 303 of the latter organization.

He was married in 1895 to Miss Sloan, of this city.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM H. OTTO

began his strenuous career at Harmony, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1862, where his father was engaged in a general merchandise business. When the young man grew up he entered the Harmony Collegiate Institute, from which he was graduated in 1882.

Mr. Otto first ventured into business for himself at Junction City, Kas., coming from that place to Kansas City in 1885. He first associated himself with the Kansas City Elevator Manufacturing Company, and in 1894 organized the Moline Elevator Company and started into business for himself.

The rapid growth of the city, and the erection of many large buildings since then have helped to make Mr. Otto prosperous.

He was a member of the examining board of engineers under Mayor Davis three years, and served six years in the lower house of the Council, beginning in 1898.

He was married to Miss Kittie Shaefer, of Buffalo, N. Y., January 1, 1891.



Photo by Thomson

FRANK PHILLIPS

was born near Independence, Missouri, May 2, 1862. He lived in that town until he had reached early manhood, passing his school days as a pupil in the public schools there. At the age of eighteen he came to this town, and went to work for the street railway company as a conductor. At that time the railways were under the ownership of the Corriganes, mules being the motive power used. In 1888 he was made superintendent of the Tenth Street and Brooklyn Avenue line, the motive power of which was by cable. The line at that time was an independent one, and was operated through a sparsely settled neighborhood. Its service, however, was maintained at a high standard of efficiency, and encouraged by this, homes were built along it, with the result that when the line was sold by its owners it had reached the stage of a valuable property.

Mr. Phillips was always a Democrat, and was honored three times with nominations to elective offices. He was nominated and elected to the City Council for two consecutive terms, and was afterwards nominated by the party as a Representative. He was elected, and sat as a member of the Fortieth General Assembly. Since that time he has always been identified as an active worker for the party's welfare.

He is at present engaged in the mining business.

He is a member of the Jackson County Club and also of the Order of Elks.

Mr. Phillips is married, and has one child.



Photo by Strauss.

ARCHIBALD ALLEN PEARSON was born in Lincoln County, Tennessee, October 21, 1847, and spent his boyhood days on a farm. In 1856 his parents moved to Florida, but in the early 60's returned to the Lincoln County farm. There the young Archibald resumed his studies, but not for very long.

In 1864, when the armies of the South showed great gaps and the end was coming into sight, the seventeen-year-old boy dropped his books and joined General Forest's Cavalry. He saw much service with that celebrated company, and fought on many a bloody field, for Forest was never the man to avoid trouble.

In May, 1865, Mr. Pearson was paroled at Greenville, Illinois, General Canby, U. S. A., signing his parole. After that he clerked for eight years in a store in Bedford, Ind., and then ran a store of his own in Mitchell, Ind. From there he went to New York, where he went into the cloak business, and it was in 1883 that he came to Kansas City, where he has ever since been engaged in the millinery business.

He is a prominent member of the Commercial Club, a thirty-second degree Mason, a Shriner, and a Knight Templar.

Mr. Pearson married Miss Anna Stillson, in Bedford, Ind., in 1869. They have three children.



Photo by Strauss.

EDWARD EVERETT PORTERFIELD was born March 28, 1861, in Berkeley County, Virginia, and spent his boyhood days on a farm. He attended a country school, and was graduated from Franklyn and Marshall College in 1883, having the degree of A.B. conferred upon him. After leaving college, he decided upon the law for his profession, and entered the office of Henry Clay Douglas in Hagerstown, Md. He was admitted to the bar in 1885, but did not hang out his shingle just then, first accepting a position as principal of the public schools in Hancock, Md. He taught here for a year, and then came to Kansas City, where he began the practice of law.

Mr. Porterfield married Miss Julia Chick, daughter of Joseph S. Chick, a pioneer citizen of Kansas City, and is the father of two children, Edward E., Jr., and Joseph Chick Porterfield.

He is a Mason, an Odd-fellow, and belongs to the Legion of Honor and the Modern Woodmen of America.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM COULLING PERRY

was born in Essex County, England, October 28, 1854. He grew to manhood on the farm where he was born, receiving his education in the country schools.

In 1873 he came to America and located in Ft. Scott, Kas. Deciding upon the profession of law, he entered the offices of General Charles W. Blair, and after two years of study was admitted to the bar in 1875. He was afterwards admitted to partnership with General Blair.

Mr. Perry took an active interest in Kansas politics from the commencement of his residence in Ft. Scott, and identified himself prominently with the Democratic party, and was chairman of the Democratic State Committee during several important campaigns.

In 1884 he was appointed United States District Attorney by President Cleveland, and in 1892, when Mr. Cleveland was elected again, he appointed Mr. Perry a second time to that important office.

Mr. Perry came to Kansas City in 1899, and is now a member of the law firm of Holmes & Perry.

He married Miss Massey, of Washington, D. C., in 1887, and they have two children, W. C., Jr., and Katherine.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN PUNTON

was born in London, England, July 12, 1855. He came to this country in 1872, and received his early education in the schools of Jacksonville, Ill. His first employment was in the druggist's department in the asylum there, in which place he remained for ten years. He studied medicine every spare moment, and saved enough to take a year's course in the University of Michigan and also a course in the Miami Medical College in Cincinnati. Returning to Jacksonville, he only remained for a short time, and then moved to Lawrence, Kas., where he was soon appointed City Physician. During the second year his ability recommended him to the president of the State Board of Charities, and he was appointed Assistant Superintendent of the Kansas State Insane Asylum at Topeka, where he remained for three years. Resigning in 1887, he took a course in neurology at the Northwestern Medical College, and in 1888 came to Kansas City.

Dr. Punton has served as president of the Academy of Medicine, and as vice-president of the State Association, and is a member of the American Neurological Association. He has also been a member of the board of trustees and secretary of the University Medical College, and occupies the chair of nervous and mental diseases.

Dr. Punton is a member of the Commercial Club, is a thirty-second degree Mason, a Shriner, and is editor of the *Index-Lancet*.



Photo by Strauss.

THOMAS J. PENDERGAST

was born in St. Joseph, Missouri, July 22, 1872. He attended the public schools of his birthplace until his graduation in 1886, after which he entered the employ of the Burlington Railroad in a clerical position. He came to Kansas City in 1888, while in the employ of the Burlington, and remained with the road for eight years, advancing meanwhile to better positions.

In 1896 Marshal Chiles tendered him the position of Deputy County Marshal, which he accepted. He held the place until the conclusion of County Marshal Chiles' term of office in 1900, when he was appointed Superintendent of City Streets by Mayor James A. Reed, which place he now holds.

All during his residence in this city he has been actively identified with the Democratic party, and has been a prominent figure in the party councils. As a member of various City, County, and Congressional Commission committees, he has forwarded the interests of the party, where shrewdness and intelligence, combined with a broad grasp of political affairs, could be used to advantage. These qualities, combined with the experience gained in the office of the County Marshal while a deputy, made him the ideal candidate for the office. His name was presented for consideration before a convention of the delegates of his party in 1902, and he was nominated for the office by acclamation.

Mr. Pendergast is an Elk.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES L. PHELPS

was born in Ottawa, Illinois, January 1, 1865. He attended the public schools of Ottawa, where he gained the rudiments of an education, which had been destined to be complete, but the failure of his father in business necessitated his quitting school and taking employment. He taught school for a time, reading law at night, and qualified for the bar, being admitted in Illinois in 1878. He took up its practice in Newport, Ark., first, but poor health compelled him to seek another climate, so Mr. Phelps came north and settled in Atchison, Kas., where he resumed the practice of his profession, and became rather prominent in the Democratic politics of the district.

In 1881 he removed to Independence, this county, where he first became engaged in the abstract business, giving it up after a time to take a place with the *Kansas City Times*, remaining with the paper for several years. After his newspaper experience, Mr. Phelps was appointed Deputy County Clerk, and given charge of the Independence office. His carefulness of the responsibility entrusted to his hands, together with the experience and friendships gained while in the office, made him available timber for the nomination for the office, and he was nominated by the Democratic party in 1902.

Mr. Phelps is a Knight of Pythias, a Woodman, a Heptosaph, and is identified with the Christian Church.

He was married in 1883 to Miss Nellie Gregg.

*Photo by Strauss.***WALTER ANDERSON POWELL**

was born June 16, 1855, near Farmington, Delaware. His early life was spent there, and he attended the Wilmington Conference Academy at Dover, Del. He was graduated from Dickinson College, Carlisle, Penn., in 1878, and went to Denton, Md., to read law. He came to Kansas City in October, 1879, and was admitted to the bar here in 1881. C. W. Chase was his first partner. With him he continued ten years, was alone for a few years, and then Elmer N. Powell, a younger brother, was admitted to the firm of Powell & Powell in 1894.

Mr. Powell was married September 4, 1888, to Miss Jennie Knowles, of Rochester, N. Y.

He was nominated for Circuit Judge in 1898, and ran at the head of his ticket. His father was James B. R. Powell, a well-known eastern merchant.

*Photo by Strauss.***ELMER NATHANIEL POWELL,**

a prominent figure among the younger members of the bar, was born at Farmington, Delaware, September 19, 1869. His parents moved to Dover, Del., when he was seven years old. He was graduated from Wilmington Academy at Dover in 1886, and then took a post-graduate course of three years at Johns Hopkins University. After leaving the university he took up educational work, and was principal of an Academy at Hillsboro, Md.

In 1890 he came to Kansas City, where his elder brother was a well-established lawyer. He took the law course at the University of Kansas, graduating in 1895 with the highest honors of the class. Returning to Kansas City, he began the practice of law with his brother, under the present firm name of Powell & Powell.

Mr. Powell was married October 19, 1879, to Miss Illga Herbel, of Jacksonville, Ill. They have one child, Dorothy, three years old.

In 1895 Mr. Powell was made secretary of the Kansas City Law School, which he helped to found, and served in that capacity until 1901. He was treasurer of the Bar Association one term. At the university Mr. Powell was a member of the Beta Theta Psi Fraternity.



Photo by Strauss.

JOSEPH M. PATTERSON

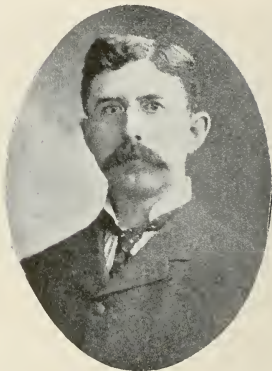
was born June 15, 1865, in Cynthiana, Harrison County, Kentucky. He spent his boyhood there, receiving his education in the public schools and in Georgetown Academy, after which he entered the Ohio Medical College in 1884. He took his degree in 1886, and then spent a year in the Pulte Medical College, after which he began practice in Augusta, Ga., remaining there for three years.

After four years in Champagne, Ill., where he removed from Augusta, Dr. Patterson decided to specialize, and in 1894 entered the Illinois Eye and Ear Infirmary at Chicago, after which he took courses in the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, the Manhattan Eye and Ear Infirmary, the Knapp Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, and the New York Ophthalmic Hospital College. It was from the latter institution that he received the degree of Eye and Ear Surgeon.

In 1898 he came to Kansas City.

Dr. Patterson is a member of the Kansas City Club, the Evanston Golf Club, the Kansas City Driving Club, is vice-president of the October Ball Association, and is a thirty-second degree Mason, a Knight Templar, and a Shriner.

He married Miss Bowman, of Kentucky, in 1887, and they have one boy.



WINFRED S. PONTIUS

was born in Fulton, Indiana, December 15, 1859, of a family that has been rooted in American soil for one hundred and fifty years.

He received a good education, but went to work at a comparatively early age, as American boys have a habit of doing.

He came to Kansas City in 1886, attracted by the possibilities of the growing town, and has remained here ever since.

Soon after his arrival here he embarked in the grain business, in which he achieved a most substantial success. He later went into the coal and ice business, and was so engaged when honored with the nomination for Sheriff in 1900.

Mr. Pontius has always been a staunch and active Republican, but was never anything of an office-seeker, and the nomination came to him as a surprise. He was elected—the first Republican Sheriff in Jackson County for thirty years—and made an admirable officer.

Without any effort on his part, Mr. Pontius was given a re-nomination in 1902, but went down with the rest of his ticket in the Democratic landslide.

He is a married man, and a member of several secret societies.



Photo by Strauss.

CLARENCE STEUBEN PALMER

the well-known lawyer, was born in Stedman, Chautauqua county, New York, January, 27, 1857. He went to the district schools, and then attended the high schools in Mayville and Westfield, two New York towns in which he subsequently lived.

He was graduated from Hamilton college in 1879 with high honors, after which he read law under Hon. W. L. Sessions, of Panama, New York. He was admitted to the bar in 1881, and immediately formed a partnership with his distinguished teacher, which continued until 1885, when Mr. Palmer came to Kansas City, winning recognition from the start.

Mr. Palmer was appointed assistant city counselor in 1894 by Frank Rozzelle, and continued in office by Judge H. C. McDougal, Rozelle's Republican successor. During his two terms he played an important part in the park and boulevard litigation, helping to win for the city in both circuit and supreme courts.

Mr. Palmer is a prominent member of the local Bar Association, a Mason, a member of the local chapter of the Sons of the Revolution, and belongs to the Theta Delta and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities.

He married Miss Julia St. John, of Salem, Indiana, in 1886. Their living children are Clarence and Edward.



ISAAC M. RIDGE,

the pioneer physician, was born July 9, 1825, in Adair county, Kentucky, but transferred his residence to Lafayette county, Mo., in 1833. He was educated in a private school and in an academy at Dover, and also read medicine in that town.

He afterwards entered the Transylvania University, Lexington, Ky., and was graduated in 1848. He returned to Kansas City, then Westport landing, and opened an office on the levee. He was the only physician then, and for some time afterwards, and his journeys covered deep into Missouri and out into Kansas. The cholera epidemic in 1849 found a worthy foe in Dr. Ridge, although his herculean labors finally led to an attack of the disease. He recovered by a miracle almost.

In 1875, Dr. Ridge retired from active practice, and has since devoted his time to his immense property interests. The Ridge building and Masonic building, built and owned by him are monuments that will endure. Public-spirited to the last degree he has given freely of land and money to the city, with no other hope than to see it grow in greatness. Dr. Ridge was made a Master Mason in 1849, the first in Kansas City, and is a Shriner. He was married in 1850 to Miss Eliza Smart, long since deceased. Five children were born of this marriage, three of whom are living. In 1882, he married Miss May D. Campbell, noted for her charm, beauty and wonderful musical talent.



JOHN M. ROOD

was born on a farm near Quincy, Illinois, May 14, 1858. All of his earlier life was passed at his birthplace, and he acquired an education in the district schools of his home county. He taught school three years at Payson, Ill., after leaving school, after which he took the commercial course at the Gem City Business College in Quincy. When he had completed his course of study he went into the lumber business as a book-keeper. He left Quincy in 1880, going to Carrollton, Mo., where he engaged in general merchandizing in the employ of a firm there. He came to Kansas City in the spring of 1867, and soon after his arrival here helped organize and became secretary of the Midland Lumber Company. He sold his stock, but retained his employment with the firm for several years, when he went with the Deardorff Lumber Company in 1893 in charge of the firm's local business. In April, 1902, Mr. Rood left the Deardorff company to become the vice-president and local manager of the Current River Lumber Company, in which he is a large stockholder.

Mr. Rood is active in politics, having been elected a member of the upper house of the Council in 1900 for a term of four years, and in 1902 was the unanimous choice of the Jackson County Democratic Club for its president.

Mr. Rood married Miss Sarah Atwood of Carrollton. They have four children, Mary L., Wilhelmina, Florence, and Josephine.

*Photo by Thomson.*

JOHN EMERSON ROBERTS

was born in 1853 in Fredonia, Ohio, the son of a Baptist minister. His principal and most important education was received at Shurtleff College in Upper Alton, Ill., from which institution he was graduated in 1878 with the degree of D.D. His reputation for eloquence and ability, already won, soon secured him a position with the Baptist Church in Carrollton, Ill., where he remained until 1881. He then accepted a call from the First Baptist Church of Kansas City, and here he gained new laurels by his eloquence. In 1884 he found that he could no longer reconcile himself to orthodox teachings, and resigning his pastorate, accepted a call from a Unitarian Church in Grand Rapids, Mich.

In 1887 he returned to Kansas City to take charge of All Souls' Unitarian Church, and in this position it seemed that he had reached the zenith of his fame.

But even the Unitarian Church was too narrow for his soaring thought, and in 1897 he resigned, and, launching forth on bold new lines, organized the Church of This World. It has been said "there is no other church like it in this world." It has no organization, no officers, and he lectures, rather than sermonizes.

Dr. Roberts married Miss Edith Wilson and they have two children.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM ASHLEY RULE

was born in St. Louis September 3, 1859. He received his education at the St. Louis public and high schools, and after his graduation took a position with the St. Louis Transfer Company, of which R. P. Tansey was president. Mr. Tansey was interested in the old Hibernian Bank, and soon placed Mr. Rule there. He afterwards went to the Third National Bank, and in 1887 came to Kansas City.

He accepted a position with the National Bank of Commerce, then at Sixth and Delaware streets, and from a clerkship rose to the position of assistant cashier. In 1895 he was made cashier, which position he now holds.

He was married in 1880 to Miss Lizzie Harrison, of St. Louis, and is the father of three children, Bernard, Ashley, and Katherine.

A domestic man and a very busy man, Mr. Rule has never failed to identify himself with public movements, and has been a power in the development of the town. He is president of the Kansas City Horse Show Association, treasurer of the United States and Mexican Trust Company, one of the vice-presidents of the Orient Railway, and a director in many other companies.

He belongs to the Commercial Club and the Driving Club, and is associated with C. C. Christie in the promotion of a race-track south of the city



Photo by Strauss.

LOUIS E. RIDDLE

was born in Forestville, Minnesota, September 29, 1870, but spent his boyhood in the neighboring town of Excelsior, where he received his early education in the public schools.

When it came time for him to decide upon a career, Mr. Riddle journeyed to Chicago, and entered the steam-heating business. He began at the very bottom, working in the shops, and secured a thorough knowledge of heating mechanics.

His firm finally sent him to New Orleans as an agent, and in 1898 he came to Kansas City as western agent for the Western Paul Steam Heating Company. His success was such that he decided to go into business for himself, and in 1901 he did so. He handles a line of steam specialties, and has worked up a splendid business.

Mr. Riddle is an enthusiastic member of the Kansas City Athletic Club, and is one of the Blue Diamond's crack athletes.

He is also a Mason, and belongs to the Commercial Club.



Photo by Thomson.

ROBERT EATON RICHARDSON was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1861. While still a child his parents moved to Concord, Mass., where he spent his boyhood. At fifteen he took a position in Pittsburg, but returned to Concord after three years and entered the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. After graduating from there in 1885, he accepted a professorship in a military school in Morgan Park, Ill., where he taught mathematics and mechanical drawing.

Quitting pedagogy, he resumed engineering, and went with the Western Electrical Company for five years, and then formed an engineering company in Chicago with R. H. Pierce. In 1891 Mr. Pierce was made chief engineer of the World's Fair, and Mr. Richardson was appointed assistant. He laid out the lighting of the grounds and had charge of the underground work. When his work was finished, he accepted the position of assistant manager of the Ansonia Electric Company, of Chicago, and when the World's Fair was over resumed partnership with Mr. Pierce. The firm is now Pierce, Richardson & Neiler.

In 1899 Mr. Richardson came to Kansas City to report upon the Kansas City Electric Light Company for the Armour interests, and was induced to remain as genneral manager.

He was married January 9, 1894, to Miss Maude A. Richardson (no relation.)



FRANK FINLEY ROZZELLE, the sixth son of Wesley and Maria Rozzelle, was born near Georgetown, Kentucky. Three months later the family removed to Caldwell County, Missouri. His father died when he was about eight years old, leaving him to the care of his mother and oldest brother. He spent his boyhood on the farm, attending school in the winter, and at fifteen entered Missouri University. After graduation, he went through the law school at Ann Arbor, and then located in Kansas City.

Mr. Rozzelle has always been deeply interested in matters pertaining to municipal government. In 1890 he was appointed Police Commissioner by Governor Francis, resigning the position after a year to accept the office of City Counselor under Mayor Holmes. He held this office four years, having been reappointed by Mayor Cowherd. During Mr. Rozzelle's tenure of office, the most important litigation in which the city has ever been engaged devolved upon that office. The greater part of the waterworks litigation, resulting in city ownership, was waged by him. Another victory he won for the city was in the fight against the gas company, which had



Photo by Strauss.

JUDGE ELIJAH ROBINSON

was born in Lincoln County, Missouri, February 9, 1860. Like most other well-known lawyers, he spent his boyhood on a farm and attended district school. His later education was gained at Watson Seminary, which he left in 1869. He studied law at Troy, Mo., and was admitted to the bar in 1870, practicing first at Bowling Green and then at Louisiana, Mo.

It was in 1889 that he left the latter place to come to Kansas City. In that year the firm of McDougal & Robinson was formed, the partnership continuing until July, 1891. Since then Judge Robinson has been associated with Stuart Carkner.

January 1, 1891, he became attorney for the Missouri Pacific Railroad at Kansas City.

He was married to Miss Lelia Harris at Bowling Green, Missouri, in October, 1876, and has one son, Harris Robinson, a graduate of Princeton, now in his father's law office.

Before coming to Kansas City, Judge Robinson figured extensively in politics. He was appointed County Attorney of Pike County in February, 1871, was elected Prosecuting Attorney in November, 1872, re-elected in 1874 and then was elected Judge of the Third Judicial Circuit, serving six years, from 1880 to 1886. He was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee from 1874 to 1876. Since July, 1891, Judge Robinson has been attorney for the National Bank of Commerce, and stands in the front rank of corporation lawyers in the State.



Photo by Strauss.

EMMETT MONTGOMERY REILY

was born in Sedalia, Mo., October 21, 1866. Until the age of fifteen he lived in Calloway County, when he moved to Ft. Worth, Tex.

He was engaged in Ft. Worth in the newspaper and real estate business, and was prominent in the political affairs of the State as a Republican, being chairman of that party's City and County Committees in Ft. Worth, besides being twice nominated by his party for County Clerk. He served as a member of the City Committee for eight years.

Mr. Reily came to this city in 1892. Former Mayor James A. Jones made him his secretary in 1896, which place he held through two terms. He went into the printing business after Mr. Jones' term of office expired, and remained there until appointed Chief Deputy by County Assessor Nofsinger.

Mr. Reily holds the distinction of being the man who organized the first Roosevelt Club. The club came into being July 18, 1901, and the membership made such prodigious strides that it soon reached 3,000. The death of President McKinley soon after made the club useless for the purpose of its organization—that of making President Roosevelt the Republican nominee for President in 1904—and it dissolved.

Mr. Reily was made Assistant Postmaster by Postmaster J. H. Harris soon after his appointment in 1902.

Mr. Reily married Miss Minnie Mountfortt at Ft. Worth in 1902. They have one child, Gilliam, born in 1896.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM A. REPP

was born in Funkstown, Washington County, Maryland, August 8, 1856. In 1862 the family moved to Indianapolis, Ind., for a while, returning East at the close of the civil war, and located in Washington, D. C. Here Mr. Repp lived until he had attained his majority, meanwhile acquiring an education in the public schools of the city. In 1877 he went to Indianapolis, and engaged in the baking business with a brother, the firm name being the Repp Bros. Vienna Baking Company. Mr. Repp remained three years in Indianapolis, and then went out in Kansas, engaging in the cattle business at Springvale as a member of the Goodrich Cattle Company. Immigration was heavy to this section, and the consequent increase in land values made ranging too costly to yield a profit, so in 1884 Mr. Repp went to Pratt, Kas., and opened a furniture store. He stayed there six years, then went to Arkansas City, where he and his brother conducted a business. In all, Mr. Repp lived in Arkansas City ten years, the latter portion of his business life there being in connection with Mr. Charles P. Duff, who is now associated with him in the Duff & Repp Company here.

Mr. Repp came to Kansas City two years ago to become secretary and treasurer of the J. H. North Furniture and Carpet Company, which, in a reorganization, was merged into and swallowed up by the Duff & Repp Furniture Company. Mr. Repp is secretary and treasurer of this firm.



Photo by Thomson.

WALTER CLARKE ROOT

was born in Atlanta, Ga., December 8, 1859 but his parents removed to New York city when he was six years old. He went to the New York public schools, and finished his education in the College of the City of New York. He then went to Chicago, and entered the office of Burnham & Root, architects, where he remained for six years, working and studying. In 1886 he came to Kansas City, started the practice of his profession alone, and is now ranked as one of the great architects of the country.

In 1896 the present firm of Root & Siemens was formed.

In addition to many fine residences, warehouses, and business buildings, Mr. Root designed Science Hall at Central College, Fayette, Mo., the Scarritt Bible and Training School, the W. J. Smith warehouse, and the Thayer building. The firm of Root & Siemens is responsible for the Museum at Kansas University, the Cupples Dormitory, Central College, the Fowler shops, the Postal Telegraph building, the W. J. Smith plant, the River side power-house, and many other large structures.

Mr. Root married Miss Lora Bullene in 1891, and they have three children, two boys and a girl.

He belongs to the Country Club, the Commercial Club, the American Institute of Architects and is a Mason.



Photo by Strauss.

MOSES THURSTON RUNNELS

a physician who has acquired a large practice in Kansas City, and a man of more than ordinary attainments, was born December 26, 1849, in Licking County, Ohio. He was reared on a farm, and was educated at Oberlin, where he attended four years.

He began the study of medicine under his brother, Dr. O. S. Runnels, of Indianapolis, Ind., and in 1874 completed a course in the Cleveland Homeopathic Hospital College, which distinguished him with several prizes and positions of honor. His practice of medicine was begun at Franklin, Ind. After eighteen months he took post-graduate courses in New York city, and returned to become the partner of his brother at Indianapolis, with whom he was associated until 1884.

In June, 1885, he came to Kansas City, where, besides attending to his practice, he occupies chairs in several medical colleges, and has contributed largely to the literature of medicine.

Dr. Runnels was married in Indianapolis, to Miss Emily Lamb Johnson. Three children were born to them, two of whom are living.



Photo by Strauss.

ISAAC PALMER RYLAND

was born October 6, 1861, in Lexington, Missouri. He went through the public schools of Lexington, and then attended Central College at Fayette, Mo., from which he was graduated in 1881.

Returning to Lexington, he read law in the office of his father, Judge John E. Ryland, and after gaining admittance to the bar began the practice of his profession there in Lexington.

He came to Kansas City in 1888.

The law firm of Ryland & Taylor was formed, and after the dissolution of this partnership Mr. Ryland allied himself with Mr. Lyon. For some years, however, he has been practicing alone.

Mr. Ryland is a member of the Bar Association and a member of the Commercial Club. He is also a Mason of high degree.

Mr. Ryland married Miss Bessie Knickerbocker April 14, 1886, in Fayette, Mo., and is the father of four children, John, Louise, Jeannette, and Robert.

*Photo by Strauss.***JULES C. ROSENBERGER**

was born in Davenport, Iowa, December 14, 1873. His parents removed to Kansas City when he was but six years old, and his early education was received here at the public and high schools. He was graduated from the Central High School in 1891, and then entered the law department at Ann Arbor. He was graduated from there in 1893, but, in view of his youth, decided to defer the practice of law. He accepted a position as court reporter for the *Kansas City Star*, and remained in that capacity for two years. He then entered the law office of C. O. Tichenor, where he resumed his legal studies. He was admitted to the bar in 1895, and soon afterwards formed an association with the late Francis M. Black, former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Rosenberger is general attorney for the United States Casualty Company of New York, and has specialized on the company's side of insurance litigation. He also represented the wholesale liquor dealers in a test case involving the constitutionality of that feature of the prohibition act in Kansas which prevents salesmen from taking orders for liquor, and succeeded in having the section declared unconstitutional.

He married Miss Blanche J. Hess, of New York city, March 19, 1902.

*Photo by Strauss.***GRANT I. ROSENZWEIG**

was born September 15, 1856, in Erie, Pennsylvania. He lived there through the days of his boyhood, attending the public and high schools, and afterwards prepared for Yale. He was graduated from the great New Haven institution in 1887, and soon afterwards came out to Kansas City.

While in Yale, Mr. Rosenzweig took a partial law course, and completed this by study in a local office. He was admitted to practice in 1889, and refusing to ally himself with anyone, the young lawyer flung his shingle to the breeze.

He continued to practice alone until 1892, when he formed a partnership with Fred Doggett under the firm name of Doggett & Rosenzweig, which continued until 1894, when it was dissolved by the death of Mr. Doggett. Since that time Mr. Rosenzweig has been practicing alone.

He married Miss Mathilde Rosenberger October 19, 1893.

Mr. Rosenzweig is a member of the Progress Club, is a Mason, and also belongs to the A. O. U. W. He was also one of the leading spirits in the organization of the Yale Alumni Association.



Photo by Strauss.

FRANKLIN EVERETT REED, of the well-known law firm of Reed & Reed, was born in Beaver County Pennsylvania, January 8, 1867. From 1869 to 1878 his family resided at Ottawa, Kas., and from 1879 to 1890 Mr. Reed made his home at Newton, Kas. Since 1890 he has practiced law in Kansas City.

Mr. Reed was graduated from the Newton, Kas., High School in 1882, and entered the Kansas State University in 1884, where he was graduated with the class of 1889, and had the honor to be elected valedictorian.

Until he was sixteen years old, Mr. Reed taught school in Harvey County, Kansas. At the University he was a member of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity. He represented the University in the State oratorical contest in 1889. Mr. Reed's success in college presaged the success he should have in later life, his firm being among the most eagerly sought by clients.

Mr. Reed was married in Kansas City in 1896 to Miss Pearlina Kroh. They have one son, Cameron K., five years old.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM T. REED, senior member of the law firm of Reed & Reed, was born near Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, April 4, 1864. When he was still a child of four his father went to Kansas, living first at Ottawa and then at Newton.

Mr. Reed was graduated from the State University of Kansas with the class of '88, was admitted to the bar the following year, and practiced first at Newton. But this was too small a town to hold a man of Mr. Reed's abilities. In January, 1890, seeking a wider field, he moved to Kansas City Kas., where, with his brother, he built up a splendid reputation for the firm of Reed & Reed. After five years across the river the firm was moved to Kansas City, Mo.

Mr. Reed was married in April, 1892, to Miss Grace Peterson, of Akron, O. There are two children, Marian and Grace.

Mr. Reed recently attracted attention to his firm by an attack upon the packers' combine, a case that is still pending in the court.

*Photo by Strauss.*

LOUIS P. ROTHSCHILD

was born in Leavenworth, Kansas, July 8, 1864, and lived there until his removal to Kansas City in 1901. He received his education in the public and high schools, and after completing the latter course entered the store of his father, Philip Rothschild, the pioneer merchant of the West.

In 1901 the business was removed to Kansas City, and the subject of this sketch and his brother, Alfred, at once began a campaign of energy and idea, which has resulted in victory and success.

In Leavenworth, Mr. Rothschild built the first independent telephone in that town, and was also the moving spirit in the organization of the Merchants' Electric Light Company.

Since coming to Kansas City he has identified himself with the public life of the town, and is a member of the Commercial Club, and has also actively participated in the Priests of Pallas movement and the Flower Show.

He is a thirty-second degree Mason, Scottish Rite, a Shriner, an Elk, and a Knight of Pythias.

Mr. Rothschild was married in 1899 to Miss Westheimer, of St. Joseph, and they have one son.

*Photo by Strauss.*

ALFRED P. ROTHSCHILD

was born in Leavenworth, Kansas, April 24, 1868, the son of Philip Rothschild, who, as early as 1853, opened a store on on the present site of Kansas City, and then in 1855 moved to Leavenworth, then a town six months old. He opened a store there, and the business is still in existence, though now carried on by his sons.

The subject of this sketch went through the public and high schools of Leavenworth, and after completing his education entered the store of his father, as his brother, Louis, had done before him.

As the father grew older, the business more and more devolved upon the sons, and under their management it grew and grew. In 1901 a removal to Kansas City was decided upon.

Like his brother, Mr. Rothschild was prominent in the civic affairs of Leavenworth, and has also actively interested himself in local affairs and public movements. He belongs to the Commercial Club, and is identified with the other kindred public institutions.

Mr. Rothschild was married in 1902 to Miss Alice Gumbel, of Kansas City.

He belongs to no societies with the exception of the Elks.

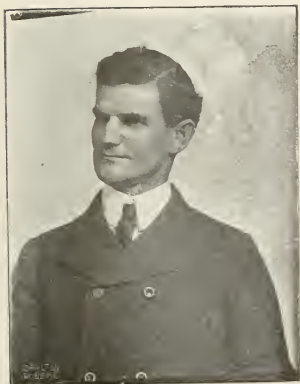


Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES RENICK

was born out in Sni-a-bar Township in this County (Jackson), May 5, 1867. He comes from a line of Jackson Countyans. His grandfather first settled here in 1828, and both his father and mother were born in this county, the former in 1832 and the latter in 1839. His father, John T. Renick, is one of the most prominent citizens of the county, and it was on his farm that Charles was born. Mr. Renick received his first schooling in the district schools of the county, and finished a course at the College at Odessa. He left school life at twenty-one years of age, and entered mercantile life in Independence. He remained in the store for three years, leaving it to go on the road as a commercial traveler for Burnham, Hanna, Munger & Co., and later for Swofford Bros. In 1895 he went into mercantile business for himself down in Oak Grove, and achieved a success.

In 1898 he was given the nomination for Clerk of the Criminal Court by the Democratic party, and was elected by a flattering majority. His ability and integrity in office, together with native energy, made him the logical nominee of the party to succeed himself, and in 1902 he was nominated by acclamation.

He was married Christmas day, 1900, to Mrs. Almada K. Humphrey, daughter of Dr. Willis P. King.

He is an enthusiastic Elk, and holds membership in several other secret organizations.



Photo by Strauss.

I. J. RINGOLSKY,

lawyer, was born September 24, 1864, in Leavenworth, Kas., son of Joseph and Rachael Ringolsky. He was graduated from the Leavenworth High School in 1882 and from the Ann Arbor Law School in 1884. Two years later he was graduated from the department of political science in the University of Michigan.

In 1884 Mr. Ringolsky came to Kansas City, where he has since achieved prominence at the bar.

He is a Mason, an Elk, a K. of P., and a member of the Phi Delta Phi College Fraternity.

He is a Democrat in politics, but has never sought political preferment.

Mr. Ringolsky was married December 18, 1889, to Miss Josie Loewen, daughter of David Loewen, of St. Louis. Mrs. Ringolsky died October 24, 1896, after having been an invalid for five years. She left one son, Sidney I., now eight years old.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES CHADWICK RIEGER, the well known lawyer, was born September 30, 1855, in Beaufort, North Carolina. His parents moved to Kansas City in 1871. In the Kansas City High School and the University of Michigan Mr. Rieger derived his education. He began the study of law in the office of Brumback & Traber, and was admitted to the bar in 1876.

For several years he was attorney for the Bank of Commerce and for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company.

From 1891 to 1894 he was Mayor of Westport, having been elected to that place of honor during his absence in Florida and without his knowledge. As Mayor of Westport, he was instrumental in engineering a great part of the public improvements of that aristocratic suburb.

Mr. Rieger was married August 27, 1876, to Miss Lillian A. Nierly. They have four children.

Both Mr. Rieger and his wife are of German extraction.



Photo by Strauss.

BOWMAN D. RANSON

was born in Kansas City August 18, 1874, and with the exception of a year, has lived his whole life here. His father, Joseph C. Ranson, came here in 1845, and his mother in 1844, and played important parts in the upbuilding of the community.

The subject of this sketch attended the public and high schools, and then entered the Wentworth Military College in Lexington, Missouri. After completing his course there, Mr. Ranson entered the office of Probate Judge Guinotte, then in the old court-house at Second and Main streets, and remained there for a couple of years.

He then went down into Texas, and for a year was engaged in the insurance business in Denison, but soon tired of Texas, and returned to Kansas City. He worked as a clerk for awhile, embarked in the brokerage business, and in 1899 was offered a position in the office of County Clerk Crittenden, where he stayed until 1900.

In that year he was the moving spirit in the formation of a company to buy out the Faultless Laundry, and operate it on a large scale. Mr. Ranson is vice-president and general manager.

He married Miss Blanche Edgcomb October 23, 1901.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES J. SWOFFORD

was born in Franklin County, Illinois, August 25, 1852. His boyhood days were spent on a farm, and what education he received was in the district schools and in the public schools of Benton, Ill., where the family moved from the country. His father died when the boy was only eight years old, leaving a wife and four children. The young John went to work in a dry goods store when thirteen, and has been engaged in that business ever since. At the age of twenty-three, having saved up what money he could, he and his brother, B. S. Swofford, went into business for themselves in Shawneetown, Ill., \$1,600 being the amount of their capital. Ten years they remained there, and then they came to Kansas City. In 1897 the Swofford Bros. Dry Goods Company was incorporated, and to-day the capitalization is for \$1,000,000.

Mr. Swofford was appointed a member of the Park Board in April, 1901, is chairman of the Finance Committee to erect a home for the Manufacturers' Association, and was chairman of the committee that secured the Democratic National Convention. He is a director in the Commercial Club, belongs to the Evanston Golf Club, is a director in the Bank of Commerce, and is also a Mason, a Knight Templar, and a Shriner.

He married Miss Fay R. Powell in Shawneetown October 2, 1877. They have three children, Ralph P., Helen, and J. J. Jr.



Photo by Strauss.

ROBERT T. SWOFFORD

was born in Benton, Illinois, August 2, 1860. He lived in his native place until he was thirteen years of age, and gained an education in the public schools of the town. He took a clerical situation in a commercial establishment soon after leaving school, where he remained until he removed to Shawneetown, Ill.

There he was also employed by a mercantile firm, and gained the experience which fitted him for better things. Tiring of the East, Mr. Swofford came to Kansas City in 1887, and entered into the employ of the old W. B. Grimes Dry Goods Co., with which he remained until 1891, when the Swofford Bros Dry Goods Company was incorporated with him as its vice-president.

The company's first place of business was at 707, 709, 711 Wyandotte Street. In 1900 the business was removed to the block facing Eighth Street between Broadway and May Streets, its present location.

Mr. Swofford, among other organizations, belongs to the Masons, is a Shriner, and holds membership in the Commercial Club.

He married Miss Bertrees in Illinois in 1886, and they have two children, a boy and a girl.



GEORGE MADISON SHELLEY

was born in Calloway County, Kentucky, in 1850. His parents removed to Keokuk, Ia., shortly after his birth, and it was there he spent his boyhood. After going through the schools of Keokuk he attended a business college in Chicago, and then entered Princeton.

After leaving the university, Mr. Shelley spent two years in foreign travel, visiting China, Japan, Central America, the West Indies, and toher places.

He came to Kansas City in 1870, and after a short experience with the grocery business, changed his faith to wholesale dry goods. He went into the wholesale dry goods business in 1870, and has been so engaged ever since.

Mr. Shelley is a Democrat, and has always taken an active and leading part in politics. During his residence here in Kansas City he has been nominated for Mayor five times. In 1878 he was elected Mayor, and then re-elected. He has served three terms as Police Commissioner, having been successively appointed by Crittenden, Marmaduke, and Stone, and was postmaster of Kansas City during Cleveland's first term. In 1901 he was elected president of the Upper House and Board of Public Works, which position he now holds.

Mr. Shelley was married in 1872, and has one son, James.

*Photo by Thomson.*

FRANK PAYNE SEBREE

was born in Fayette, Missouri, October 25, 1854. His education was received first at Central College in Fayette, then at Pritchett College in Glasgow, Mo., and then he entered the law department of the Missouri State University. After being graduated and duly admitted to the bar he located in Marshall, where he practiced law until 1889, when he came to Kansas City for a permanent residence. The year prior to his removal to Kansas City he was elected to the Legislature from Saline County, and during his term served with conspicuous ability as chairman of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Sebree is a life-long Democrat, and has always taken an active interest in politics. He served as chairman of the County Committee in the campaign of 1898. In 1902 Mr. Sebree was appointed Police Commissioner by Governor Dockery, and in August resigned that position to accept the more important place of chairman of the Election Board. Mr. Sebree has also served as County Counselor, in fact, resigned that well-salaried office to accept the appointment of Police Commissioner, which pays practically nothing.

In 1883 Mr. Sebree married Miss Russie Boyd, daughter of Colonel Sam Boyd, of Marshall. They have one son, Sam, born in 1887.

*Photo by Strauss.***HENRY P. STEWART**

was born in Hartford, Connecticut, September 25, 1858. He received his education at the public schools and the Christian Brothers' College. He came to Kansas City at the age of nineteen, and his first commercial venture was in the coal and wood business on the levee. He remained in it for five years, but at the end of that time engaged exclusively in the sand business, in which he had become interested some years before. A pioneer in the industry, he brought new ideas into vogue, so that pontoon bridges gave way to the more modern plan of bucket dredges, invented by the late Robert Gilham, and the bucket dredges to steam dredges and centrifugal pumps.

In 1897 he formed a partnership with Frank Peck under the name of the Stewart-Peck Sand Company, and they now own their own cars, switch properties, steamboats, and dredges, and yards.

Mr. Stewart has always been a Democrat and active politically. He was elected to the Council from the Seventh Ward in 1888, and in 1890 resigned to make the race for Marshall. He was elected, and his record was such as to secure his re-election in 1892.

Since 1892 he has devoted himself to his business, and it was only at the solicitation of friends that he accepted the office of Police Commissioner in August, 1902.

He married Miss Minnie Duke in 1880 and is the father of five children, three boys and two girls

*Photo by Thomson.***B. HOWARD SMITH**

was born near Vienna, Scott County, Ohio, February 5, 1848. The family removed in 1861 to Seymour, Ind., and four years later again, locating on a farm in Hamilton County, Ohio, near Cincinnati. Mr. Smith received a common school education in the schools of the three towns mentioned. He removed later to Miami, O., where he was married to Miss Mary E. Stellie. In 1873 Mr. Smith left Miami for Indianapolis, Ind., where he went into the baking business three years later. After fourteen years' residence in Indianapolis, he came West, starting a cracker and sweet goods factory in Springfield, Mo. The factory was the most complete of any among the interior cities of the State, but burned down a trifle over a year after it was started with complete loss. Mr. Smith then came to Kansas City. He went into the baking business at Ninth and Oak Streets, where he remained five years. His growing business necessitated more room after that time, so he was compelled to seek larger quarters. He removed to 911 East Twelfth Street. There he remained for five years more, when lack of space again caused him to find a new location. His business was moved 306-08-10 East Sixteenth, where it has since been. The bakery is much the largest in the city, and is continuously growing.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith had five children, Walter L., Earl H., Lillian M., Harry E., and Rice B.



Photo by Thomson.

EDWARD FLETCHER SWINNEY, president of the First National Bank, was born near Lynchburg, Pennsylvania, August 1, 1857. He received his education in the public schools and in the State school at Blacksburg. In 1875 he came to Missouri, accepting a position as cashier of a bank at Fayette. In 1882 he accepted a similar position in Colorado City, Tex., and in January, 1887 came to Kansas City to be cashier of the First National Bank. He was elected its president in 1890, and has made a brilliant reputation for himself in the financial world. He is a member of the Chicago & Alton Railroad directorate, a director of the Fidelity Trust Company and of the Missouri Savings Association, and is a member of the executive council of the American Bankers' Association.

Something that speaks volumes for Mr. Swinney is that he has served as treasurer of the Kansas City School Board since 1894, having just been re-elected for another term. He is also serving his third term as director and treasurer of the Commercial Club, a longer time than any man has ever retained the position before.

Mr. Swinney is an enthusiastic sportsman and a crack wing-shot. He is also a member of the Country Club.

In 1892 he married Miss Ida Lee, of Old Franklin, Howard County, Mo.



Photo by Strauss.

CHESTER ALLYN SNIDER

was born August 9, 1860, on a farm in Platte County, Missouri. His father was a Government contractor, and took his family with him from Missouri to Colorado and then to Montana, and back again to Missouri, locating in Kansas City in 1870. The boy Chester went to the public school and to the Central High School, and then entered Bethany College in West Virginia. Returning home, he embarked in the cattle business, helping to form the firm of Evans, Snider, Buell, in which he was for many years vice-president and manager of the Kansas City office. He is now treasurer of the company, and is also a director in the Fidelity Trust Company and in the Bolen-Darnall Coal Company. He is rapidly closing up his business affairs, it being his intention to spend some time in foreign travel.

Mr. Snider belongs to the Commercial Club, the Kansas City Club, and the University Club.

He was married to Miss Lillian Hyatt in 1882, and they had one daughter. Mrs. Snider died in 1883, and in 1888 he married Miss Olive Oglesby.

Few men have played a more prominent part in the upbuilding of Kansas City than Mr. Snider, for he has been an active figure in all public movements.



Photo by Thomson.

EDWARD LUCKY SCARRITT,

eldest son of the late Dr. Nathan Scarritt, was born August 30, 1853, near his present residence in Kansas City. As a boy, he went to the Kansas City public schools and to Pritchett Institute, Glasgow, Mo. For a year, he was a student in the Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar at Kansas City in September, 1873. Two years later he began the practice of law at Glasgow, Mo., as junior member of the firm of Caples & Scarritt, and in January, 1878 opened an office in Kansas City. In 1882 he formed a partnership with his brother, William C. Scarritt, Elliott H. Jones and Colonel J. K. Griffith being added to the firm later.

He was made City Counselor in 1885, and in 1892, when only thirty-eight years old, was elected to the circuit bench.

Judge Scarritt is one of the wealthiest and most erudite of the members of the Missouri bar.

Together with his father, he founded the Scarritt Bible and Training School, one of the city's chief institutions. He was one of the founders also of the Kansas City Law School.

Judge Scarritt was married to Miss Margaret Morris, daughter of Dr. Joel T. Morris, a pioneer physician of Westport. A daughter, Berenice, is the wife of W. E. Royster.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM CHICK SCARRITT

was born March 31, 1861, in Kansas City, Missouri, his being a pioneer family. He went to the public schools of the town, for it was not then a city, and then entered Central College at Fayette, Mo., from which he was graduated in 1881. He decided upon law as a profession, and accordingly enrolled as a student in Boston University, and took his degree there in 1883. He also studied law for a while in the office of his brother, Judge Edward L. Scarritt, with whom he was afterwards associated in the practice of his profession. He is now a member of the law firm of Scarritt, Griffith & Jones.

Mr. Scarritt has always been interested in public matters, and in 1897 was appointed a member of the Board of Police Commissioners by Governor Stephens, but resigned before the expiration of his term. He is a member of the Commercial Club, the local Bar Association, and also belongs to the Evanston Golf Club.

He was married to Miss Francis Davis, of Hannibal, Mo., in 1884, and they have five children, William H., Frances M., Arthur Davis, Dorothy Anne, and Virginia.



Photo by Strauss.

SETH SWIFT SERAT

was born in the town of Dunkirk, New York, November 14, 1863. His parents removed to Elmira, N. Y., during his youth, and there he grew to manhood. His education was received in the public and high schools of Elmira, and the finishing touch was provided by a course in Cornell University.

In 1882 he returned to Elmira and engaged in the coal business, in which he has continuously been ever since.

Mr. Serat left Elmira in 1888 and came to Kansas City, where he established himself in the wholesale coal business, and has been a prominent figure in the commercial, social, and club life of the town.

He is now president of the Star Coal Company, which owns and operates mines near Lexington, Mo.

Mr. Serat is a member of the Kansas City Club, the University Club, the Kansas City Driving Club, and also belongs to the Psi Ipsilon Fraternity.

He married Miss Marion Hall, of Lockport, N. Y., in 1901.



Photo by Strauss.

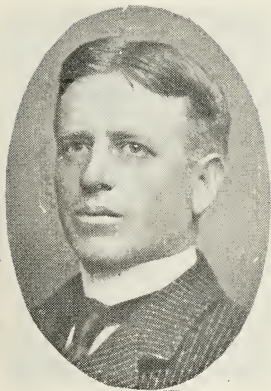
EDWARD HOLCOMB STILES,

lawyer and legal author, was born October 8, 1836, in Granby, Connecticut, of an Anglo-Saxon ancestry that has been traced back to the time of the Conquest.

Before the war Judge Stiles, a young man just beginning his career, located at Ottumwa, Ia. He was twenty years old when he landed there by stage in 1856. The following year he was admitted to the bar, and formed a partnership with his preceptor, Colonel S. W. Summers, of Ottumwa. In 1864 he was elected to the Iowa Legislature and the following year to the State Senate, resigning his seat there to accept the position of reporter of decisions of the Iowa Supreme Court. In 1883 Mr. Stiles was the Republican candidate for Congress in his district. As a law-writer and compiler, Mr. Stiles has an established reputation.

In 1886 Mr. Stiles moved to Kansas City, and in 1892 was appointed Master in Chancery of the United States Circuit Court for the Western District of Missouri, a position he still holds.

Mr. Stiles was married September 19, 1861, to Miss Emma M. Vernon, of Chester County, Pennsylvania. Six children were born to them, four of whom are living.



BAYLIS STEELE

was born December 4, 1862, in Henry County, Missouri. He was reared on a farm, and received his education in the district schools and afterwards in the High School at Sedalia, where his parents moved. He traveled for a book and stationery house after leaving school, but came to Kansas City in 1884, and engaged in the real estate business, in which he has ever since been continuously engaged.

Mr. Steele was elected to the Upper House in the spring election of 1902, and is making a splendid official record.

He is a member of the Kansas City Club, and an Elk.

Few men have more right to be proud of their ancestry than Mr. Steele. His great grandmother was George Washington's sister, and his great grandfather, William Baylis, was a captain in the Revolutionary war, and was on General Washington's staff at Yorktown when Cornwallis surrendered



LUTHER CLAY SLAVENS

was born August 13, 1836, in Putnam County, Indiana. His parents were Hiram B. and Sarah Holland Slavens, of Scotch-Irish descent. Mr. Slavens' boyhood was spent upon a farm in Putnam County. He was educated at De Pauw University, Greencastle, Ind., from which he was graduated in 1858, completing both the law and classical courses. January 8, 1861, he married Miss Sallie Boggs Shelby and began the practice of law in Covington, Ind., moving thence to Kansas City in 1865, where he has ever since remained.

As City Counselor and member of the Board of Public Works, he served the city with great efficiency, one of the most distinguished services being in connection with the transfer of the waterworks system from private to municipal ownership. He is one of the ablest members of an able bar unswerving in his devotion to principle.

The exacting demands of a busy professional career have not engrossed Mr. Slavens' attention to the exclusion of matters of public and political moment. In 1880 he was a delegate to the National Republican Convention which nominated Garfield, and he has actively identified himself with the political movements of more recent years.

Mr. and Mrs. Slavens have three daughters, Lulu, Mattie, and Dade, all married.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN BESTER STONE,

one of the city's best-known men, was born December 5, 1842, in Marion, Alabama. When but nineteen years old he enlisted in the Fourth Alabama Infantry, and was in some of the fiercest engagements of the civil war, having been wounded four times. At the close of the war Mr. Stone settled at Selma, Ala., and was elected City Clerk and Tax Collector. In 1878 he went to Dallas, Tex., and engaged in the real estate business. There he erected a Government building and gave the United States the free use of it for ten years.

For several years he was engaged in mining at Leadville, Colo.

In 1885 he came to Kansas City and invested largely in acre property on Prospect Avenue. It was through his efforts chiefly that the Prospect Avenue and Brooklyn Avenue car lines were established.

In 1894 he was elected Presiding Judge of the County Court. During his term he was put forward by his friends as a candidate for the Governorship.

Judge Stone was married June 18, 1881, at Boulder, Colo., to Miss Mary M. Kester. They have one daughter, Calla G. Stone.



Photo by Strauss.

WALTER SANFORD

was born January 21, 1873, in Chicago, Illinois. He attended the public schools there, and upon coming to Kansas City in 1888 entered the Central High School. He fairly earned his education, for during his vacations and even through the school year he held positions, and ranked as a wage-earner early in life. He was with the Midland National Bank for a while, and then with the old Northeast line, but after completing his school course he went back to the bank. After some time, however, he accepted a position with the Great Western Type Foundry, where he remained for three years. Having accumulated a small printing office by this time, he started in the publishing business for himself. A bright weekly, *The Passing Show*, was the first output, and then *Poster Lore*, but he decided to take a course in the Kansas University, and so quietly and sadly extinguished the two publications. Entered in the University, he started the *Lotus*, which had a brilliant career, and it was this success that decided Mr. Sanford upon journalism as a profession. Quitting Kansas University in 1893, he accepted a position with the *Star*, where he remained until offered the position of assistant manager of the *Orpheum* in 1901. In 1902 he was offered the management of the new *Willis Wood*, where he now is.

Mr. Sanford was married to Miss Nellie Crandall October 30, 1901.



JAMES FRANKLIN SPALDING

was born at Ypsilanti, Michigan, July 28, 1835. When he was six years old his parents moved to Ann Arbor, where he was reared. In 1860 he was graduated from the University of Michigan, and three years later received the degree of A.M. After graduation he taught one year in the Union High School of Ann Arbor, and then three years in Bryant & Stratton's Detroit Business College.

Professor Spalding came to Kansas City in 1865, and on October 25 of that year he and his father, E. H. Spalding founded Spalding's Commercial College, now one of the largest institutions of the kind in the West.

Professor Spalding is the author of several works on book-keeping, and is recognized as one of the most thorough and painstaking instructors in the country.

*Photo by Strauss.*

FRANK CARR SPALDING

was born in Kansas City, Missouri, November 2, 1869, and has lived his whole life here in the place of his birth. His early education was received in the ward schools, after which he attended the Central High School, and from there entered the University of Michigan.

Returning to Kansas City, he identified himself with Spalding's Commercial College, conducted by his father, where he has ever since remained. Commencing at the bottom, he taught in all the various commercial departments, and is now assistant superintendent, and is in charge of the office. He is also manager of the printing and publishing establishment operated in connection with the college.

Mr. Spalding married Miss Clara Salisbury October 19, 1895.

He belongs to the Knights of Pythias and the Modern Woodmen, having served as Venerable Consul in the latter organization for three years. He is also secretary of the Kansas City Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, being the great-great-grandson of Oliver Spalding, who fought with Washington, and was a delegate to the National Convention in New York in 1900.



Photo by Strauss.

THOMAS JEFFERSON SEEHORN was born April 19, 1863, in Fall Creek Illinois. He spent his boyhood on the farm, attending the district schools in winter, and finished his academic education at Chaddock College, Quincy, Ill.

He then accepted a position as teacher in the college, then being but twenty-two years old. For two years he studied law, and after his admittance to the bar, first practiced in Quincy.

He came to Kansas City in 1887, and allied himself with the late Blake Woodson, the partnership continuing until 1897.

In 1892 Mr. Seehorn was elected Public Administrator, and re-elected in 1896. His record stands as a marvel of honesty and efficiency.

He has always been an active worker in the Democratic ranks, and has at various times served as secretary of the County and City Committees.

He is an Elk and a Knight of Pythias.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM THOMAS STARK

was born in Independence, Missouri September 18, 1857. The family removed to this city while Mr. Stark was a boy, and he became a student at the local public schools. He afterwards attended the Jesuit's school at St. Mary's Kansas. After leaving there he took a course in medicine at the Kansas City Medical School with a post-graduate course in the medical department of Washington University, St. Louis. Mr. Stark engaged in the practice of medicine in this city in 1879, since which time he has been continuously engaged at his profession.

He had been identified with the State Militia before the outbreak of the Spanish American war, and at the time of the war helped raise the Fifth Regiment of Missouri Volunteers, afterwards being elected one of its majors.

He is a member of the State Dental Association, and is also president of the Odontographic Association, a local organization. He is besides an associate member of the Association of Military Surgeons, and was connected with the experiments the United States Government made in 1896 and the following years with the Krag-Jorgensen and the Mauser service rifles.

Mr. Stark married Miss Alice Vincil, daughter of the Rev. John D. Vincil, of St. Louis, in 1886, and has one child, a boy, John Vincil Stark.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES RAY SAMUEL

was born March 21, 1861, in Jefferson City, Missouri. He spent his boyhood in Calloway County, however, attending the district school, and in 1880 entered Chaddock College at Quincy, Ill., where he remained for a couple of years.

After coming out of college, he entered the mercantile business. In 1889, he was appointed to the position of chief clerk in the street department of the City Hall, where his efficiency was such as to earn his retention until 1895. In that year he was offered a deputy ship in the County Clerk's office and accepted it, which place he still holds.

Mr. Samuel has attended to business in the County Clerk's office with such fidelity and with so much courtesy to the public, that he has become one of the most popular officials at the Court House. He will in all probability be the next County Clerk of Jackson County.

Mr. Samuel married Miss May Small, daughter of Dr. Andrew V. Small, surgeon in the Confederate army, in Sedalia in 1902.



Photo by Strauss.

BENJAMIN STRAUSS

was born January 27, 1871, in Cleveland, Ohio. He spent his boyhood there, attending the public and high schools, and after securing his education went to work in the photographic studio of his brother, J. C. Strauss, in St. Louis.

He began to learn the photographic art at the bottom, performing the humblest duties at first, but finally rose to the position of understudy to his famous brother.

In 1900 he decided to launch in business for himself, and coming to Kansas City bought a share in the business of George Curtiss. A year later he bought Mr. Curtiss out, and is now sole owner.

He has come to be in Kansas City what his brother has been for thirty years in St. Louis, and by example and with the spur of competition has done much to establish a higher standard of photographic art in Kansas City.

At the recent convention of the Missouri photographers' Association in Pertle Springs, Mr. Strauss was given the highest award for portraiture.

He is an Elk and also belongs to the Knights of Pythias.



GUSTAV SCHOETTLE

was born in Stuttgart, Germany, March 2, 1873. He remained in his native land until he had reached the age of twenty years, when he came to this country, and after living in various Eastern cities for a short time came to Kansas City. His education was secured at the gymnasiums of Stuttgart, and after a thorough classical training in those schools took up the study of music, for which he had shown a passionate love and great talent since infancy. He studied at the conservatory of Stuttgart for ten years, about half of the course being devoted to the study of harmonics and composition, with a most thorough drill in instrumental work.

Mr. Schoettl came to this city in 1893, but did not take up a permanent residence here until two years later, the time intervening being given up to concert tours. He has met with considerable success in that short time having placed himself in the front rank of local musicians. He was selected as accompanist of the Orotorio Society at its organization in 1896, and has been retained in the position since. He is also conductor of the Schubert Club, a male chorus of thirty-five voices, which he organized in 1899. The club has won two prizes under his direction.

Mr. Schoettl was married in 1898 to Miss May Stearns, the well-known elocutionist. They have one child, a boy.



CLARENCE I. SPELLMAN

was born in Jacksonville, Illinois, February 25, 1874, and lived there until the removal of his parents to Kansas City in 1886. His father was a Yankee, and his mother a Tennessean, and to use his own happy phrasing he combines "the warmth and aggressiveness of the South, with the conservatism of the North." Mr. Spellman was a pupil at the Woodland school, and from there went to the Central high school. He was graduated from the latter institution in 1893, and then entered the University of Kansas. He first took the classical course, and then switched to the law department, taking his degree in 1897. He came to Kansas City, and after some further preparation, was admitted to the bar in 1898.

Mr. Spellman is generally regarded as one of the best of the younger lawyers, and has made himself a well-known figure by his activity in Republican politics. In every campaign he has taken the stump, and is an attractive and forceful public speaker. Until recently he has been alone in the practice of law, but is now officing with Mr. Edward Wright Taylor. He is unmarried, and lives with his mother.



Photo by Thomson.

SAM B. STROTHER

was born June 16, 1871, and was reared near Lee's Summit. He attended the schools there and the Kansas City High School, afterwards going to the Missouri State University, from which he was graduated in 1893 in the law department. When he finished school, Congressman W. S. Cowherd was Mayor of Kansas City, and Mr. Strother became his private secretary in place of James Black, who entered the law firm of Pratt, Dana & Black at that time. At the close of Mayor Cowherd's term of office, Mr. Strother went into the law office of Teasdale, Ingraham & Cowherd, where he remained until his present firm was formed.

Mr. Strother was married to Miss Maud Davenport at Lee's Summit. They have one child, Isabelle, two years old.

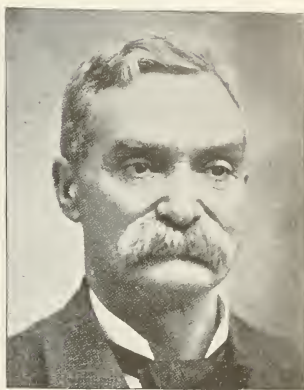


Photo by Thomson.

JOHN M. SURFACE

was born on a farm in Indiana in 1847, he resided there until the advent of the civil war, when at the age of 16 he enlisted in the 7th Indiana Regiment and served until hostilities ceased. He took part in many notable engagements, among them being the Battle of the Wilderness, at which he was severely wounded, and Appomattox, where Lee surrendered to Grant. Mr. Surface located in Eastern Jackson county in 1878 and practiced medicine there until 20 years ago. He has since engaged in the drug business, having stores at 18th and Lydia ave. and 19th and Grand ave. Mr. Surface became the Republican candidate for Judge of the Western District in 1900 and was elected by over 3500 majority. As a judge of the County Court he has always stood for the interests of the taxpayers he represents. His defeat for re-election was due to the Democratic landslide.



Photo by Thomson.

CHARLES J. SCHMELTZER

was born in Hartford, Connecticut, July 23, 1856. His parents removed to Leavenworth, Kas., in 1857, however, where his father started the pioneer sporting goods house of the West.

After going through the public schools, Charles went into his father's store, and has been connected with the business ever since. In 1887 the house was moved to Kansas City, where it has grown to be the largest of its kind in the world. Mr. Schmeltzer is president and treasurer of the company.

As a public man, Mr. Schmeltzer's career is worthy of emulation. He has served as director, second vice-president, first vice-president, and president of the Commercial Club, and in these capacities launched many movements of moment. He has been a director in the Provident Association since 1887, and was one of the directors of the Carnival Krewe. During his term as president of the Krewe, the first great flower parade was given. He was appointed a member of the Park Board in 1901, and has given largely of his time and thought to the work. He is a director in the Union National Bank, and a member of the Kansas City Athletic Club, the Driving Club, the Waterloo Hunting and Fishing Club, the Minnezoura Angling Club, and the Evanston Golf Club.

He married Miss Alice Ide, daughter of Judge H. W. Ide, of Leavenworth, January 12, 1887, and they have a son, Harvey, born in 1891, and a daughter, Alice, born in 1900.

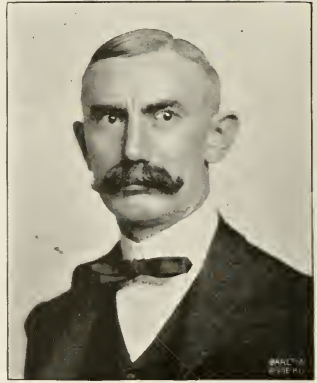


Photo by Strauss.

HERMAN F. SCHMELTZER

was born in Leavenworth, Kansas, in January 22, 1866. His life, until he attained his majority was spent in that town, then a great commercial center, and where his father had established a sporting goods business in 1857. It was the pioneer venture of its kind in the West.

The boy Herman went to the public schools in Leavenworth, and then entered a local business college, where he prepared himself for entering his father's store, and assuming a share in its management.

In 1886 the business was removed to Kansas City, where it thrived on competition to such an extent that the Schmeltzer Arms Company is now the greatest exclusive sporting goods house in the whole world, and a standing advertisement for Kansas City.

Mr. Schmeltzer is vice-president and secretary of the company. His business interests have never prevented him from taking an active part in all public movements.

He is a prominent member of the Commercial Club, and is also a member of the Knife and Fork Club, and the Kansas City Athletic Club.

It was in 1892 that he married Miss Emma Stubinger, of Leavenworth



Photo by Strauss.

HENRY C. SOLOMON

was born in Georgia in 1857, but spent this boyhood in Kansas, his parents having removed to that State when he was still an infant.

After completing courses in the public and high schools, he attended college at Milwaukee, Wis., where he took a thorough four years' course. He then entered Washington University at St. Louis, and was graduated from the law and literary department in 1877.

He was admitted to the bar in Missouri but first swung his shingle to the breeze in Atchison, Kas.

Carrying his Democracy with him from Georgia, Mr. Solomon flew his colors boldly in Republican Kansas, and served terms as City Attorney of Atchison and then Prosecuting Attorney.

In 1894 he was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of that District, and came within a few votes of overcoming the large Republican majority.

Mr. Solomon came to Kansas City in 1898, and became a member of the law firm of Wollman, Solomon & Cooper



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN SULLIVAN,

lawyer, Woodman, and Democrat, was born February 10, 1864, at Louisville, Kas. His father, who was of Irish birth, was a prominent farmer and stock-raiser in Central Kansas, removing to that State from Connecticut in 1857. His mother, a native of Wisconsin, was of German parentage. His education was obtained in the common schools of Potawatomie County, Kansas, and later at the State University at Lawrence, where he graduated in law in June, 1887. He is a member of the alumni of the Kansas State University.

In 1887 Mr. Sullivan came to Kansas City to practice law, and he has occupied the same office for fourteen years, ten years of that period having been associated with Thomas M. Spofford. Mr. Sullivan has always taken a great interest in politics, having campaigned the State several times, but he has never been a candidate for any political office. He was appointed as a representative of the United States Treasury Department in the construction of the Kansas City Federal building, and he is proud of the distinction of having been the first man to be removed on the day following the election of William McKinley in 1896. His offense in the eyes of the Cleveland administration was too great activity in campaigning in behalf of William Jennings Bryan.

*Photo by Strauss.***JOHN HENRY SMITH**

was born in the town of Hayworth, McLean County, Illinois. He grew to manhood, however, in Nevada, Ia., where his parents removed when he was still a mere child.

The subject of this sketch received his education in the public and high schools of Nevada, and after completing his education he went into the offices of his father, who was engaged in the abstract business. That was in 1885, and in 1889 Mr. Smith came to Kansas City.

He accepted employment with the abstract firm of A. O. L. Schueler, where he worked for ten years. In 1889, in company with his brother Charles E. Smith, he bought the controlling interest in the Union Abstract Company, at that time a concern of comparatively small importance.

Energy and ability, however, has so built up the business that its present capitalization is for \$75,000. Mr. Smith is vice-president of the company.

He is unmarried.

*Photo by Thomson.***WILLIAM EDMUND SULLIVAN**

was born in St. Louis, Missouri, May 14, 1869. His parents removed to Kansas City when he was still a child in arms, so that he is a born and bred Kansas Cityan to all intents and purposes.

He attended the public schools of this city, and after attending the high school entered the Notre Dame University, from which institution he was graduated in 1887.

Upon his return to Kansas City he was appointed to a deputyship in the City Clerk's office. Such was his efficiency that he retained his political position from 1883 to 1896, watching Mayors come and go.

In 1896 he formed the Globe Storage and Transfer Company, of which he is the president and general manager.

So greatly has the firm prospered under his management that it has been found necessary to erect a large brick building at the corner of Seventeenth and Main Streets.



Photo by Strauss.

ROBERT S. STONE

was born in Independence, Missouri, August 12, 1857. His father was the village blacksmith, and the young Stone's boyhood was passed going to school and assisting at odd hours in the heavy duties of the shop. When, at the age of fourteen, his father's health failed and hewasforced to cease work, the maintenance of the family fell on the boy's young shoulders. They moved out on a farm and for ten years they lived there, moving back to Independence in 1881.

Mr. Stone started a grocery store, which he ran for some time, finally giving it up in order to accept the tender of a deputyship from Sheriff W. S. Sitlington. He remained in the office for some years, having received a reappointment by the succeeding Sheriff, John P. O'Neill.

In 1896 he was placed in nomination and elected to the office of Sheriff by the Democratic party, and led his ticket. Two years later he was again nominated and elected, his majority being added to. After leaving the office in 1900 he engaged in the real estate business for two years, and was nominated and elected County Collector in 1902.

Mr. Stone is affiliated with the Knight Templar, the Elks, the Modern Woodmen, the A. O. U. W., the Knights of Pythias, and holds membership with the Scottish Rite Masons and the Shriners.

He married Miss Mary Cooper, of Lee's Summit, Mo., June 11, 1879.



WILL T. STRICKLETTE

was born January 22, 1867, in Vanceburg, Kentucky, where he spent his boyhood. After attending the public and high schools of his native town, Mr. Stricklette entered the college at Augusta, where he took the classical course.

In 1886 he removed to Burlingame, Kas., where he lived for two years, coming to Kansas City in 1888, and living here ever since. From the time of his arrival until 1894, Mr. Stricklette worked in the various large dry goods houses of Kansas City, but in 1894 decided upon the newspaper business as better fitted to his tastes and temperments. His first work was on the advertising staff of the *Kansas City Times*, and there he remained until 1898, when, in company with Frank Markward, he launched the *Kansas City Manufacturer*. In 1901 the business was incorporated under the name of the Manufacturing Publishing Company, of which he is president.

Mr. Stricklette's work has always been in the advertising department, and his energy and popularity have been potent factors in the paper's phenomenal success. He has also been a moving force in the Manufacturers' Association and other public movements.



Photo by Thomson.

EDWARD STINE,

the well-known undertaker and early resident of Kansas City, was born in Jonestown Pennsylvania, January 2, 1833. Between the ages of six and sixteen he lived on a farm, and acquired a common school education in the district school. He was apprenticed, when sixteen years old, to a cabinet-maker at Harrisburg, Pa. After serving four years, he accumulated his first capital, and was married October 2, 1856, to Emma L. Coleman.

In March, 1858, Mr. Stine came to Kansas City. For thirty-three years he was with Henning & Co., furniture dealers. He began business for himself in December, 1861, doing cabinet-work and undertaking. In 1878 his son William F. Stine, was admitted as a partner under the name of E. Stine & Son. For the last twelve years they have been located at 408 East Ninth Street.



Photo by Strauss.

CHARLES N. SEIDLITZ

was born February 10, 1860, in Port Gibson, Mississippi, but his boyhood was spent in Keokuk, Ia., where his parents removed when he was five years old. After going through the public and high schools of Keokuk he sailed for Europe, and continued his studies in Berlin. He later entered the great mining school at Clausthal, and studied mining engineering. For five years he remained abroad, studying in Germany, and spending his vacations in touring the other European countries, and then returned to Keokuk in 1880. He at once left for Colorado, where he engaged in mining for three years, at the end of which time he came to Kansas City, where he has ever since lived. He was for some time connected with the National Bank of Commerce as a teller, then with the First National in a similar capacity, and from there went into the City Treasurer's office as chief deputy. He was also appointed City Treasurer to fill out an unexpired term. From 1892 to 1896, under the Cleveland administration, Mr. Seidlitz filled the position of Assistant Postmaster, and at the expiration of his term he went into the insurance business. He has held several important positions, but is now with the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York as manager for Northwestern Missouri and Eastern Kansas.

Mr. Seidlitz married Miss Cora Riggs, of Covington, Ky., in 1884, and they have one boy.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN G. SCHAICH, JR.,

was born in Fort Wayne, Indiana, May 23, 1874. His parents removed to Kansas when he was but five years old, however, and it was in that State that he grew to manhood. His education was not very extensive, for he had to work for his living, but what he lacked in opportunity he made up in ambition. He attended the public schools in Lawrence, Kas., and worked as a messenger boy.

He also worked on a farm, but always he kept the idea of an education and a profession before him. In 1895 he had saved up enough to enter a law office in Kansas City, Kas., where he studied early and late for two years, and at the end of that time passed a splendid examination, and was admitted to the bar.

He crossed the river and identified himself with the late John W. Beebe, and remained with him until that celebrated lawyer's death in 1899.

He is now senior member of the law firm of Schaich & Fairman.

Mr. Schaich is a member of the local Bar Association, and also belongs to the Modern Woodmen.

He married Miss Smallwood, of Kansas City, Kas., in 1895.



Photo by Strauss.

FRANK J. SHINNICK

was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 13, 1859. He went to the public schools, and received a good elementary education, but at the age of fifteen circumstances compelled him to earn his own living.

He commenced to learn the brick-making trade, and completed his apprenticeship in St. Louis. He came to Kansas City in 1878, and by exercise of energy and ability soon quit the plying of his trade and went into the contracting and manufacturing business, in which he has ever since been engaged. Since 1894 he has been senior member of the firm of Shinnick & Massman, which does one of the largest contracting and brick manufacturing businesses in the West.

Mr. Shinnick is now serving a term as president of the Master Builders' Exchange, and is a member of the Manufacturers' Association. He has served as a member of the Upper House, and might have gone farther had he chosen to give more time to politics.

Mr. Shinnick married Miss Anna Buske in 1886, and they have three children, one boy and two girls.

*Photo by Strauss.*

JAMES CARROLL SWIFT

was born February 7, 1869, in Litchfield County, Connecticut. His early boyhood was spent on a farm, but his parents later removed to the town of Binghamton, N. Y. He attended the public and high schools, and then, deciding upon law as profession, entered the law department of Cornell University.

He came to Kansas City in 1893, and for two years was identified with various law firms. In 1895 he commenced the practice of law alone. It was in 1899 that the Chicago Live Stock Commission Company, for which he had long been attorney, made him a flattering offer for his sole services, which he accepted.

Mr. Swift is now vice-president and assistant general manager of the company, and also occupies a similar position with the Lee Live Stock Company of Chicago and St. Louis.

The only society to which Mr. Swift belongs is the Knights of Columbus.

He was married in October, 1898, to Miss Laura Laing. They have one child, J. C., Jr., born in 1901.

*Photo by Thomson.*

JOHN W. SPEAS

was born on a farm in Jackson County October 18, 1862. His parents removed to Kansas City in 1872, and Mr. Speas, despite his age, is therefore something of a pioneer. He went to the local schools, and at an early age began to earn his own living, and at the same time advance the interests of Kansas City.

Few men have been more indefatigable in working for the good of the town than Mr. Speas. Every public movement has enlisted his best efforts—Commercial Club, Priests of Pallas, Convention Hall in everything he has spared neither time nor trouble. One of the first to realize the importance of a great public building, Mr. Speas is now serving his third term as a director of Convention Hall, and also served as a member of the Building Committee in that trying time of reconstruction.

He is also a director in the Priests of Pallas, and is now and has been for some time vice-chairman of the Commercial Club's Entertainment Committee, in addition to being a director in the Club.

Mr. Speas is an Elk, a Mason and a Shriner, and is president of the Monarch Vinegar Company, besides representing other interests.

He is married, and is the father of a boy.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM MARSHALL SLOAN

was born in Keokuk, Iowa, January 29, 1859. His parents, however, soon removed to Woodford County, Kentucky, where he received his early education in the public schools. After a course in Chickering Institute in Cincinnati he returned to the farm in Woodford County, but deciding upon law as a profession entered the Cincinnati Law School. He did not complete the prescribed course, however, but journeyed to Santa Fé, N. M., where he gained admission to the office of the Attorney-General, and there it was he finished his legal studies, and gained admission to the bar.

Mr. Sloan came to Kansas City in 1885, a time when the town was in the throes of its great "boom." Quitting the law, he entered the real estate business, and has continued in it ever since.

Always a strong Republican and an active party worker, Mr. Sloan soon began to play a prominent part in local politics. Mayor Webster Davis appointed him Commissioner of Streets, and his record in office was so good that the Republicans nominated him for County Marshal in 1894. He was elected fairly, but the famous election frauds of 1894 kept him out of office. In 1901, upon the death of W. A. Kelly, Mr. Sloan was elected to the Upper House.

He is a married man, having wedded Miss Lulu Waldo, of Independence, in 1885. They have four children, two boys and two girls.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM P. TRICKETT

was born in this city January 9, 1873. He passed all his life here with the exception of three years, and acquired his education in the public schools of this city. Immediately after leaving school he went into railroad work out of town for various roads in the South, and returned here in the employ of the Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Memphis Railroad. After he had worked there for a time, he went with the Kansas City Transportation Bureau in 1892, being its chief clerk. He has remained with the Bureau since. In April, 1897, he was made secretary of the Bureau, and in the following July was made commissioner. Probably no other person in the city was situated so well as he to gain intimate knowledge of railroad affairs of the city. This knowledge Mr. Trickett gathered together and published as a "Railroad History of Kansas City," which is recognized as the standard authentic story of the railroad and commercial development of the town. Aside from this, his position at the head of the Bureau has given him opportunity to become a considerable factor in forwarding the interests of the city and that he has done so is testified to by the esteem in which he is held by the business men of the town generally.

Mr. Trickett is an active member of the Commercial Club and is affiliated with the Elks.

He was married June 26, 1895, to Miss Lillian May Miller. They have one child.



Photo by Strauss.

BRUNO L. SULZBACHER

was born in Las Végas, New Mexico. His father, Judge Louis Sulzbacher, was then a prominent lawyer of the Territory, and is now Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Porto Rico. Mr. Sulzbacher was forced to content himself with instruction at a Presbyterian mission school there, though this was supplemented by a classical course at the Jesuit College in Las Végas. He went to Philadelphia, where he entered Swarthmore College and later Rugby Academy, from which he graduated. His family had moved to Kansas City during his collegiate life, so Mr. Sulzbacher took up residence here on graduating. He took a preparatory medical course in the Kansas State University and at the University Medical College in this city. He graduated in 1894, receiving second prize in the class. Mr. Sulzbacher went to Europe, and for two years studied in the great universities at Berlin, Goettingen, and Vienna. He returned to Kansas City in 1898, and has practiced here since.

Dr. Sulzbacher has occupied chairs in the University Medical College, in the Womens' Medical College, and is a lecturer at Agnew Hospital. He belongs to the New Mexico Territorial Medical Society, the American Medical Association, and a number of other kindred societies. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, a Shriner, and an Elk. He also has membership in the Kansas City Athletic and Kansas City Driving Clubs.



Photo by Thomson.

LOUIS W. SHOUSE

has practically been an inmate of Kansas City all his life. He was born here in 1867, attended the local public schools, and then entered William Jewell College at Liberty, quitting that institution with an M.A. degree tucked under his arm. He worked for a while in the bank of H. S. Mills, then served for two years with the National Bank of Kansas City, after which he set sail for Old Mexico, where he engaged in the arduous pastimes of coffee and sugar planting. While in that country he also filled the position of U. S. Vice-Consul at Vera Cruz, and might have gone higher in the consular service had he chosen to remain in it.

In 1896 he returned to Kansas City, and accepted a position with the *Times* where his brilliant pen advanced him steadily. In 1900 he resigned to accept the assistant managership of the Orpheum. So finely did he perform his duties that upon the death of John Loomas in 1901 he was unanimously chosen secretary and manager of Convention Hall.

Mr. Shouse is a Phi Gamma Delta and a Mason.

He married Miss Nora Petty, of Liberty, in 1887, and has two children.



WILLIAM B. TEASDALE

was born in Potosi, Missouri, September 12, 1856. His education was secured at the public schools in Potosi, and afterwards he attended the St. Louis University, from which institution he was graduated. He took up the study of law, and obtained a degree from the St. Louis Law School in 1887. He returned to Potosi after being admitted to the bar, and practiced there for two years, coming to this town in 1879. Two years later, William H. Wallace, then Prosecuting Attorney, made him Assistant Prosecutor, and he served throughout Mr. Wallace's terms of office. Mr. Teasdale is a Democrat, yet when he was made the nominee of his party for Justice of the Peace in a stronghold of Republicanism, because of his work as Assistant Prosecutor he was elected by a flattering majority.

He was elected to the State Senate in 1888, and served throughout his term as a member of the Judiciary Committee.

In 1889 Mr. Teasdale, R. J. Ingraham and William S. Cowherd formed a law partnership under the firm name of Teasdale, Ingraham & Cowherd, which continued for ten years.

In March, 1901, a fifth division was added to the Jackson County Circuit Court, and Mr. Teasdale, who was almost the unanimous choice of the Bar Association, was appointed to the bench. He was nominated for the place by the Democratic party in 1902.

Mr. Teasdale was married to Miss Lydia Guinotte in 1883.

*Photo by Strauss.*

FREDERICK E. TURNER.

was born in London, England, April 1, 1866, but as he came to this country when only six years old he is practically an American product. His boyhood was spent in Chicago, where he attended the public and parochial schools, after which he went to work for his father, who was engaged in the elevator business.

The elder Turner came to Kansas City in 1887, and formed the Kansas City Elevator and Construction Company of which his son became secretary. He was also elevator inspector during 1888 and 1889.

In 1902, upon the death of his father, Mr. Turner became president and manager of the company, now one of the largest of local institutions.

Mr. Turner is a member of the Manufacturers' Association, and was one of the organizers of the Kansas City Athletic Club, a thirty-second degree Mason, he is Illustrious Potentate of Ararat Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., and had charge of the convention of the Shrine temples of North America and Honolulu, which met in Kansas City in 1901. He was also representative to the Imperial Council in 1902.

Mr. Turner was graduated from the Kansas City School of Law in 1897, and has been admitted to the bar, and is a member of the Bar Association, but devotes himself to the elevator business.

He is unmarried, and lives with his widowed mother.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM B. THAYER

was born in Louisville, Kentucky, September 11, 1852, but spent his boyhood in Danville, where he went to the public schools, and later took the academic course at Centre College.

In 1871 he came to Kansas City, landing here with fifty cents in his pocket, but a heart full of courage. He immediately secured a position in the office of Bullene, Moore & Emery, and from the very start made himself indispensable. The business increased, and there were changes in the firm, but Mr. Thayer's ability and fidelity retained him in his position as general office man, and in 1884 earned him admission to the firm. On November 1, 1895, the style of the firm was changed from Bullene, Moore Emery & Co. to Emery, Bird, Thayer Dry Goods Company, and the store is now the greatest in the West.

Mr. Thayer has always been an active public man, despite his business cares, and has served as second and first vice-president of the Commercial Club, and as its president during 1901-02. He is also a Convention Hall Director and its treasurer, this during the rebuilding of the great edifice.

Mr. Thayer is a thirty-second degree Mason, Scottish Rite, and is president of the Kansas City Club.

He married Miss Sally Casey, daughter of Hon. James B. Casey, of Covington, Ky., November 23, 1880, and they have one son, W. B., Jr., aged 21.



Photo by Thomson.

FRANK J. TAGGART

was born in Detroit, Michigan, but spent his boyhood in the town of Jonesville, Mich. After leaving school at an age when more favored youths begin to think of college, he began clerking in a dry goods store.

From Jacksonville he progressed to Hudson, then to Jackson, then to Adrian, each time getting something better. He finally turned his face to the East, traveling out of New York for three years, and then in 1890 he came out West, locating in Omaha as manager for the Nebraska Clothing Company.

In 1893 he came to Kansas City to take charge of the local store as manager and partner, and soon made the Nebraska famous the world over by his clever advertisements. In 1902 Mr. Taggart sold out his interest in the Nebraska, rather than return to Omaha, and bought out R. H. Williams and Emory Street, the wholesale and retail grocers.

From the time of his coming here Mr. Taggart has played an important part in the public life of Kansas City. He served as a member of the Convention Hall directorate, was the originator and director-general of the first flower show, and is prominently identified with every public movement.

Mr. Taggart was married in August, 1901, to Miss Jennie Murphy, of Pineville, Ky.

*Photo by Strauss.***EDWARD WRIGHT TAYLOR**

was born in St. Cloud, Minnesota, June 4, 1863. After attendance in the public schools in St. Cloud, his parents sent him to a Catholic seminary at Three Rivers, Canada, where he remained during the years of 1877 and 1878.

In the latter part of 1878 he went to Germany, entering the gymnasium at Stuttgart, where he stayed until 1881. He then studied at Leipsic, Goettingen, and Berlin, taking the degree of J.U.D. at Leipsic in 1894. He then spent a year at the University of Paris, and returned to this country in 1885.

He was admitted to the bar in St. Cloud in 1885, but did not remain there for any length of time, coming to Kansas City in 1886. He was first in the office of Warner, Dean, Gibson & McLeod, but later formed a partnership with I. P. Ryland. He is now, however, practicing alone.

An active Democrat, he has ever taken an interest in political affairs, and despite his youth has been prominently mentioned in connection with the high office of Circuit Judge.

*Photo by Strauss.***JOHN HAMILTON THACHER**

was born in Kansas City October 12, 1872. His early education was derived from the Kansas City public schools, and he was graduated from Princeton in 1895. For two years he studied law in the office of Karnes, Holmes & Krauthoff, and was admitted to the bar in 1897. Two years later he took the M.A. degree at Harvard for law work, and in 1899 formed a partnership with J. J. Vineyard.

Mr. Thacher has devoted some attention to literature as well as to law. In 1898 he was correspondent for the *Washington Post* in Cuba, and wrote several magazine articles about the Spanish-American war there.

Mr. Thacher is vice-president of the University Club and secretary of the Country Club.



Photo by Strauss.

DUDLEY THOMAS

was born on a farm in Carroll County, Missouri, September 12, 1867. He worked in the fields in summer, and in winter attended the district school.

In 1890 he left the farm and moved into Carrollton. Engaging in the loan and real estate business, he scored a success from the very first. In 1890 he closed up his affairs in Carrollton, and, coming to Kansas City, accepted appointment with a prominent life insurance company.

His energy and address made his record something to be proud of. He is the only life insurance agent in the history of the town to write two \$100,000 policies.

It was not long until Mr. Thomas was offered the general agency of the John Hancock Life Insurance Company at this point, and, accepting the place, he proceeded to run their business up from almost nothing to a decidedly large amount.

Finally deciding to work for himself rather than for others, he resigned his position in the summer of 1902 and formed the Security Trust Company, of which he is the president.



Photo by Strauss.

A. S. VAN VALKENBURGH

Assistant United States Attorney for the Western District of Missouri, was born August 22, 1862, at Syracuse, New York. When he was seven years old his parents moved to Illinois for four years and then to Michigan, where Mr. Van Valkenburgh was graduated from the State University in 1884 with the degree of B.A.

Mr. Van Valkenburgh came to Kansas City October 25, 1885, and studied law in the office of Dobson & Douglass. He was admitted to the bar in 1888, and soon afterward formed a law partnership with D. J. Haff. He continued in the firm of Haff & Van Valkenburgh until June, 1898, when he was appointed to the place of Assistant in the United States Attorney's office.

Mr. Van Valkenburgh is a leading member of the Bar Association, a charter member of the University Club, and an active Republican.

He was married to Miss Grace Ingold, of Kansas City, noted as a singer, September 25, 1889.



WALTER VROOMAN

was born at Macon, Missouri, January 8, 1869, one of the six sons of Judge H. P. Vrooman. When Walter was five years of age the family moved to Topeka Kas., where he attended the public schools. At thirteen he ran away from home and travelled extensively over the Western States, keeping up his studies, however, so that he entered Harvard University in 1888.

In 1895 he married Mary L. Grafflin, of Baltimore, Md., and came to settle in Missouri.

In 1898 he went to England, remaining there two years, and founding Ruskin Hall in Oxford.

He returned to Missouri, selected Trenton as the point to establish Ruskin College, the American counterpart of the English institution; and in Trenton organized the first stores of the Western Coöperative Association.

1902 saw the headquarters of the movement in Kansas City, whence the branches were organized in the various States. In 1902, also, he presented and expounded his Purposive Philosophy, an application of the thought-power of the past to the conditions of the present, and the evolution of the race. In a series of free lectures in Athenæum Hall he explained the social standpoint, a new system of ethics, whereby the determination of right and wrong is dependent on the promotion or hindrance of the attainment of the Hierarchy of Life for this planet.



JESSE J. VINEYARD

was born in Platte County, Missouri, March 13, 1870. His early days were spent in Weston, Mo., and in 1883 his parents removed to Kansas City, where the subject of this sketch has ever since resided.

He attended the public and high schools of Kansas City, and after completing his courses entered Washington and Lee University in Lexington, Va., from which institution he was graduated in 1891.

Upon his return to Kansas City he taught in the Central High School, occupying the chair of mathematics, and in his leisure hours studied law. He finally gave up teaching, and entered the law offices of Warner, Dean, Gibson & McLeod.

He was admitted to practice, and became senior member of the firm of Vineyard & Thacher, but in 1902 the firm of Rozzelle, Vineyard & Thacher was formed.



FRANK P. WALSH

was born in St. Louis, Missouri, July 20, 1864, and came to Kansas City to reside upon attaining his majority.

He left school at the age of ten years, beginning the struggle for existence as a telegraph messenger boy in his native city. He educated himself as a stenographer, and was an expert in that line when admitted to the bar in 1889.

His study of law, by the way, was carried on in the office of Gardiner Lathrop and as a lawyer he sprang at once into prominence, and now ranks at the very head of the Missouri bar. He is an attractive and forcible public speaker.

Mr. Walsh was married in 1891 to Miss Katherine O'Flaherty, of Kansas City. They have five children, Katherine Marie, Sarah Louise, Cecelia, Frank P., Jr., and John Frederick.

Mr. Walsh is a member of the Commercial Club, and has always been active in every movement for the advancement of municipal interests.



JOHN W. WOFFORD,

Judge of the Criminal Court of Jackson County, was born August 14, 1837, in the State of Georgia. He served in the House and Senate of Georgia, and was presidential elector in 1876. He fought in the Confederate army from the beginning to the end of the war. He was appointed Judge of the Jackson County Criminal Court in July, 1892, by Governor Francis, and was elected to that position in November, 1892, and re-elected in 1898.

Judge Wofford is one of the unique figures in Kansas City. He is like no one else. A just and inflexible judge, strict in his construction and enforcement of the law, feared and respected by attorneys, he is yet as tender-hearted as a child in his treatment of criminals. He has inaugurated a system of paroling convicted criminals, which puts them on their honor, releasing them during good behavior, which has done more to reform them than all the prisons in Christendom could do.

Some of the most celebrated murder cases in the history of Missouri have been tried by Judge Wofford.

So just and careful are his rulings that it is seldom, indeed, the Supreme Court has found occasion to reverse them.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM H. WALLACE

was born in Clark County, Kentucky, October 11, 1848. His parents were farmers, and it was on their place Mr. Wallace was born. The family removed to a farm near Lee's Summit, Mo., and Mr. Wallace attended the district schools. After his schooling in his home county, Mr. Wallace went to Westminster College in Fulton, Mo., where he took the classical course. He graduated from the college in 1871 with the title of A.B. affixed to his name, and soon after took up school-teaching as an occupation in Jackson County. He afterwards went into the newspaper business, working on the *Sentinel* at Independence, Mo., and as correspondent for the *Kansas City Times*.

He studied law in the office of former Attorney-General John A. Hockaday at Fulton, Mo., and was admitted to the bar in 1873. He practiced the profession in Independence for five years after being admitted to the bar, then came to this city to continue it.

He was elected Prosecuting Attorney of this county in 1880 and was re-elected at the expiration of his first term.

He gained national fame through his fearless prosecution of the James boys, and at all times during the strenuous period carried his life in his hands.

Mr. Wallace is a Mason and a member of the Knights of Pythias.

He was married in 1887 to Miss Elizabeth Chiles, daughter of Mr. C. C. Chiles, of Independence. They have two children, W. H., Jr., aged fourteen, and May, aged twelve.



Photo by Strauss.

THEODORICK BOULWARE WALLACE

was born in Jackson County, Missouri April 16, 1860, the son of the Rev. J. W. Wallace, a Presbyterian minister. He spent his boyhood days on a farm, and received his early education in the district schools, later entering Westminster College, Fulton, Mo. He was graduated from there in 1880, and deciding upon law as a profession enrolled himself as a student in the St. Louis Law School, receiving his degree in 1883. He taught school for a while in the St. Louis University, and then went to Madison, Wis., to take a place as digester in a legal publishing house.

Mr. Wallace came to Kansas City in 1886, where he has ever since practiced his profession. He is a member of the firm of Wallace, Wallace & Culbertson.

In 1896 he was appointed receiver of the Missouri National Bank, a very complete failure. Within five years his energy and ability brought order out of chaos, and where nothing was expected at the outset, dollar for dollar was paid back.

Mr. Wallace belongs to no clubs or orders, but is a member of the Beta Thi Pi and Phi Delta Thi Fraternities.

He was married in 1893 to Miss Myra Gates, of Independence, and they have two children, John and Helen.



Photo by Strauss.

WILLIAM STONE WOODS, president of the National Bank of Commerce, and one of the wealthiest financiers of Missouri, was born November 1, 1840, in Columbia, Missouri.

After a common school education, the young man entered the Missouri State University, and was graduated in 1861. He at once became a student at the St. Louis Medical College, and after completing a course located as a physician in Middle Grove, Mo. He practiced medicine until 1867, when he located at Paris, Mo., and entered upon a mercantile business. Two years later he went to Rocheport, Mo., and established the Rocheport Savings Bank. From that time on is but the record of the constant ascent of one of the most powerful financiers of the State.

Dr. Woods came to Kansas City in 1880, and became a member of the wholesale dry goods firm of Grimes, Woods, La Force & Co.

A controlling interest in the Kansas City Savings Association was purchased by Dr. Woods, which he reorganized into the bank of which he is now the head. With a capital of \$1,000,000 and stock worth \$350 a share, it is the second largest financial concern west of the Mississippi.

Dr. Woods was married July 10, 1866, to Miss Albina M. McBride. They have one daughter, Julia.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLIAM HARVEY WINANTS

was born October 16, 1845, in Penn Yan New York. When thirteen years old his parents moved to Cincinnati, where he received his education. At the outbreak of the war in 1861 he entered the Second Ohio, and served throughout the war.

In 1865 he came to Kansas City and engaged in the mercantile business, but sold out in 1867, and entered the employ of the old First National Bank as a clerk. He has been continuously engaged in the banking business ever since. In 1878 he had risen to the position of assistant cashier, and when the Armour Bros. Banking Company was organized he went to it as teller. When it changed to the Midland National he became cashier and afterwards vice-president. In 1897 he became vice-president of the National Bank of Commerce, which position he now holds.

Few men give more time and energy to public movements than Mr. Winants. He has been treasurer of the Board of Trade for seventeen years, president of the Kansas City Clearing-house for nine years, director and treasurer of Convention Hall, and vice-president of the Priests of Pallas Association.



Photo by Strauss.

JAMES CLARENCE WILLIAMS

was born February 12, 1867, in Ray Couty, Missouri, and spent his boyhood days on a farm. He went to school in the winter and worked the rest of the time.

After eight years spent in Richmond, Mo., he came to Kansas City in 1888, and started in to prepare himself for admission to the bar, having commenced the study of law some time before. He was admitted to practice in 1889, and for a while was connected with the office of Young & Lewis, the junior member of the firm, Alfred Henry Lewis, having since attained fame as an author and polished political writer.

Mr. Williams' specialty is commercial and corporation law.

He is chairman of the board of trustees for the Church of This World, and is a leading thinker along economical and religious lines.

He is a Democrat, and stands high in the councils of his party, but has never asked for office.

He is a Mason, Elk, Knight of Pythias, and a Woodman.



I. N. WATSON

was born in Clark County, Missouri September 24, 1857. His boyhood was spent there on a farm, and he attended Craddock College at Quincy, Ill. Subsequently he took a two years' course at the Kirksville, Mo., Normal School, from which he was graduated in 1881. He went to a law school in Keokuk, Ia., and was admitted to the bar there in 1883. Mr. Watson then went to Emporia, Kas., as a stenographer, and became court reporter for Judge Graves.

In September, 1885, Mr. Watson came to Kansas City, and two years later formed a partnership with the late John W. Beebe, which was dissolved in 1898.

He was married January 1, 1885, to Miss Frances B. Etheridge in Clark County, Missouri. They have two children.



SAMUEL JACKSON WHITTEMORE

was born October 29, 1865, in the beautiful Shenandoah Valley of Virginia. He received his early education in the public schools of Martinsburg, W. V., and later took an academic course. After graduation he taught school for three years, but came to see that the West was the place for the young man. He left the Virginias in 1886, and located in Lincoln, Neb., accepting a position with the leading hotel of that city, and has been in the hotel business ever since.

From Lincoln he went out to Los Angeles, Cal., to accept a similar but more lucrative position. In 1896 the Midland Hotel, of this city, made him an attractive offer, and he came here to accept it. He was prominently identified with the Midland for six years making largely for its success by reason of his widespread popularity.

In 1902 he resigned his position at the Midland, and became one of the vice-presidents and general managers of the Baltimore Hotel Company, the place he now fills. He has been largely instrumental in elevating the Baltimore to its high rank as the peer of any hotel in the country.

In 1884, in Jackson, Mich., Mr. Whittemore was married to Miss Evelyn Madden.



Photo by Strauss.

JOHN LEE WHEELER

was born at Parkville, Missouri, October 8, 1862, and his boyhood was spent in Platte and Jackson Counties. He attended the Kansas City public schools, a boarding school at Platte City, and then Central College at Fayette.

Judge Wheeler came to Kansas City in 1884, and went into the law office of D. B. Holmes. He was admitted to the bar in 1886, and began the practice of his profession alone.

He was Police Judge from 1890 to 1892.

Judge Wheeler is a Mason, a Forester, and a Woodman, and is one of the leading Democrats of the city.

He was married to Miss Anna M. Henson, of Emporia, Kas., January 1, 1899.



HUGH CAMPBELL WARD

was born March 10, 1864, at Westport, Missouri, and has resided here all his life. He has attained prominence in both law and politics.

A graduate of Harvard University, he started in life with the best advantages.

Mr. Ward was a member of the Legislature in 1893, and was Police Commissioner from 1898 to 1902.

He was appointed receiver of the Mastin estate in 1894 by the United States Circuit Court, and was also receiver of the Metropolitan National Bank from 1897 to 1899, managing these large interests in a most satisfactory manner.

Mr. Ward was married to Miss Vassie James October 26, 1898, and has two sons, Hugh C. Ward, Jr., and James Crawford Ward, four and two years old. Mrs. Ward was graduated from Vassar in the class of 1879.

*Photo by Strauss.*

JOHN DAVID WENDORF

was born in Jefferson County, Kansas, September 27, 1864. His boyhood was spent upon the farm, where he laid the foundation for the physical and intellectual vigor that place him easily in a class with the best of the younger lawyers of Kansas City.

Mr. Wendorf was educated at the State University of Kansas at Lawrence. He left there in 1886, and taught school for three years in Leavenworth County. During the years 1889 and 1890 he attended the law school at Ann Arbor, Mich., and in February, 1891, he came to Kansas City, and entered the law office of McDougal & Robinson. Later he became associated with the firm of McDougal & Seabee, where he now is.

For two years Mr. Wendorf was an Assistant Prosecuting Attorney under Frank M. Lowe.

He is a Mason, and a member of the Bar Association.



Photo by Strauss.

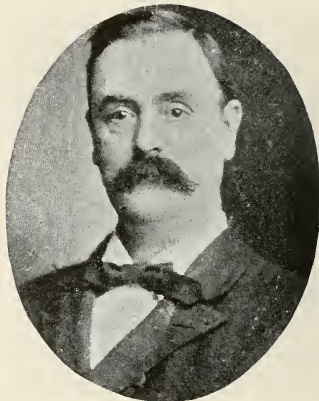
THOMAS ADAMS WITTEN

was born in Beckly, West Virginia, July 4, 1858, but is practically a Missourian as his parents removed to this State when he was eight years of age. His boyhood days were spent in Trenton, and his early education was received in the public schools of that town.

After the public schools, Mr. Witten entered the Grand River College at Edinburgh, Mo., from which institution he was graduated in 1879. After graduation he went back to Guyandotte, W. Va., where he studied law in the office of his uncle, Judge Evermont Ward, and was admitted to the bar in 1881. He first commenced practice in Trenton, but in 1887 came to Kansas City, where he has ever since remained. For some years he was alone, but in 1893 formed the firm of Witten & Hughes, which continued until 1902, the occasion of dissolution being Mr. Hughe's candidacy for office.

Mr. Witten is a member of the local Bar Association, and has always occupied a prominent place in the public life of the city.

He married Miss Carrie Bailey in 1888 in Delavan, Ill., and they had two children, Francis Donald and Hazel C. B. His wife died in 1892, and in October 1901, he married Miss Belle G. Steele, of Marshall, Mo.



GEORGE LOGAN WALLS

was born in Warsaw, Missouri, December 29, 1858. He was educated at the public schools of Warsaw and at the Ohio University. He then took a course in the Cincinnati Law School, and close application to his studies brought on a pulmonary complaint. He went out to California, where he remained for four years, returning to Warsaw with his old-time health and vigor.

He hung out his shingle, and practiced law there in Warsaw until 1888, when he came to Kansas City. He practiced here until 1894, when he was nominated for Justice of the Peace by the Republicans, and triumphantly elected.

Such has been his record that Democrats and Republicans have united to continue him in office ever since.

One of his best deeds has been to straighten out the tough North End element, and bring law and order into that portion of the community where before was chaos.

Mr. Walls has always been a strong Republican, and has been prominently mentioned in connection with the party nomination for Mayor.

He married Miss Annetta Jones, of Kansas City, in 1887, and is the father of two children, Katherine and Hildegrade.



Photo by Strauss.

HARRY HOWARD WATTS

was born May 9, 1871, in Ann Arbor, Michigan, where he remained until he attained his majority. He attended the public schools in Ann Arbor, and was graduated from the Ann Arbor High School, after which he entered the University of Michigan.

He spent a year in the literary department, and a year and a half in the medical department under the tutelage of Dr. Fleming Carrow, who occupies the chair of ophthalmology in the university.

After emerging from the university, he identified himself with a prominent optical firm in Minneapolis, where he remained for four years.

He came to Kansas City in 1896, and was for four years with a local optical firm. In 1900 he started in business for himself, and has done more than well.

Mr. Watts is a Mason, and has also been honored with the members of his profession with an election to the position of vice-president of the Missouri Optical Association.



Photo by Strauss.

MORTON WOLLMAN

was born in Leavenworth, Kansas, January 1, 1863, the son of Jonas Wollman, a pioneer merchant of that ancient town. He went to the public and high schools of Leavenworth, and deciding against a college education entered the employ of his father.

He remained in business in Leavenworth for five years, and then, anticipating the exodus to Kansas City, the Wollmans came to this place in 1888, where the family has ever since played a prominent part in the professional and business life of the town.

Mr. Wollman went into business for himself soon after coming to Kansas City, dealing in wholesale general merchandise, and from a small beginning has built up a large and profitable business.

Mr. Wollman is unmarried, and lives with his parents in a stately old house on the West Side.

He is a member of the Knights of Pythias and is also an Elk and a Mason.

He has ever been a believer in the future of Kansas City, and has denied neither time nor trouble in bringing about the growth and greatness of the town.



Photo by Strauss.

HENRY WOLLMAN

was born in Leavenworth, Kansas, and his early education was received in the public and high schools of that town. He then studied the classics under tutors, and, entering the law department at Ann Arbor, was graduated with high honors. Returning to Leavenworth, he served as First Assistant City Counselor for nearly a year before attaining his majority.

In 1881 he came to Kansas City, and at once took his place in the first rank in his profession. He was appointed U. S. Commissioner, and for a short time acted as Circuit Judge under a temporary election of the bar.

In 1899 Mr. Wollman removed to New York, where he has won fame and fortune, but he still retains a home interest in Kansas City, where his parents still live.

Mr. Wollman not only enjoys repute as a lawyer, but as a writer and lecturer. He has contributed articles on economic questions to all the leading reviews and New York papers, and while in Kansas City lectured before the universities of Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska.

For three years Mr. Wollman was president of the Southwestern Alumni Association of the University of Michigan, and is a prominent member of the Phi Delta Phi Fraternity. He also belongs to the Missouri Club in New York, the American Bar Association, the Lawyers' Club, the Medico-Legal Society, and the Society of Medical Jurisprudence.



Photo by Strauss.

BENJAMIN F. WOLLMAN

was born January 20, 1872, in Leavenworth, Kansas, and lived there until his parents moved to Kansas City in 1888. He went to the public schools of Leavenworth, was graduated from the Central High School, in 1890, and then entered Ann Arbor. He took a classical course, and was graduated from the law department in 1894. He returned to Kansas City, and was junior member of the firm of Wollman & Wollman until the departure of his brother Henry to New York. when the firm of Wollman, Solomon & Cooper was formed in 1899.

Few young men lead busier lives, and have greater and more diversified interests than Mr. Wollman.

He is a Mason, and holds the record for quick work in that organization, having gone from the first to the thirty-second degree in six weeks. He is an officer in the Shrine, an Elk, a trustee in the Progress Club, a member of the Commercial Club, president of the Royal Brewing Company of Weston, Mo., and of the Egbert Tobacco Company, director and general attorney of the Manufacturers' Coal and Coke Co., director of Arkansas, Springfield & Northwestern Railroad, general attorney of Iowa & St. Louis Railroad, the Iowa & Dakota Central, and the Iowa & Missouri Railroad.

Mr. Wollman is unmarried, and makes his home with his parents.



Photo by Strauss.

CASSIMER JOSEPH WELCH

was born in Jackson, Michigan, March 4, 1866. When three years old his family removed to Sedalia, Mo., and after three years of residence there they came to Kansas City.

Mr. Welch had his schooling in the public schools of this city, and after his school-life went to work as a messenger boy. He afterwards became a plumber's apprentice and, after serving the required time, became a journeyman plumber. He worked at the trade for eight years, and through his sympathy with trade-unionism was made secretary of the local plumbers' union. After his term of office there had expired he was elected by the union to represent it in the Industrial Council for a term of two years.

He was appointed desk sergeant-at-arms of the Thirty-ninth General Assembly, and held the place for four years, from 1892 to 1896. He was appointed a Deputy County Marshal by former County Marshal Chiles, serving throughout that officer's term. Soon after leaving this political place, Mr. Welch started a messenger business, in which he is still engaged, being half-owner of the Hurry Messenger Company.

He has always been very active in politics, and has been a life-long Democrat. He is now a member of the Democratic County Committee from his home ward, the ninth.

Mr. Welch's affiliations with secret societies is limited to membership in the Eagles.



EDWARD WINSTANLEY

was born in London, England, April 14, 1849. He went to the public schools of London, but received his later and finishing education at Nutgrove College in Dublin. When only sixteen years old he emigrated to Canada, locating in Montreal, where he remained until 1874.

In the spring of that year he came to Jackson County, where he has ever since resided.

Settling in Independence, Mr. Winstanley was for some time engaged in the mercantile business.

In 1896 he was appointed superintendent of the Court-house, which position he now holds. The court-houses here and at Independence and the jail buildings are all under his care, and to his energy is due their splendid maintenance.

Mr. Winstanley was married in 1879 to Miss Sallie Dunn, of Independence. They have four children, William, Edward, Edith, and Emma.

Mr. Winstanley has always been identified with the Democratic party, and is recognized as one of the most active and ablest workers in Jackson County.

He is an Elk, holding a life membership in that organization.



Photo by Thomson.

WILLARD E. WINNER

was born in Fairfield, Iowa, May 4, 1849. In 1852 his parents moved to Kansas City, Kas., and in 1863 crossed the river into Kansas City, Mo.

Mr. Winner was robbed of an education by early responsibilities, for at the age of eleven he was compelled to seek employment. He worked as a clerk until 1866, when he was given a position in the postoffice, where he remained for eleven years, and working up to the position of assistant postmaster. He resigned in 1877 to open a real estate office, and in 1883 organized the Winner Investment Company, and then commenced to write with virile hand some of the most splendid chapters in the history of Kansas City's growth and greatness. He did a business of millions, turned barren tracts into residence districts, and originated the plan of selling houses on the installment plan. He built the Kansas City, Independence Park Railway, the Vine Street line, and started to build a bridge at the foot of Cherry Street, which should connect his immense properties in Clay County with this city, making that the Brooklyn to Kansas City's New York. The great "boom" burst in 1882. The immensity of Mr. Winner's enterprises made them hard to carry, yet so well were they planned that not until four years later, at the height of the depression, was it found impossible to secure money for their completion.

He is now president of the Industrial Development Company and the Leavenworth Construction Company.



Photo by Thomson.

JAMES B. WELSH,

one of the most successful real estate men of the city, was born March 15, 1852, at Danville, Kentucky, where, in 1872, he was graduated from Centre College. For ten years after graduation, Mr. Welsh was engaged in mercantile business in Danville. In 1882 he moved to Kansas City, and engaged in the wholesale notion and millinery business, but after four years of it he entered the real estate business, which has engaged his attention ever since. Mr. Welsh formed his present partnership with E. R. Crutcher in 1892, and together they have transacted much of the most important real estate business of the city. To their own business they have added by purchase the real estate and rental business of A. A. Whipple in 1897, of Harrison & Jones in 1898, and of Tribble & Pratt in 1899.

Mr. Welsh was married in 1878 to Miss Mary McKee, daughter of Prof. James Lapsley McKee, vice-president of Centre College. They have two sons, McKee and George Winston Welsh.

*Photo by Thomson.*

JOHN W. WAGNER

was born in Hamilton, Ohio, August 18, 1861. His parents came to Kansas City in 1869, so that he was really reared in Kansas City. He went through the public schools, and at the conclusion of his school days embarked in the upholstering trade.

In 1883 Mr. Wagner moved to Central City, Colorado, where he went into the undertaking business, and has ever since followed the profession of undertaker.

In 1887 he returned to Kansas City, and has always played a prominent part in the life of the town. In recognition of Mr. Wagner's popularity and high standing, he was appointed president of the State Board of Embalming by Governor Stephens, and has also served a term as president of the Missouri State Funeral Directors' Association.

He is prominent in Democratic politics, belongs to the Elks, and is president of the German-American Bank, and a director of the German Hospital.

Mr. Wagner was married in 1888 to Miss Ella Doyle, of Cheyenne, Wyo. and they have one daughter, Mildred.

*Photo by Thomson.*

MARSHAL VICTOR WATSON

was born in Delaware County, Ohio, on a farm, but his early boyhood was divided between the towns of Richwood O., and Monticello, Ind., where he went to the public schools.

At the age of fourteen he went into the photographic business, and later embarked in the mercantile business.

He came to Kansas City in 1891, and for a term of the Legislature was journal clerk at Jefferson City, where he earned a wide reputation for speed and efficiency. In 1891 he became secretary of the Kansas City Paper House, where he remained until 1902, when he sold out his interests, and soon after accepted the position of third vice-president of the United States and Mexican Trust Company.

Mr. Watson's career has always been marked by public spirit. He was a director in the Commercial Club, then vice-president and was president in 1896-97, and during his term the Convention Hall idea was given form. He is now chairman of the Transportation Committee of the Club.

From 1898 to 1900 Mr. Watson served as a member of the Board of Public Works, making a fine record. He has also been connected with the Priests of Pallas in an executive capacity, and with every other notable public movement.

He was married in 1891 to Miss Mary E. Hutchinson, of Indianapolis.

Mr. Watson is a thirty-second degree Mason, a Knight Templar, a Shriner, and a member of the Kansas City Club.



Photo by Strauss.

ELISHA WINTER

was born in Brooklyn, New York, October 13, 1849. At an early age he entered journalism in 1884, starting a publication for the New York retail grocers.

Mr. Winter was secretary of the first and second national conventions held by the retail merchants in 1886 and 1887 in Washington, and was the first State Secretary in New York of the National Association. He continued in this capacity until 1891, when he went to Boston and organized the first Food Fair. From that time on his efforts have been to federate merchantdom, to secure harmonious action among all retail merchants, to obtain better laws, improve bankruptcy laws, oppose trading stamps, and all similar devices that violate the code of commercial ethics.

Mr. Winter started the international congress that will meet at the World's Fair in 1904, and has probably organized more associations than any other man.

Mr. Winter was married to Estella Ralph at Brooklyn May 28, 1879, and has one daughter, twenty-one years old.



Photo by Strauss.

SAMUEL SUMNER WINN

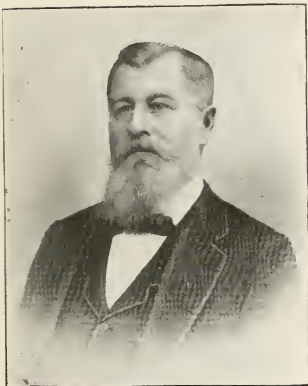
was born in Liberty County, Georgia, July 25, 1858. His father, a Presbyterian minister, moved from Georgia to Illinois early in the career of Mr. Winn in order to escape the evil surroundings of slavery.

At Knox and Lake Forest Academies and at Boston University Mr. Winn acquired his education.

He was admitted to the bar in Chicago in 1877, and began the practice of his profession in Peoria. From Peoria he came to Kansas City in 1881.

As Assistant City Counselor under Slavens and Middlebrook, Mr. Winn made an enviable record for himself gaining a knowledge of municipal law which few possess.

Mr. Winn was married to Miss Helen O'Hara, of Cincinnati.



ROBERT L. YEAGER

was born in Shelby County, Kentucky, August 26, 1843. When he was nine years old his parents moved to Palmyra, Mo., and shortly afterwards both of them died within ten days of each other, leaving the boy to fight his way alone in the world.

He worked his way through St. Paul's College, graduating in 1860, and serving under General Price in the civil war.

It was in April, 1868, that Mr. Yeager came to Kansas City, after studying law at Louisville, Ky., and having been admitted to the bar at Palmyra, Mo.

The young man was elected County Attorney in 1871, Prosecuting Attorney from 1872-76, City Counselor under Mayor Holmes; a member of the School Board twenty-two years and its president twenty-one years.

The firms he formed were Yeager & Campbell, Peak & Yeager, Peak, Yeager & Ball, and Yeager, Strother & Yeager.

He was married in May, 1870, to Miss Leonora Forbis, of Independence, Mo. There are five children living.



FRANK TITUS,

for many years a prominent figure among the lawyers of Kansas City, was born in Philadelphia in 1844. He received a good classical education, and then selected the law as a profession.

His studies were interrupted by the trumpet call, and enlisting as a soldier of the North, he fought for three years in the Army of the Potomac.

Continuing his studies after his return from the battle field and camping ground, he soon qualified for admission to the bar. Soon after his admission, Mr. Titus came out to Missouri, and located in St. Louis, for at that time St. Louis was "the" city of the State.

He soon perceived the error of his ways, and moved to Kansas City, where he has ever since lived, a helpful figure in the public life of the town, and a popular one personally. He belongs to both the local and State Bar Associations, and also to several clubs and public organizations.

He is affiliated with one or two secret societies, and is a married man with a family.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

HENRY S. BURGIN

was born in Lee County, Va., March 31, 1845. When he was eight years old his father moved to Harrison County, Missouri, where the lad attended school. In 1870 the lad was graduated from Grand River College, Edinburg, Mo. For awhile he was interested in short-horn cattle, but soon went to teaching. He established the High School at Ridgeway and Lorraine, Mo., and was Principal of several High Schools.

In 1886 he moved his family to Independence, Mo., for educational advantages, and was offered the Principalship of the Independence High Schools, but that same year he engaged in the real estate business in Kansas City, and has been at it ever since.

Mr. Burgin was married July 2, 1871, at Knoxville, Tenn., to Miss Ettie McCannon, and has three children, all married: the Rev. S. H. C. Burgin, Eliza Burgin, and Willa L. Burgin.

JAMES S. CHASE,

in point of service the oldest, and in his knowledge of court records the most accurate, of the clerks of the Superior Court, was born November 15, 1847, in Starkboro, Vermont. He spent his boyhood days on a farm, attending district school in the winter. His education was completed by a course at the Upper Iowa University at Fayette, from which he was graduated in 1866. He came to Kansas City at once and went into the insurance business. He also taught school for a while in Clay County. Mr. Chase became connected with the Circuit Clerk's office in 1871, being appointed first deputy. He served as Division Clerk under Judges Jenkins, Woodson, Sawyer, Gill, and Henry. When the intricate park condemnation proceedings were begun Mr. Chase was given charge of the park land records, with the title of Condemnation Clerk. He was never known to make an erroneous entry. Mr. Chase often saved the judges themselves from mistakes.

THOMAS F. CALLAHAN

was born in Kansas City, Missouri, April 11, 1868. His father, John P. Callahan, came here in 1845, and was a pioneer merchant and the first secretary of the old Merchants' Exchange.

The subject of this sketch attended the public and high schools, and then studied surveying under the late Robert Gilham and under John Donnelly.

Always an active Democrat and an earnest party worker, he was appointed Superintendent of Streets in 1889, and served two years with great credit.

In 1896 he was nominated for County Surveyor by the Democrats, and elected by a large majority. On the strength of his fine record, Mr. Callahan was renominated in 1900, but the unfortunate split in the party defeated him of election.

During his term as Surveyor he attended the Kansas City School of Law at night, and was graduated in 1898. After quitting the office of Surveyor he formed the law firm of Jameson & Callahan.

Mr. Callahan is a Woodman, and belongs to the Knights of Pythias, the A. O. U. W., and the Hetasophs. He was married to Miss Effie Winram in 1894.

LOUIS F. DAVISON,

junior member of the law firm of Williams & Davison, was born at Grand Rapids, Mich., May 29, 1873. His first schooling was in the public schools of Grand Rapids. In 1886 he went with his parents to St. Louis, where he continued to live until 1899, completing his education in that city.

Soon after arriving in Kansas City he was admitted to the bar, and formed a partnership with J. C. Williams.

Mr. Davison is a Mason and a Woodman. His father is Samuel Davison, a banker at Colorado Springs.

SAMUEL EPPSTEIN

was born at New York City July 6, 1862. At the age of seven he went to Milwaukee, where he was educated. At the Spencian College at Milwaukee he became an accountant. In 1879 he came to Kansas City and worked for a wholesale clothing company, finally becoming its credit and confidential man. Fourteen years ago he started as an accountant, and was county accountant in 1895-96. The law firm of Neal & Eppstein was organized in 1898.

Mr. Eppstein was one of the founders of the Home Coöperative Company, which was started at Kansas City, May 11, 1901, and was the first successful company of its kind in the West. In 1887 Mr. Eppstein was married to Miss Isabel V. Goldsmith at Lexington, Ky.

ROBERT BRINSMADE MIDDLEBROOK

was born at Trumbull, Connecticut, September 3, 1855. He went to school at Brookfield, Connecticut, and was graduated from the Yale law department in 1878. It was in that year that Mr. Middlebrook came to Kansas City and formed the law partnership of Strong & Middlebrook. Strong was elected City Attorney, and the firm then became Hatch & Middlebrook. In 1888 Mr. Middlebrook was appointed Assistant City Attorney and served one term. In April, 1897, he was appointed City Counselor, and served two terms.

Mr. Middlebrook's Republicanism dates far back, his ancestors having allied themselves successively with Federalist, Whig, and Republican parties.

Mr. Middlebrook was married to Miss Louise Rutter at Toledo, Ohio, in 1884. They have five children.

GEORGE A. NEAL,

a leading member of the Kansas City bar, was born December 17, 1856, at Louisville, Kentucky. He was educated at Smithfield College, Ky., and was admitted to the bar in March, 1881. He began practicing law at Osceola, Mo., and after nine years there moved to Kansas City.

In 1894 Mr. Neal was chairman of the committee that prosecuted election frauds. He was a delegate to the National Republican Convention in Chicago in 1888 and to the Minneapolis convention in 1892, serving on the same committee with Senator Depew.

At Osceola in 1889 he was appointed United States District Attorney.

Mr. Neal is a Mason, a member of the A. O. U. W., and a member of the Methodist Church.

He was married in December, 1881, to Miss Lily B. High, of Louisville, Ky. They have three children.

JAMES B. MCGOWAN

was born in Clay County, Missouri, June 8, 1864. He lived on a farm until he was nineteen, attending the district school in winter, and working all the rest of the time.

When nineteen years old he came to Kansas City, and after attending the High School here accepted employment with the Abernathy Furniture Company. He remained there for a year, then went to another clerical position.

In 1888 he was appointed to a position on the police force, and in 1888 was made a deputy in the office of the County Marshal. In 1890 he was made Jury Commissioner, and in that office, as in all other employments, he won success by ability and industry.

After leaving the office of Jury Commissioner, he accepted a position as clerk in the office of his brother, Hugh McGowan, then western agent for the Barber Asphalt Company. When Mr. Hugh McGowan removed to Indianapolis the subject of this sketch succeeded him, and has carried on the work in the same successful manner.

Mr. McGowan is an active Democrat, a member of the County Committee, belongs to the Jackson County Democratic Club, the Kansas City Club, the Elks, and the Knights of Columbus.

He is unmarried.

PERRY A. SCHULL

was born in Cedarville, Ohio, March 16, 1867, and spent his boyhood in that town. His early education was secured in the public and high schools, and he also had the advantage of a classical course in Antioch College.

At the age of eighteen he commenced to work for a living, and his first employment was in a clothing store in Xenia, O.

In 1886 he came to Kansas City, where he has ever since remained. For ten years he was identified with prominent mercantile establishments, and built up a wide acquaintance.

In 1896 the firm of Wolf & Schull was organized, and a tailoring business carried on. In 1898 Mr. Wolf sold out to Arthur Jelley, and the present firm of Schull & Jelley was organized. The business has since been incorporated with a capital stock of \$35,000, all paid in.

In addition to their mercantile business, Mr. Schull and Mr. Jelley are also largely interested in local realty and building, and have prospered amazingly, besides doing much to aid in Kansas City's growth.

Mr. Schull belongs to the Commercial Club, and is an Elk, a Mason, and an Odd Fellow. He is a married man.

CLYDE TAYLOR

was born at Wichita, Kansas, October 11, 1877, where he resided until 1888, when he came with his father's family to Kansas City. At once, on his arrival at the age of eleven years, he began going to the public schools, attending first the Jefferson School and later graduating from the Central High School. In 1900 his education was completed by his graduation from the University of Michigan. The same year of his graduation he returned to Kansas City and entered the law office of Ben T. Hardin. A year later, or in January, 1901, Mr. Taylor formed a partnership with Mr. Hardin.

He is a Republican in politics, and made several speeches in the recent campaign.

INDEX.

A		Page.		Page.
Abernathy, P. T.	6	Cornish, Arthur	24	
Adams, Washington	5	Courtney, C. C.	24	
Allen, Ethelbert F.	5	Crittenden, T. T., Jr.	25	
Allen, H. H.	6	Crutcher, E. R.	19	
Anderson, H. H.	7	Curry, C. S.	23	
Ashley, Henry D.	8	Curtin, E. J.	28	
Atwill, W. W.	8			
Avery, Walter W.	7			
B			D	
Baldwin, C. Marshall	11	Dalton, Rev. W. J.	30	
Beattie, T. J.	16	Darnall, Ora	26	
Behr, John	16	Dart, E. M.	23	
Bell, W. L.	18	Davis, Webster	34	
Benson, W. E.	13	Davison, J. F.	173	
Blood, W. H.	11	Dean, A. J.	35	
Borland, W. P.	10	Dickey, W. S.	31	
Boucher, Francois	11	Foggett, Fred S.	35	
Boyle, L. C.	12	Dominick, J. R.	31	
Bracken, J. B.	13	Donohue, James	23	
Brady, H. C.	15	Douglass, S. C.	30	
Brady, J. E.	15	Downing, J. F.	32	
Brent, Kelly	10	Duff, C. P.	32	
Brown, John A.	11	Dunn, Denton	31	
Brown, W. B. C.	9			
Bruns, Oscar	17	E		
Bruns, Rudolph	17	Ellis, E. C.	37	
Bullene, Fred S.	13	Ellison, E. D.	38	
Burgin, H. S.	172	Ellison, James	29	
Busch, Carl	9	English, George H.	39	
Byers, C. C.	12	Epperson, U. S.	38	
		Eppstein, Samuel	174	
C		Eubank, J. D.	36	
Callahan, Thomas	173	Evans, A. F.	57	
Carkener, Stuart	21			
Carter, C. J.	28	F		
Carter, Rev. William	26	Faxon, F. A.	41	
Chamberlain, S. E.	26	Field, R. H.	44	
Chapman, A. I.	22	Finlay, C. E.	43	
Chapman, Arthur	22	Flahive, Captain Philip	40	
Chase, James	172	Fontron, Joseph P.	42	
Chick, J. S.	27	Foster, J. J.	43	
Chrisman, G. L.	21	Frick, Dr. W. J.	41	
Clarke, W. B.	19	Friedberg, Harry	40	
Cleary, John M.	25	Fulton, S. T.	42	
Clendening, E. M.	20			
Coates, A. C.	29	G		
Coffin, Dr. G. O.	27	Gage, J. C.	46	
Collins, George R.	20	Gallagher, A. E.	51	
Collum, D. P.	29	Garland, H. N.	46	
Cooper, A. L.	25	Gates, E. P.	52	
		Gentry, O. H., Jr.	49	
		Gilday, John P.	49	

Page.

Page.

Godard, Porter..	53
Goffe, W. C..	44
Gossett, A. N..	48
Gossett, M. R..	45
Green, John J..	47
Green, T. J..	47
Greenlee, R. P..	48
Greenman, J. C..	45
Greenwood, J. M..	54
Gregory, R. L..	51
Griffith, J. K..	52
Groff, W. N..	54
Guettel, Henry..	53
Guinotte, J. E..	50
Gunn, F. C..	50

H

Hadley, H. S..	56
Hagerman, Frank..	56
Hall, Dr. C. Lester..	61
Hamilton, A. D. L..	61
Haney, Lee..	70
Hardin, B. T..	64
Harding, John T..	58
Harmon, H. L..	57
Harrison, G. B., Jr..	58
Harzfeld, J. A..	55
Harzfeld, Sigmund..	65
Hayde, W. P..	55
Hayes, E. W..	69
Heitman, N. F..	61
Henley, Harry..	60
Hoffman, Carl..	59
Holden, Hale..	63
Holmes, E. E..	60
Holmes, D. B..	66
Holmes, Walton..	68
Holmes, C. F..	68
Houston, Francis..	59
Howe, F. M..	57
Howell, C. M..	63
Hughes, Roland..	62
Hull, J. W..	62
Huppert, A. E..	65
Huttig, Frederick, Sr..	66
Huttig, William..	67
Huttig, Frederick, Jr..	67
Hughes, Rev. Matt. S..	63

I

Ingraham, R. J..	70
------------------	----

J

Jacques, H. W..	73
Jamison, W. T..	76
Jelley, Arthur..	76
Jenney, Kittredge..	74
Jobes, C. S..	72

Jones, Elliott H..	77
Jones, Garland..	75
Jones, Dr. H. S..	75
Jones, J. Logan..	71
Jones, L. M..	71
Jones, Thomas..	74
Julian, H. S..	73
Jurden, S. W..	72

K

Karnes, J. V. C..	77
Karnes, Lathrop..	82
Kellogg, F. W..	80
Kemper, W. T..	78
Kessler, George..	78
Ketner, James..	82
Kimbrell, I. B..	79
Kirshner, Charles H..	83
Knight, Lucius..	81
Knoche, Dr. J. P..	81
Kuhn, W. F..	79
Kyle, H. G..	80

L

Lach, John E..	91
Ladd, S. B..	84
La Force, Felix..	91
Lake, C. W..	90
Lang, H. F..	86
Langsdaie, Dr. J. M..	87
Lathrop, Gardiner..	84
Laughlin, I. A..	87
Leach, Francis A..	90
Leavel, C. B..	89
Longan, G. B..	88
Lorie, J. L..	83
Lowe, J. M..	88
Lucas, Charles W..	86
Lucas, W. H..	85
Lumpkin, John L..	89
Lyns, W. E..	85

Mc

McClellan, I. S..	94
McClintock, Robert..	96
McCune, H. L..	93
McDougal, H. C..	94
McGowan, James B..	175
McGowan, Hugh..	92
McGovern, E. J..	92
McKecknie, J. W..	93
McKinney, James..	96

M

Madden, P. H..	101
Mann, Homer B..	97
Manning, J. H..	106
Markward, Frank..	105

	Page.
Mathews, George..	100
May, C. C..	104
Mellier, W. G..	95
Meriwether, H. M..	106
Meservey, E. C..	105
Middlebrook, R. B..	174
Michaels, W. C..	95
Millett, G. Van..	101
Miller, George J..	102
Mitchell, S. A..	100
Mitchell, Dr. G. B..	99
Moechel, Jean..	104
Moriarty, E. P..	103
Mott, Dr. J. S..	97
Moore, C. H..	102
Moore, Milton..	98
Moore, S. W..	99
Moore, William..	103
Murray, Reid..	98

N

Neale, George A..	175
New, Alexander..	107
Noland, J. R..	108
Norberg, Dr. G. B..	108
Northrop, S. A..	107

O

O'Flaherty, Daniel..	110
O'Flaherty, V. J..	111
O'Grady, John..	111
Oldham, M. J..	109
O'Malley, Charles..	110
Orear, E. C..	112
Orthwein, C. C..	109
Otto, W. H..	113
Oviatt, F. E..	112

P

Falmer, C. S..	119
Patterson, Dr. J. M..	118
Pearson, A. A..	114
Pendergast, Thomas..	116
Perry, W. C..	115
Phelps, James L..	116
Phillips, Frank..	113
Pontius, W. S..	118
Porterfield, E. E..	114
Powell, W. A..	117
Powell, E. N..	117
Purton, Dr. John..	115

R

Ranson, B. D..	130
Reily, E. M..	123
Renick, Charles..	129
Repp, W. A..	124

Page.

Reed, F. E..	127
Reed, W. T..	127
Richardson, R. E..	122
Ridge, Dr. I. M..	119
Riddle, L. E..	121
Rieger, J. C..	120
Ringolsky, I. J..	129
Roberts, Dr. J. E..	120
Robinson, Elijah..	123
Rosenberger, J. C..	126
Rosenzweig, Grant..	126
Rothschild, L. P..	128
Rothschild, A. P..	128
Rozzelle, F. F..	122
Root, Walter..	124
Rood, J. M..	120
Rule, W. A..	121
Runnels, Dr. M. T..	125
Ryland, I. P..	125

S

Samuel, J. Ray..	141
Sanford, Walter..	138
Scarritt, E. L..	135
Scarritt, W. C..	135
Schaich, J. G. Jr..	149
Schmelzer, C. J..	144
Schmelzer, H. F..	144
Schoettle, Gustav..	142
Schull, Perry..	176
Sebree, Frank P..	132
Seidlitz, Charles N..	148
Seehorn, T. J..	140
Serat, Seth..	136
Shelley, George M..	132
Shinnick, F. J..	149
Shouse, Louis..	152
Slavens, L. C..	137
Sloan, W. M..	151
Smith, B. H..	123
Smith, John H..	146
Snider, C. A..	134
Solomon, H. C..	145
Spalding, F. C..	129
Spalding, J. F..	139
Spellman, Clarence..	142
Speas, John W..	150
Stark, W. T..	140
Steele, Baylis..	137
Stewart, H. P..	133
Stiles, E. H..	136
Stine, Edward..	145
Stone, R. S..	147
Stone, J. B..	138
Strauss, B. J..	141
Strickle, W. T..	147
Strother, Sam B..	143
Swofford, J. J..	131
Swofford, R. T..	131
Swinney, E. F..	124

	Page.		Page.
Swift, J. C.	150	Wallace, W. H.	159
Sullivan, John.	145	Walls, George L.	164
Sullivan, W. E.	146	Walsh, F. P.	158
Surface, John M.	143	Ward, H. C.	163
Sulzbacher, Dr. B. L.	152	Watson, I. N.	161
T		Watson, M. V.	169
Taggart, F. J.	154	Watts, H. H.	165
Taylor, Clyde.	176	Welch, C. J.	167
Taylor, E. W.	155	Welsh, J. B.	168
Teasdale, W. B.	153	Wendorf, John.	163
Thacher, John H.	155	Wheeler, J. L.	162
Thomas, Dudley.	156	Whittemore, S. J.	162
Thayer, W. B.	154	Williams, J. C.	161
Titus, Frank.	171	Winants, W. H.	166
Trickett, W. P.	151	Winn, S. S.	170
Turner, F. E.	153	Winner, W. E.	168
V		Winstanley, Edward.	167
Van Valkenburgh, A. S.	156	Winter, Elisha.	170
Vineyard, J. J.	157	Witten, Thomas.	164
Vrooman, Walter.	157	Woods, W. S.	160
W		Wofford, John W.	158
Wagner, J. W.	169	Wollman, B. F.	166
Wallace, T. B.	159	Wollman, Henry.	166
		Wollman, Morton.	165
		Y	
		Yeager, R. L.	171



